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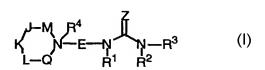
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(54) Title: N-UREIDOALKYL-PIPERIDINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY



(57) Abstract: The present application describes modulators of CCR3 of formula (I), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, useful for the prevention of asthma and other allergic diseases.

TITLE

N-UREIDOALKYL-PIPERIDINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY

5 <u>FIELD OF THE INVENTION</u>

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This invention relates generally to modulators of chemokine receptor activity, pharmaceutical compositions containing the same, and methods of using the same as agents for treatment and prevention of inflammatory diseases such as asthma and allergic diseases, as well as autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15 Chemokines are chemotactic cytokines, of molecular weight 6-15 kDa, that are released by a wide variety of cells to attract and activate, among other cell types, macrophages, T and B lymphocytes, eosinophils, basophils and neutrophils (reviewed in Luster, New Eng. J Med., 338, 436-445 (1998) and Rollins, Blood, 90, 909-928 (1997)). 20 There are two major classes of chemokines, CXC and CC, depending on whether the first two cysteines in the amino acid sequence are separated by a single amino acid (CXC) or are adjacent (CC). The CXC chemokines, such as interleukin-8 (IL-8), neutrophil-activating protein-2 (NAP-25 2) and melanoma growth stimulatory activity protein (MGSA) are chemotactic primarily for neutrophils and T lymphocytes, whereas the CC chemokines, such as RANTES, MIP-1 α , MIP-1 β , the monocyte chemotactic proteins (MCP-1, 30 MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4, and MCP-5) and the eotaxins (-1,-2,-3)and -3) are chemotactic for, among other cell types, macrophages, T lymphocytes, eosinophils, dendritic cells, and basophils. There also exist the chemokines lymphotactin-1, lymphotactin-2 (both C chemokines), and fractalkine (a CXXXC chemokine) that do not fall into 35 either of the major chemokine subfamilies.

The chemokines bind to specific cell-surface receptors belonging to the family of G-protein-coupled seven-

transmembrane-domain proteins (reviewed in Horuk, Trends Pharm. Sci., 15, 159-165 (1994)) which are termed "chemokine receptors." On binding their cognate ligands, chemokine receptors transduce an intracellular signal 5 through the associated trimeric G proteins, resulting in, among other responses, a rapid increase in intracellular calcium concentration, changes in cell shape, increased expression of cellular adhesion molecules, degranulation, and promotion of cell migration. There are at least ten 10 human chemokine receptors that bind or respond to CC chemokines with the following characteristic patterns: CCR-1 (or "CKR-1" or "CC-CKR-1") [MIP-1 α , MCP-3, MCP-4, RANTES] (Ben-Barruch, et al., Cell, 72, 415-425 (1993), Luster, New Eng. J. Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-2A and CCR-2B (or "CKR-2A"/"CKR-2B" or "CC-CKR-2A"/"CC-CKR-2B") [MCP-1, MCP-15 2, MCP-3, MCP-4, MCP-5] (Charo et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 91, 2752-2756 (1994), Luster, New Eng. J. Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-3 (or "CKR-3" or "CC-CKR-3") [eotaxin-1, eotaxin-2, RANTES, MCP-3, MCP-4] (Combadiere, 20 et al., J. Biol. Chem., 270, 16491-16494 (1995), Luster, New Eng. J. Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-4 (or "CKR-4" or "CC-CKR-4") [TARC, MIP- 1α , RANTES, MCP-1] (Power et al., J. Biol. Chem., 270, 19495-19500 (1995), Luster, New Eng. J. Med., 338, 436-445 (1998)); CCR-5 (or "CKR-5" OR "CC-25 CKR-5") [MIP-1 α , RANTES, MIP-1 β] (Sanson, et al., Biochemistry, 35, 3362-3367 (1996)); CCR-6 (or "CKR-6" or "CC-CKR-6") [LARC] (Baba et al., J. Biol. Chem., 272, 14893-14898 (1997)); CCR-7 (or "CKR-7" or "CC-CKR-7") [ELC] (Yoshie et al., J. Leukoc. Biol. 62, 634-644 (1997)); CCR-8 30 (or "CKR-8" or "CC-CKR-8") [I-309, TARC, MIP-1 β] (Napolitano et al., J. Immunol., 157, 2759-2763 (1996), Bernardini et al., Eur. J. Immunol., 28, 582-588 (1998)); and CCR-10 (or "CKR-10" or "CC-CKR-10") [MCP-1, MCP-3] (Bonini et al, DNA and Cell Biol., 16, 1249-1256 (1997)). 35 In addition to the mammalian chemokine receptors, mammalian cytomegaloviruses, herpesviruses and poxviruses

have been shown to express, in infected cells, proteins

with the binding properties of chemokine receptors (reviewed by Wells and Schwartz, Curr. Opin. Biotech., 8, 741-748 (1997)). Human CC chemokines, such as RANTES and MCP-3, can cause rapid mobilization of calcium via these virally encoded receptors. Receptor expression may be permissive for infection by allowing for the subversion of normal immune system surveillance and response to infection. Additionally, human chemokine receptors, such as CXCR4, CCR2, CCR3, CCR5 and CCR8, can act as coreceptors for the infection of mammalian cells by microbes as with, for example, the human immunodeficiency viruses (HIV).

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Chemokine receptors have been implicated as being important mediators of inflammatory, infectious, and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, as well as autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis. example, the chemokine receptor CCR-3 plays a pivotal role in attracting eosinophils to sites of allergic inflammation and in subsequently activating these cells. The chemokine ligands for CCR-3 induce a rapid increase in intracellular calcium concentration, increased expression of cellular adhesion molecules, cellular degranulation, and the promotion of eosinophil migration. Accordingly, agents which modulate chemokine receptors would be useful in such disorders and diseases. In addition, agents which modulate chemokine receptors would also be useful in infectious diseases such as by blocking infection of CCR3 expressing cells by HIV or in preventing the manipulation of immune cellular responses by viruses such as cytomegaloviruses.

A substantial body of art has accumulated over the past several decades with respect to substituted piperidines and pyrrolidines. These compounds have implicated in the treatment of a variety of disorders.

WO 98/25604 describes spiro-substituted azacycles which are useful as modulators of chemokine receptors:

wherein R_1 is C_{1-6} alkyl, optionally substituted with functional groups such as $-NR^6CONHR^7$, wherein R^6 and R^7 may be phenyl further substituted with hydroxy, alkyl, cyano, halo and haloalkyl. Such spiro compounds are not considered part of the present invention.

WO 95/13069 is directed to certain piperidine, pyrrolidine, and hexahydro-1H-azepine compounds of general formula:

$$R_1$$
 $C=0$
 R_5
 $C=0$
 R_5
 $C=0$
 R_5
 $C=0$
 R_5

wherein A may be substituted alkyl or Z-substituted alkyl, with Z=NR_{6a} or O. Compounds of this type are claimed to promote the release of growth hormone in humans and animals.

WO 93/06108 discloses pyrrolobenzoxazine derivatives as 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT) agonists and antagonists:

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wherein A is lower alkylene and R^4 may be phenyl optionally substituted with halogen.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,668,151 discloses Neuropeptide Y (NPY) antagonists comprising 1,4-dihydropyridines with a

piperidinyl or tetrahydropyridinyl-containing moiety attached to the 3-position of the 4-phenyl ring:

$$R^{3}$$
 R^{2}
 $R^{1}O_{2}C$
 R^{5}
 R^{5}

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wherein B may be NH, NR^1 , O, or a bond, and R^7 may be substituted phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl and the like.

These reference compounds are readily distinguished structurally by either the nature of the urea functionality, the attachment chain, or the possible substitution of the present invention. The prior art does not disclose nor suggest the unique combination of structural fragments which embody these novel piperidines and pyrrolidines as having activity toward the chemokine receptors.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, one object of the present invention is to provide novel agonists or antagonists of CCR-3, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a method for treating inflammatory diseases and allergic disorders comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of at least one of the compounds of the present invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug form thereof.

It is another object of the present invention to provide novel N-ureidoalkyl-piperidines for use in therapy.

It is another object of the present invention to provide the use of novel N-ureidoalkyl-piperidines for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of allergic disorders.

These and other objects, which will become apparent during the following detailed description, have been achieved by the inventors' discovery that compounds of formula (I):

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein E, Z, M, J, K, L, Q, R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 are defined below, are effective modulators of chemokine activity.

20 <u>DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS</u>

[1] Thus, in a first embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

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or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

30 M is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} ;

Q is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} ;

J and L are independently selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^6 , CR^6R^6 and CR^5R^6 ;

K is selected from CHR⁵ and CR⁵R⁶;

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Z is selected from O and S;

E is $-(CHR^7)-(CHR^9)_{y}-(CR^{11}R^{12})-;$

- 10 R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;
- 15 Ra, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^c$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c$, $(CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
 - R^b , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

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- R^c , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- alternatively, R^2 and R^3 join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered 30 ring substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
 - R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15} and a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15} ;

 R^{3} ' and R^{3} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

- 5 R⁴ is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C₁₋₈ alkyl, C₃₋₈ alkenyl, C₃₋₈ alkynyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, (CH₂)_qC(O)R^{4b}, (CH₂)_qC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a'}, (CH₂)_qC(O)OR^{4b}, and a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c};
 - R^{4a} and R^{4a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 15 R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;
- R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{2} , C_{4} , and C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{4} , and C_{4} , C_{4} , and C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{4} , and C_{4} , C_{4}
- alternatively, R⁴ joins with R⁷, R⁹, or R¹¹ to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a;
- R⁵ is selected from a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R¹⁶ and a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R¹⁶;
 - R^{5} ' and R^{5} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

- 10 R^{6a} and $R^{6a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

- R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , E_{1} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{1} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{3}
- R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- with the proviso that when any of J, or L is CR⁶R⁶ and R⁶ is cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom, the other R⁶ is not cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom;
- 30 R^7 at each occurrence, is selected from H or alternatively R^7 joins with R^4 to form a 5, 6, or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with $0-3R^a$;

 R^9 at each occurrence, is selected from H or alternatively R^9 joins with R^4 to form a 5, 6, or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with $0-3R^a$;

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- R^{11} and R^{12} join to form a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl or a heterocycle selected from pyrrolidine, tetrahydrofuran, piperidine and tetrahydropyran;
- 10 R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_wCF_3$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_wC(O)R^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(O)NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}C(O)R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_wC(O)OR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(O)R^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}S(O)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_wS(O)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}S(O)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_w-CH_2)_wS(O)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$,
- phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c};
- R^{13a} and R^{13a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;

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 R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;

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 R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

 \mathbb{R}^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, (CHR')rNR^{15a}R^{15a}', (CHR')rOH, (CHR')rO(CHR')rR^{15d}, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, 5 $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $({\rm CHR'})_{\rm r}{\rm C(O)\,NR^{15a}R^{15a'}},\ ({\rm CHR'})_{\rm r}{\rm NR^{15f}C(O)\,(CHR')_{\rm r}R^{15b}},$ $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15aR^{15a'}}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNHC (=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_r(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ 10 $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C2-8 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C2-8 alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR'), phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered 15 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r \text{phenyl substituted with } R^{15e};$
 - R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

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alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, along with the N to which
they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered
heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms
selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with
a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

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 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$;
- R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, 20 C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{15g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{15f}$, $C(0)OR^{15h}$, and SO_2R^{15h} ;
- 25 R^{15h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{16d}$,

 $(CHR')_r OC(O) (CHR')_r R^{16b}, (CHR')_r C(=NR^{16f}) NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \\ (CHR')_r NHC(=NR^{16f}) NR^{16f}R^{16f}, (CHR')_r S(O)_p (CHR')_r R^{16b}, \\ (CHR')_r S(O)_2 NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_r NR^{16f}S(O)_2 (CHR')_r R^{16b}, C_{1-6} \\ haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} \\ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and (CHR')_r phenyl \\ substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};$

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- R^{16a} and R^{16a'}, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₈ alkenyl, C₃₋₈ alkynyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀

 10 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e};
- 15 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}R^{16f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
 - R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

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v is selected from 1 and 2;
     t is selected from 1 and 2;
 5
     w is selected from 0 and 1;
     r is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
10
     q is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; and
     p is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
           [2] In another embodiment, the present invention
15
     provides novel compounds of formula (I):
     R4 is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is
           attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8}
           alkyl, (CH_2)_rC_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and (CH_2)_r-phenyl
20
          substituted with 0-3 R^{4c};
     R^{4c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8}
          alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I,
          CN, NO_2, (CF_2)_rCF_3, (CH_2)_rOC_{1-5} alkyl, (CH_2)_rOH,
           (CH_2)_rSC_{1-5} alkyl, (CH_2)_rNR^{4a}R^{4a'}, and (CH_2)_rphenyl;
25
     alternatively, R^4 joins with R^7, R^9, or R^{11} to form a 5, 6
          or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium
          spirocycle substituted with 0-3 Ra;
30
    \mathbb{R}^1 and \mathbb{R}^2 are independently selected from H and \mathbb{C}_{1-4} alkyl;
    R^6, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8}
          alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, (CH_2)_rC_{3-6} cycloalkyl, (CF_2)_rCF_3,
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CN, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)_R^{6b}$,

 $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(O)R^{6a}$, and $(CH_2)_tphenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

- R^{6a} and $R^{6a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;

10

- 15 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)OH$, $(CH_2)OR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(O)R^{13b}, \quad (CH_2)_wC(O)NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)NR^{13d}C(O)R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_wS(O)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)NR^{13d}S(O)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_w-\text{phenyl substituted with } 0-3 R^{13c};$
- R^{13a} and R^{13a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;

 R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

v is selected from 1 and 2;

5

q is selected from 1, 2, and 3; and

r is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

- 10 [3] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):
- R³ is selected from a (CR³'H)_r-carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R¹⁵, wherein the carbocyclic 15 residue is selected from phenyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, naphthyl, and adamantyl; and a (CR3'H)r-heterocyclic system substituted with 0-3 R^{15} , wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 20 benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 25 tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and
- R⁵ is selected from (CR⁵'H)_t-phenyl substituted with 0-5

 R¹⁶; and a (CR⁵'H)_t-heterocyclic system substituted

 with 0-3 R¹⁶, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,

1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl.

[4] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-i):

- 10 R^{16} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, CF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, NO_2 , CN, OH, $(CH_2)_rOR^{16d}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}C(O)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2R^{16b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
 - R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- 30 R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C1, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and

 R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.

[5] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-i):

 R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;

r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

10

[6] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-i):

is selected from CH2 and CHR5;

15

K is CHR⁵;

L is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

- 20 R^3 is a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H),-heterocyclic system substituted with 0-3 R^{15} , wherein the heterocyclic 25 system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, 30 isoxazoly1, piperidiny1, pyrrazoly1, 1,2,4-triazoly1, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and
- R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, CF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15a}R^{15a}$, NO_2 , CN, OH, $(CH_2)_rOR^{15d}$,

 $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{C}(0) \, \text{R}^{15\text{b}}, \quad (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{C}(0) \, \text{NR}^{15\text{a}} \text{R}^{15\text{a}'}, \quad (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{NR}^{15\text{f}} \text{C}(0) \, \text{R}^{15\text{b}},$ $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{OC}(0) \, \text{NR}^{15\text{a}} \text{R}^{15\text{a}'}, \quad (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{NR}^{15\text{f}} \text{C}(0) \, \text{OR}^{15\text{b}},$ $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{S}(0)_p \text{R}^{15\text{b}}, \quad (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{S}(0)_2 \text{NR}^{15\text{a}} \text{R}^{15\text{a}'},$ $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{NR}^{15\text{f}} \text{S}(0)_2 \text{R}^{15\text{b}}, \quad (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{phenyl substituted with 0-3}$ $\text{R}^{15\text{e}}, \text{ and a } (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{-5-6 membered heterocyclic system }$ containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, $\text{substituted with 0-2 } \text{R}^{15\text{e}};$

- R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, along with the N to which
 they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms
 selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with
 a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
 - R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
 - R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
- 30 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.
 - [7] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

35

M is CH2;

Q is CH2;

5 J is CH_2 ;

K is CHR⁵;

L is CH2;

10

Z is 0;

 R^1 is H;

15 R^2 is H;

R³ is a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR³'H)_r-heterocyclic system

and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,

benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

30

35

 ${
m R}^5$ is selected from a CH $_2$ -C $_{3\text{-}10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 1-5 ${
m R}^{16}$ and a heterocyclic system substituted with 0-3 ${
m R}^{15}$, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,

benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

 \mathbb{R}^{11} and \mathbb{R}^{12} join to form cyclopropyl.

[12] In a second embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

M is absent or selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} :

20

5

Q is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} ;

J and K are independently selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^6 , CR^6R^6 and CR^5R^6 ;

25

L is selected from CHR⁵ and CR⁵R⁶;

with the proviso:

30 when M is absent, J is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , and CR^5R^{13} ;

Z is selected from O and S;

35 E is $-(CR^7R^8)-(CR^9R^{10})_{v}-(CR^{11}R^{12})-;$

 R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;

5

- Ra, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^c$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c$, $(CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- 15 R^b , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^c , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- alternatively, R^2 and R^3 join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- R³ is selected from a (CR³'R³")_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue

 25 substituted with 1 R¹⁵' and 0-4 R¹⁵ and a (CR³'R³")_r-5
 10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4

 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted

 with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵;
- 30 R^{3} and R^{3} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^4 is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$

cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_qC(0)R^{4b}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)NR^{4a}R^{4a}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)OR^{4b}$, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;

- 5 R^{4a} and $R^{4a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$;

15

20

- alternatively, R⁴ joins with R⁷, R⁹, or R¹¹ to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a;
- R⁵ is selected from a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R¹⁶ and a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R¹⁶;
 - R^{5} and R^{5} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(0)R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$,

 $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}S(O)_2R^{6b}$, and $(CH_2)_tphenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

- R^{6a} and $R^{6a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , E_{1} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{1} , E_{2} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{3}
- 15 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- with the proviso that when any of J, or K is CR⁶R⁶ and R⁶ is cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom, the other R⁶ is not cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom;
- R⁷, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, (CH
- $(CH_2)_qS(0)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{7c} ;

 ${
m R}^{7a}$ and ${
m R}^{7a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, ${
m C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, ${
m C}_{3-8}$ alkenyl, ${
m C}_{3-8}$ alkynyl, a $({
m CH}_2)_r$ - ${
m C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 ${
m R}^{7e}$, and a $({
m CH}_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 ${
m R}^{7e}$;

- R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
- R^{7c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}C(O)R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}S(O)_2R^{7b}$, and $(CH_2)_rDenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
- 25 R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} ;
- R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

 R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

 R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8a} ;

- R^{8a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};
- 15 R^{8b} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, OH, CN, and $(CH_2)_r-phenyl;$
- R⁹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)R^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)NHR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}S(0)_2R^{9b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} ;
- 30 R^{9a} and $R^{9a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4

heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 \mathbb{R}^{9e} ;

- alternatively, R^{9a} and R^{9a'}, along with the N to which they
 are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic
 system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{9g},
 O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a
 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- 10 R^{9b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;
- 15 $R^{9c}, \text{ at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, <math display="block"> F, (CF_2)_rCF_3, NO_2, CN, (CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}, (CH_2)_rOH, \\ (CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH, \\ (CH_2)_rC(0)R^{9b}, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{9f}R^{9f}, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}C(0)R^{9a}, \\ (CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{9b}, \\ (CH_2)_rC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f}, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{9b}, \\ (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f}, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{9f}R^{9f}, \\ (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f}, \\ (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}, \\ (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}R^{9f}$
 - R^{9d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} , and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} ;

 $3 R^{9e}$;

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 $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}S(0)_2R^{9b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-

 R^{9e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br,

I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

- R^{9f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{9g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(O)R^{9f}$, $C(O)OR^{9h}$, and SO_2R^{9h} ;
- 10 R^{9h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R¹⁰, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO₂, CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{10d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{10d}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)R^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}S(0)_2R^{10b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted
- 25 R^{10a} and $R^{10a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;

with $0-3 R^{10c}$;

alternatively, R^{10a} and R^{10a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms

selected from NR^{10g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

- R^{10b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;
- 10 R^{10c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}C(O)R^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{10f})NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{10f})NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}S(O)_2R^{10b}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$ substituted with O-3 R^{10e} :

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- R^{10d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10c} , and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{10c} ;
- R^{10e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
 - R^{10f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

 R^{10g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_{r}$ phenyl, $C(O)R^{10f}$, $C(O)OR^{10h}$, and SO_2R^{10h} ;

- 5 R^{10h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- alternatively, R⁹ and R¹⁰ join to form =0, or a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected from a C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from 0, S, and NR^{10g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

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alternatively, when v is 2, R^9 on adjacent carbon atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or R^9 and R^{10} on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond thereby forming a triple bond;

- R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(O)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(O)_2NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}S(O)_2R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(O)_2NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}S(O)_2R^{11b}$, $(C_{1-6})_2R^{11a}C(O)_2R^{11b}$, and a carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11c} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4
- $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} :
- R^{11a} and $R^{11a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$

carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

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- alternatively, R^{11a} and R^{11a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{11g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
- R^{11c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{1} , C_{1}
- R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;
- R^{11e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I,

CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

- R^{11f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{11g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(O)R^{11f}$, $C(O)OR^{11h}$, and SO_2R^{11h} ;
- 10 R^{11h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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- R^{12} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_t$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12a} ;
- R^{12a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, F_{1} , CN, NO_{2} , $(CF_{2})_{r}CF_{3}$, $(CH_{2})_{r}OC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_{2})_{r}SC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}NR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_{2})_{r}Phenyl$;
- or alternatively, R¹¹ and R¹² join to form a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected from C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from O, S, and NR^{11g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- wherein at least one of R⁹ and R¹⁰, or R¹¹ and R¹² join to

 form the cyclic structure, or R⁹ on adjacent carbon
 atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or
 R⁹ and R¹⁰ on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond
 thereby forming a triple bond when v is equal to 2;

R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_wCF_3$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)R^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}C(0)R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)OR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wS(0)_pR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wS(0)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}S(0)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_w-1$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;

- 10 R^{13a} and R^{13a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
- R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;
 - R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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25 R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)$

 $(\text{CHR'})_r \text{NHC} (=\text{NR}^{15f}) \, \text{NR}^{15f} \text{R}^{15f}, \quad (\text{CHR'})_r \text{S}(0)_p (\text{CHR'})_r \text{R}^{15b}, \\ (\text{CHR'})_r \text{S}(0)_2 \text{NR}^{15a} \text{R}^{15a'}, \quad (\text{CHR'})_r \text{NR}^{15f} \text{S}(0)_2 (\text{CHR'})_r \text{R}^{15b}, \quad \text{C}_{1-6} \\ \text{haloalkyl}, \quad \text{C}_{2-8} \, \text{alkenyl} \, \text{substituted with 0-3 R', } \, \text{C}_{2-8} \\ \text{alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', } \, (\text{CHR'})_r \text{phenyl} \\ \text{5} \, \text{substituted with 0-3 R}^{15e}, \, \text{and a } \, (\text{CH}_2)_r - 5 - 10 \, \text{membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms} \\ \text{selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R}^{15e};$

- R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} 10 alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_{3-6}$ $_{5}$ C(O)H, (CHR') $_{r}$ S(CHR') $_{r}$ R^{15d}, (CHR') $_{o}$ C(O)OH, $(CHR')_{g}C(O)(CHR')_{g}R^{15b}$, $(CHR')_{r}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, 15 $(CHR')_rNHC (=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR') phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic 20 system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};
- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{15e} ;
- R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

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alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- 20 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- 25 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{15g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r phenyl, \ C(O)R^{15f}, \ C(O)OR^{15i}, \ and \ SO_2R^{15i};$
 - R^{15h}, at each occurrence, is selected from $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CHR')_qNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_qSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_qS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$,

 $(CHR')_r OC(O) NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \ (CHR')_r NR^{15f}C(O) O(CHR')_r R^{15b}, \\ (CHR')_r NR^{15f}C(O) NR^{15f}R^{15f}, \ (CHR')_r C(O) O(CHR')_r R^{15d}, \\ (CHR')_r OC(O) (CHR')_r R^{15b}, \ (CHR')_r C(=NR^{15f}) NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CHR')_r NHC(=NR^{15f}) NR^{15f}R^{15f}, \ (CHR')_r S(O)_p (CHR')_r R^{15b}, \\ (CHR')_r S(O)_2 NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \ (CHR')_r NR^{15f}S(O)_2 (CHR')_r R^{15b}, \ C_{1-6} \\ haloalkyl, \ C_{2-8} \ alkynyl \ substituted \ with \ 0-3 \ R', \\ (CHR')_q phenyl \ substituted \ with \ 0-3 \ R^{15e}, \ and \ a \\ (CH_2)_r - 5 - 10 \ membered \ heterocyclic \ system \ containing \ 1-4 \\ heteroatoms \ selected \ from \ N, \ O, \ and \ S, \ substituted \\ with \ 0-2 \ R^{15e}, \ with \ the \ proviso \ that \ the \ heterocyclic \ system \ does \ not \ include \ pyridinyl, \ piperazinyl, \ and \ morpholino; \\ \end{cases}$

 R^{15i} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$,

 $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$.

 $(CHR')_rOC(O) (CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16a}R^{16a'},$ $(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16f}R^{16f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b},$ $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{16b}, C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

 R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e} , and a

 $(CH_2)_x$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

- 5 R^{16b}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e}, and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e};
- 10 $R^{16d}, \text{ at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3, C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with $0-3$ R^{16e}, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with $0-3$ R^{16e}, and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing $1-4$ heteroatoms selected from N, 0, and S, substituted with $0-3$ R^{16e};$
- R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}R^{16f}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl;
 - R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- v is selected from 0, 1, and 2;
 - t is selected from 1 and 2;
- 30 w is selected from 0 and 1;

25

- r is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
- q is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; and
- p is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

[13] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

- 5 R^4 is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;
- 10 R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, F_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{2
- 15 alternatively, R^4 joins with R^7 , R^9 , or R^{11} to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- ${\tt R}^1$ and ${\tt R}^2$ are independently selected from H and ${\tt C}_{1-4}$ alkyl; 20
 - R⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, CN, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(O)R^{6a}$, and $(CH_2)_t$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6a} and R^{6a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

25

 R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;

- 5 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)OH$, $(CH_2)OR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(O)R^{13b}, (CH_2)_wC(O)NR^{13a}R^{13a}, (CH_2)NR^{13d}C(O)R^{13a}, \\ (CH_2)_wS(O)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)NR^{13d}S(O)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_w-\text{phenyl substituted with } 0-3 R^{13c};$
- R^{13a} and R^{13a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;
- 25 R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - v is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

- 30 q is selected from 1, 2, and 3; and
 - r is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.
- [14] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

 R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'H)_r$ -carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R¹⁵' and 0-4 R¹⁵, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from phenyl, C3-6 5 cycloalkyl, naphthyl, and adamantyl; and a (CR3'H)rheterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R^{15} , wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, 10 benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, 15 oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

R⁵ is selected from (CR⁵'H)_t-phenyl substituted with 0-5

R¹⁶; and a (CR⁵'H)_t-heterocyclic system substituted

with 0-3 R¹⁶, wherein the heterocyclic system is

selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl,

indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,

benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,

benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,

indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl,

isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,

1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,

oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl.

[15] In another embodiment, the present invention 30 provides novel compounds of formula (I-i):

 ${\bf R}^{16}$, at each occurrence, is selected from ${\bf C}_{1-8}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, CF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, (CH₂)_rNR^{16a}R^{16a}, NO₂, CN, OH, (CH₂)_rOR^{16d}, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{16a}R^{16a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}C(0)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2R^{16b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with $0-3 R^{16e}$;

5

30

 ${\rm R}^{16a}$ and ${\rm R}^{16a}{}',$ at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} 10 alkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with $0-3 \, R^{16e}$;

 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R16e; 15

 R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;

20 R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, $C_{1,0}$ F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂)_rCF₃, OH, and (CH₂)_rOC₁₋₅ alkyl; and

 R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} 25 alky1.

[16] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-ii):

(I-ii)

 R^{16} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, CF₃, Cl, Br, I, F,

 $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{NR}^{16a} \text{R}^{16a}, \ \text{NO}_2, \ \text{CN, OH, } (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{OR}^{16d},$ $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{C(O)} \text{R}^{16b}, \ (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{C(O)} \text{NR}^{16a} \text{R}^{16a}, \ (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{NR}^{16f} \text{C(O)} \text{R}^{16b},$ $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{S(O)}_p \text{R}^{16b}, \ (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{S(O)}_2 \text{NR}^{16a} \text{R}^{16a},$ $(\text{CH}_2)_r \text{NR}^{16f} \text{S(O)}_2 \text{R}^{16b}, \ \text{and } (\text{CH}_2)_r \text{pheny1 substituted with }$ $0-3 \ \text{R}^{16e};$

- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- $m R^{16b}$, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 $m R^{16e}$;
- 15 R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
 - $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{16f}},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, and $\ensuremath{\text{C}_{1-5}}$ alkyl.
- 25 [17] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-i):
 - ${\tt R}^5$ is CH2phenyl substituted with 0-3 ${\tt R}^{16};$
- 30 E is selected from $-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, and $-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$;
 - R^{11} and R^{12} join to form a C_{3-10} cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;

35

5

r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

[18] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-ii):

5

E is selected from $-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, and $-CH_2-CH-(CR^{11}R^{12})$;

 R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;

10

 R^{11} and R^{12} join to form a C_{3-10} carbocycle selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl; and

r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

15

[19] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-i):

J is selected from CH_2 and CHR^5 ;

20

K is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

L is CHR⁵;

25 R³ is a C³-10 carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R¹5′ and 0-2 R¹5, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR³'H)r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R¹5h and 0-2 R¹5, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoquinolinyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-

triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_rOR^{15d}, \\ (CH_2)_rC(O)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{15b}, (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rphenyl \text{ substituted with 0-3} \\ R^{15e}, \text{ and a } (CH_2)_r-5-6 \text{ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 <math>R^{15e}$;
- 15 R^{15a} and R^{15a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, along with the N to which
 they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms
 selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with
 a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- 25 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
 - R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and

 ${\bf R^{15f}},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, and ${\bf C_{1-5}}$ alkyl.

[20] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-ii):

K is selected from CH2 and CHR5;

L is CHR⁵;

10

 \mathbb{R}^3 is a \mathbb{C}_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 \mathbb{R}^{15} ' and 0-2 R^{15} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the 15 heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, morpholinyl, quinolinyl, 20 isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

25

R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, } CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_rOR^{15d}, \\ (CH_2)_rC(O)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{15b}, (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rphenyl \text{ substituted with } 0-3 \\ R^{15e}, \text{ and a } (CH_2)_r-5-6 \text{ membered heterocyclic system containing } 1-4 \text{ heteroatoms selected from } N, O, \text{ and } S, \\ \text{substituted with } 0-2 R^{15e};$

 R^{15a} and R^{15a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

5

alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

15

10

 R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;

 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and

 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl

25 [21] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

M is absent or selected from CH2;

30 Q is CH_2 ;

J is CH2;

K is CH2;

35

L is CHR⁵;

Z is 0;

 R^1 is H;

5

 \mathbb{R}^2 is H;

 R^3 is a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R^{15} ' and $0-2\ R^{15}$, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, 10 naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, 15 benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-20 triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

R⁵ is selected from a CH₂-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue
substituted with 1-5 R¹⁶ and a heterocyclic system

substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic
system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,
indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl,
isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,
1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl.

35 [22] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

E is
$$-(CH_2)-(CR^9R^{10})_v-(CR^{11}R^{12})-;$$

5

15

R¹¹ and R¹² join together to form a C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from O, S, and NR^{11g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle.

[23] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

R¹¹ and R¹² join together to form a C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, the carbocycle being selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cylcohexyl, benzocyclopentyl, and benzocyclohexyl or a heterocycle, the heterocycle being selected from pyrrolidine, tetrahydrofuran, piperidine and tetrahydropyran.

[24] In another embodiment, the present invention 20 provides novel compounds of formula (I-i):

25 R^{16} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, CF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16a}R^{16a}$, NO_2 , CN, OH, $(CH_2)_rOR^{16d}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}C(O)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2R^{16b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

 R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

- 5 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
 - R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
- ${
 m R}^{16f}$, at each occurrence, is selected from H, and ${
 m C}_{1-5}$ alkyl.
- [25] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):
 - R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;
 - r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
 - [25] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):
 - J is selected from CH_2 and CHR^5 ;
- K is selected from CH_2 and CHR^5 ;
 - L is CHR⁵;

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35 R^3 is a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R^{15} ' and 0-2 R^{15} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected

from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl,
naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)_r-heterocyclic
system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the
heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl,
thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl,
benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl,
benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl,
isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl,
isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl,
morpholinyl,piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,
1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_r OR^{15d}, \\ (CH_2)_r C(O)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_r OC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_r S(O)_p R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r S(O)_2 NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}S(O)_2 R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r phenyl substituted with 0-3 \\ R^{15e}, and a (CH_2)_r -5-6 membered heterocyclic system \\ containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, \\ substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};$
- 25 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which
 they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms
 selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with
 a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

- 5 R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
 - $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{15}}\xspace^f$, at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.
- 15 [27] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-ii):
 - $\rm R^{16},$ at each occurrence, is selected from $\rm C_{1-8}$ alkyl, $(\rm CH_2)_{r}\rm C_{3-6}\ cycloalkyl,\ CF_3,\ Cl,\ Br,\ I,\ F,$
- 20 (CH₂)_rNR^{16a}R^{16a}, NO₂, CN, OH, (CH₂)_rOR^{16d}, (CH₂)_rC(O)R^{16b}, (CH₂)_rC(O)R^{16a}R^{16a}, (CH₂)_rNR^{16f}C(O)R^{16b}, (CH₂)_rS(O)_pR^{16b}, (CH₂)_rS(O)₂NR^{16a}R^{16a}, (CH₂)_rNR^{16f}S(O)₂R^{16b}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};

- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- 30 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;

 $\rm R^{16e},$ at each occurrence, is selected from $\rm C_{1-6}$ alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂) $_{r}\rm CF_{3}$, OH, and (CH₂) $_{r}\rm OC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and

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 $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{16f}},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, and $\ensuremath{\text{C}_{1-5}}$ alkyl.

[28] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I):

 R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;

r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

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[29] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I-ii):

K is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

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L is CHR⁵;

 \mathbb{R}^3 is a \mathbb{C}_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 \mathbb{R}^{15} ' and 0-2 R^{15} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected 25 from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 30 benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-35 triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, } CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_rOR^{15d}, \\ (CH_2)_rC(O)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{15b}, (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 \\ R^{15e}, and a (CH_2)_r-5-6 membered heterocyclic system \\ containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 <math>R^{15e}$;

- R^{15a} and R^{15a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms 20 selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
 - R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- 30 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
- R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.

[30] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein the compounds are selected from:

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N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-urea,

10 N-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-

fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]N'-[3-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea,

N-[1-[[(3s)-3-[(4-

fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]N'-[3-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea,

N-[1-[(3s)-3-[(4-

fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-N'-[2-methoxy-5-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea,

3-[[[[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-

fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzamide,

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3-[[[[1-[[(3s)-3-[(4-

fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-benzamide,

- 30 N-(4-acety1-5-methy1-2-thiazoly1)-N'-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluoropheny1)methyl]piperidiny1]methyl]cyclopropy1]-urea,
 - N-[1-[2-[(3S)-3-[(4-

fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]ethyl]cyclopropyl]-N'[3-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea,

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N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-urea,
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- 5 N-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]N'-[3-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea,
- N-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4
 fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]
 N'-[3-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea,
- N-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]
 N'-[2-methoxy-5-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea,
 - 3-[[[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]ami
 no]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzamide,
- 3-[[[[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]ami
 no]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-benzamide,

- 25 N-(4-acetyl-5-methyl-2-thiazolyl)-N'-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-urea, and
- N-[1-[2-[(3S)-3-[(4-30 fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]ethyl]cyclopropyl]-N'[3-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea.
- [31] In another embodiment, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I), wherein the compounds are selected from:
 - N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(2Z)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butenyl}urea,

N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(2E)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butenyl}urea,

- 5 N-(3-cyanopheny1)-N'-{(2Z)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzy1)-1-piperidiny1]-2-buteny1}urea,
 - N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-{(2Z)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butenyl}urea, and

N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butynyl}urea.

- In another embodiment, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention.
- In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for modulation of chemokine receptor activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating inflammatory disorders comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, inflammatory bowel diseases, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, bullous

pemphigoid, helminthic parasitic infections, allergic colitis, eczema, conjunctivitis, transplantation, familial eosinophilia, eosinophilic cellulitis, eosinophilic pneumonias, eosinophilic fasciitis, eosinophilic gastroenteritis, drug induced eosinophilia, HIV infection, cystic fibrosis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, lymphoma, Hodgkin's disease, and colonic carcinoma.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides

a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from
asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, inflammatory
bowel diseases, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, bullous
pemphigoid, allergic colitis, eczema, conjunctivitis,
familial eosinophilia, eosinophilic cellulitis,

eosinophilic pneumonias, eosinophilic fasciitis, and
eosinophilic gastroenteritis.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, inflammatory bowel diseases, and eczema.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from asthma.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from allergic rhinitis.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from atopic dermatitis.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from inflammatory bowel diseases.

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In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method of modulating the chemokine receptor CCR-3, comprising administration of an effective amount of a compound of formula (I):

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or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

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- M is absent or selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} ;
- Q is selected from $\mathrm{CH_2}$, $\mathrm{CHR^5}$, $\mathrm{CHR^{13}}$, $\mathrm{CR^{13}R^{13}}$, and $\mathrm{CR^5R^{13}}$;

20

- J and K are independently selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^6 , CR^6R^6 and CR^5R^6 ;
- L is selected from CHR⁵ and CR⁵R⁶;

25

with the proviso:

when M is absent, J is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , and $\mathrm{CR}^5\mathrm{R}^{13}$;

- Z is selected from O and S;
- E is $-(CR^7R^8)-(CR^9R^{10})_v-(CR^{11}R^{12})-;$

 R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;

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- Ra, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^c$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c$, $(CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- R^{b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^c , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 20 alternatively, R^2 and R^3 join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
 - R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15} and a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15} ;
 - R^{3} and R^{3} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

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 R^4 is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_qC(0)R^{4b}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)NR^{4a}R^{4a'}$,

 $(CH_2)_qC(0)OR^{4b}$, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;

- R^{4a} and $R^{4a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;

10

 R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$;

- alternatively, R⁴ joins with R⁷, R⁹, or R¹¹ to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a;
- 20 R⁵ is selected from a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R¹⁶ and a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R¹⁶;
- 25 R^{5} ' and R^{5} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$,

 CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(0)R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$,

 $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}S(O)_2R^{6b}$, and $(CH_2)_tphenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

- R^{6a} and $R^{6a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} :
 - R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;
- 15 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- with the proviso that when any of J, or K is CR⁶R⁶ and R⁶ is cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom, the other R⁶ is not cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom;
- R⁷, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(O)H$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(O)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(O)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(O)_2R^{7b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl,
- 30 $(CH_2)_qS(0)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{7c} ;

 ${
m R}^{7a}$ and ${
m R}^{7a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, ${
m C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, ${
m C}_{3-8}$ alkenyl, ${
m C}_{3-8}$ alkynyl, a $({
m CH}_2)_r - {
m C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 ${
m R}^{7e}$, and a $({
m CH}_2)_r - 5 - 10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 ${
m R}^{7e}$;

- R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
- R^{7c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}C(O)R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}S(O)_2R^{7b}$, and $(CH_2)_rDHenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;
- 25 R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} ;
- R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

 R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

 R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8a} ;

- R^{8a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};
- 15 R^{8b} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, OH, CN, and $(CH_2)_r-phenyl;$
- R⁹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)R^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)NHR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}S(0)_2R^{9b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} ;
- 30 R^{9a} and $R^{9a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4

heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

- alternatively, R^{9a} and R^{9a'}, along with the N to which they
 are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic
 system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{9g},
 O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a
 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- 10 R^{9b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;
- $\begin{array}{l} {\rm R}^{9c}, \ {\rm at\ each\ occurrence,\ is\ selected\ from\ C_{1-6}\ alkyl,\ C_{2-8}} \\ {\rm alkenyl,\ C_{2-8}\ alkynyl,\ (CH_2)_rC_{3-6}\ cycloalkyl,\ Cl,\ Br,\ I, } \\ {\rm F,\ (CF_2)_rCF_3,\ NO_2,\ CN,\ (CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f},\ (CH_2)_rOH,\ (CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}\ alkyl,\ (CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}\ alkyl,\ (CH_2)_rC(0)OH,\ (CH_2)_rC(0)R^{9b},\ (CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{9f}R^{9f},\ (CH_2)_rNR^{9f}C(0)R^{9a},\ (CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}\ alkyl,\ (CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{9b},\ (CH_2)_rC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f},\ (CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{9b},\ (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f},\ (CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{9f}R^{9f},\ (CH_2)_rNR^{9f}S(0)_2R^{9b},\ and\ (CH_2)_rphenyl\ substituted\ with\ 0- \\ \end{array}$

 $3 R^{9e}$;

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- R^{9d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} , and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} ;
- R^{9e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br,

I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

- R^{9f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{9g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(O)R^{9f}$, $C(O)OR^{9h}$, and SO_2R^{9h} ;
- 10 R^{9h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R¹⁰, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO₂, CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{10d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{10d}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)R^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}S(0)_2R^{10b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10c} ;
- 25 R^{10a} and $R^{10a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;
 - alternatively, R^{10a} and R^{10a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms

selected from NR^{10g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

- R^{10b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;
- 10 R^{10c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{1} , Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}C(0)R^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{10f})NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{10f})NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}S(0)_2R^{10b}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$ substituted with O-3 R^{10e} ;

R^{10d}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₆ alkenyl, C₃₋₆ alkynyl, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10c}, and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms

selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{10c} ;

- R^{10e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$;
 - R^{10f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

 R^{10g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(O)R^{10f}$, $C(O)OR^{10h}$, and SO_2R^{10h} ;

- 5 R^{10h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- alternatively, R⁹ and R¹⁰ join to form =0, or a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected from a C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from 0, S, and NR^{10g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

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alternatively, when v is 2, R^9 on adjacent carbon atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or R^9 and R^{10} on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond thereby forming a triple bond;

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R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(O)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(O)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qCC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_q$

 $(CH_2)_qS(O)_pR^{11b}, \ (CH_2)_qS(O)_2NR^{11a}R^{11a'}, \\ (CH_2)_qNR^{11a}S(O)_2R^{11b}, \ C_{1-6} \ haloalkyl, \ a \ (CH_2)_r-C_{3-10} \\ carbocyclic \ residue \ substituted \ with \ 0-5 \ R^{11c}, \ and \ a \\ (CH_2)_r-5-10 \ membered \ heterocyclic \ system \ containing \ 1-4 \\ heteroatoms \ selected \ from \ N, \ O, \ and \ S, \ substituted \\ with \ 0-3 \ R^{11c};$

 R^{11a} and $R^{11a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$

carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;

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- alternatively, R^{11a} and R^{11a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{11g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
- R^{11c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}C(O)R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{11f})NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{11f})NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}S(O)_2R^{11b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with O-3 R^{11e} ;
- R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;
- R^{11e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I,

CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11}fR^{11}f$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

- R^{11f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{11g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{11f}$, $C(0)OR^{11h}$, and SO_2R^{11h} ;
- 10 R^{11h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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- R^{12} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_t$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12a} ;
- R^{12a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{5} , and C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , and C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , and C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , and C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , and C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , C_{5} , and C_{5} , C_{5}
- or alternatively, R¹¹ and R¹² join to form a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected from C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from O, S, and NR^{11g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- wherein at least one of R⁹ and R¹⁰, or R¹¹ and R¹² join to

 form the cyclic structure, or R⁹ on adjacent carbon

 atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or

 R⁹ and R¹⁰ on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond
 thereby forming a triple bond when v is equal to 2;

R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_wCF_3$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)R^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}C(0)R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_wC(0)OR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wS(0)_pR^{13b}$, $(CH_2)_wS(0)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}S(0)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_w-1$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;

- 10 R^{13a} and R^{13a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
- R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;
 - R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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25 R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15a}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR$

 $(\text{CHR}')_r \text{NHC} (=\text{NR}^{15f}) \, \text{NR}^{15f} \text{R}^{15f}, \quad (\text{CHR}')_r \text{S}(0)_p \, (\text{CHR}')_r \text{R}^{15b}, \\ (\text{CHR}')_r \text{S}(0)_2 \text{NR}^{15a} \text{R}^{15a'}, \quad (\text{CHR}')_r \text{NR}^{15f} \text{S}(0)_2 \, (\text{CHR}')_r \text{R}^{15b}, \quad \text{C}_{1-6} \\ \text{haloalkyl}, \quad \text{C}_{2-8} \, \text{alkenyl} \, \text{substituted with 0-3 R', } \, \text{C}_{2-8} \\ \text{alkynyl} \, \text{substituted with 0-3 R', } \, (\text{CHR}')_r \text{phenyl} \\ \text{substituted with 0-3 R}^{15e}, \, \text{and a } \, (\text{CH}_2)_r - 5 - 10 \, \text{membered} \\ \text{heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms} \\ \text{selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R}^{15e};$

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- 10 R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{15e} ;
- R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e}, and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};
 - alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
 - R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
 - $\rm R^{15d},$ at each occurrence, is selected from $\rm C_{3-8}$ alkenyl, $\rm C_{3-8}$ alkynyl, methyl, $\rm CF_3$, $\rm C_{2-6}$ alkyl substituted with 0-3

 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

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 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

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- R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{15g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, (CH₂)_rphenyl, C(0) R^{15f} , C(0) QR^{15f} , and SO_2R^{15f} ;
 - R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$,
- (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}, (CHR')_rSH, (CHR')_rC(O)H,

 (CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{16d}, (CHR')_rC(O)OH,

 (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a}',

 (CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{16d},
- $(CHR')_{r}OC(O)(CHR')_{r}R^{16b}, (CHR')_{r}C(=NR^{16f})NR^{16a}R^{16a'},$ $(CHR')_{r}NHC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16f}R^{16f}, (CHR')_{r}S(O)_{p}(CHR')_{r}R^{16b},$ $(CHR')_{r}S(O)_{2}NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_{r}NR^{16f}S(O)_{2}(CHR')_{r}R^{16b}, C_{1-6}$ $haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8}$ $alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and (CHR')_{r}phenyl$ $substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};$

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 R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e} , and a

 $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

- R^{16b}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₈
 alkenyl, C₃₋₈ alkynyl, a (CH₂)_rC₃₋₆ carbocyclic residue
 substituted with 0-3 R^{16e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-6 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms
 selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e};
- 10 R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
 - R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16}fR^{16}f$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
 - R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 25 v is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

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- t is selected from 1 and 2;
- w is selected from 0 and 1;
- r is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
- q is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; and
- 35 p is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing disorders selected from eczema.

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In another embodiment, R^{15} ', at each occurrence, is selected from C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_{3-5}C(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_qC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_qC(O)CHR')_qR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rR^{15b$

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In another embodiment, R^{15} ', at each occurrence, is selected from C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_{3-5}C(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(C_{2-8}$ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', $(CHR')_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e}.

In another embodiment, R15', at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, (CHR') $_{r}NR^{15a}R^{15a}$ ', (CHR') $_{r}OH$, (CHR') $_{r}O(CHR')$ $_{r}R^{15d}$, (CHR')_rSH, (CHR')_rC(O)H, (CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}, (CHR')_rC(O)OH, (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a}', $(CHR')_rNR^{15}fC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15}b$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15}aR^{15}a'$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f},$ 10 $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a 15 (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} .

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DEFINITIONS

The compounds herein described may have asymmetric centers. Compounds of the present invention containing an asymmetrically substituted atom may be isolated in 25 optically active or racemic forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of racemic forms or by synthesis from optically active starting materials. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds, and the like can also be present 30 in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. Cis and trans geometric isomers of the compounds of the present invention are described and may be isolated as a mixture of 35 isomers or as separated isomeric forms. All chiral,

diastereomeric, racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of a structure are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry or isomeric form is specifically indicated.

The term "substituted," as used herein, means that any one or more hydrogens on the designated atom is replaced with a selection from the indicated group, provided that the designated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substitute is keto (i.e., =0), then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced.

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When any variable (e.g., Ra) occurs more than one time in any constituent or formula for a compound, its definition at each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence. Thus, for example, if a group is shown to be substituted with 0-2 Ra, then said group may optionally be substituted with up to two Ra groups and Ra at each occurrence is selected independently from the definition of Ra. Also, combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

When a bond to a substituent is shown to cross a bond connecting two atoms in a ring, then such substituent may be bonded to any atom on the ring. When a substituent is listed without indicating the atom via which such substituent is bonded to the rest of the compound of a given formula, then such substituent may be bonded via any atom in such substituent. Combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

As used herein, " C_{1-8} alkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms, examples of which include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, i-butyl, secbutyl, t-butyl, pentyl, and hexyl. C_{1-8} alkyl, is intended to include C_1 , C_2 , C_3 , C_4 , C_5 , C_6 , C_7 , and C_8 alkyl groups. "Alkenyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of

either a straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds which may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethenyl, propenyl, and the like. "Alkynyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either a straight or branched configuration and one or more unsaturated triple carbon-carbon bonds which may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethynyl, propynyl, and the like. "C3-6 cycloalkyl" is intended to include saturated ring groups having the specified number of carbon atoms in the ring, including mono-, bi-, or poly-cyclic ring systems, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and cycloheptyl in the case of C7 cycloalkyl. C3-6 cycloalkyl, is intended to include C3, C4, C5, and C6 cycloalkyl groups

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"Halo" or "halogen" as used herein refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo, and iodo; and "haloalkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups, for example CF_3 , having the specified number of carbon atoms, substituted with 1 or more halogen (for example $-C_vF_w$ where v=1 to 3 and w=1 to (2v+1)).

The compounds of Formula I can also be quaternized by standard techniques such as alkylation of the piperidine or pyrrolidine with an alkyl halide to yield quaternary piperidinium salt products of Formula I. Such quaternary piperidinium salts would include a counterion. As used herein, "counterion" is used to represent a small, negatively charged species such as chloride, bromide, hydroxide, acetate, sulfate, and the like.

As used herein, the term "piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle" is intented to mean a stable spirocycle ring system, in which the two rings form a quarternary nitrogene at the ring junction.

As used herein, the term "5-6-membered cyclic ketal"

is intended to mean 2,2-disubstituted 1,3-dioxolane or 2,2disubstituted 1,3-dioxane and their derivatives.

As used herein, "carbocycle" or "carbocyclic residue" is intended to mean any stable 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 13-membered bicyclic or tricyclic, any of which may be saturated, partially unsaturated, or aromatic. Examples of such carbocycles include, but are not limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, adamantyl, cyclooctyl,; [3.3.0]bicyclooctane, [4.3.0]bicyclooctane, [4.4.0]bicyclodecane (decalin), [2.2.2]bicyclooctane, fluorenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, adamantyl, or tetrahydronaphthyl (tetralin).

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As used herein, the term "heterocycle" or "heterocyclic system" is intended to mean a stable 5, 6, or 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7, 8, 9, or 10membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring which is saturated, partially unsaturated or unsaturated (aromatic), and which consists of carbon atoms and 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, NH, O and S and including any bicyclic group in which any of the above-defined heterocyclic rings is fused to a benzene ring. The nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized. The heterocyclic ring may be attached to its pendant group at any heteroatom or carbon atom which results in a stable structure. The heterocyclic rings described herein may be substituted on carbon or on a nitrogen atom if the resulting compound is stable. specifically noted, a nitrogen in the heterocycle may optionally be quaternized. It is preferred that when the total number of S and O atoms in the heterocycle exceeds 1, then these heteroatoms are not adjacent to one another. used herein, the term "aromatic heterocyclic system" is intended to mean a stable 5- to 7- membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7- to 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic aromatic ring which consists of carbon atoms and from 1 to 4 heterotams independently selected from the group consisting of N, O and S.

Examples of heterocycles include, but are not limited to, 1H-indazole, 2-pyrrolidonyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl,

2H-pyrrolyl, 3H-indolyl, 4-piperidonyl, 4aH-carbazole, 4H-quinolizinyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl,

- 5 benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,
 benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazalonyl, carbazolyl,
 4aH-carbazolyl, β-carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl,
 cinnolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl,
 dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran, furanyl, furazanyl,
- imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolyl, 1H-indazolyl,
 indolenyl, indolinyl, indolizinyl, indolyl,
 isobenzofuranyl, isochromanyl, isoindazolyl, isoindolinyl,
 isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl (benzimidazolyl), isothiazolyl,
 isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl,
- octahydroisoquinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolidinylperimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenarsazinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, phenoxazinyl,
- phthalazinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pteridinyl, piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyranyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridooxazole, pyridoimidazole, pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl,
- pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, 4H-quinolizinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl, carbolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 1,2,3thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl,
- 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, thienothiazolyl, thienooxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl, thiophenyl, triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, and xanthenyl. Preferred heterocycles include, but are not
- limited to, pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiaphenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, isoidolyl, piperidinyl,

piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, piperonyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl. Also included are fused ring and spiro compounds containing, for example, the above heterocycles.

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The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" is employed herein to refer to those compounds, materials, compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in contact with the tissues of human beings and animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, or other problem or complication, commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio.

As used herein, "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refer to derivatives of the disclosed compounds wherein the parent compound is modified by making acid or base salts thereof. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like. The pharmaceutically acceptable salts include the conventional non-toxic salts or the quaternary ammonium salts of the parent compound formed, for example, from nontoxic inorganic or organic acids. For example, such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic, phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention can be synthesized from the parent compound which contains a basic or acidic moiety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, such salts can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these compounds with a

stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid in water or in an organic solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, nonaqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, ethanol, isopropanol, or acetonitrile are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are found in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 1985, p. 1418, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Since prodrugs are known to enhance numerous desirable 10 qualities of pharmaceuticals (e.g., solubility, bioavailability, manufacturing, etc...) the compounds of the present invention may be delivered in prodrug form. Thus, the present invention is intended to cover prodrugs of the presently claimed compounds, methods of delivering 15 the same and compositions containing the same. are intended to include any covalently bonded carriers which release an active parent drug of the present invention in vivo when such prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Prodrugs the present invention are 20 prepared by modifying functional groups present in the compound in such a way that the modifications are cleaved, either in routine manipulation or in vivo, to the parent compound. Prodrugs include compounds of the present invention wherein a hydroxy, amino, or sulfhydryl group is 25 bonded to any group that, when the prodrug of the present invention is administered to a mammalian subject, it cleaves to form a free hydroxyl, free amino, or free sulfhydryl group, respectively. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate and 30 benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of the present invention.

"Stable compound" and "stable structure" are meant to indicate a compound that is sufficiently robust to survive isolation to a useful degree of purity from a reaction mixture, and formulation into an efficacious therapeutic agent.

The compounds of Formula I can be prepared using the reactions and techniques described below. The reactions are performed in a solvent appropriate to the reagents and materials employed and suitable for the transformations being effected. It will be understood by those skilled in the art of organic synthesis that the functionality present on the molecule should be consistent with the transformations proposed. This will sometimes require a judgment to modify the order of the synthetic steps or to select one particular process scheme over another in order to obtain a desired compound of the invention. also be recognized that another major consideration in the planning of any synthetic route in this field is the judicious choice of the protecting group used for protection of the reactive functional groups present in the compounds described in this invention. An authoritative account describing the many alternatives to the trained practitioner is Greene and Wuts (Protective Groups In Organic Synthesis, Wiley and Sons, 1991).

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20 Generally, compounds described in the scope of this patent application can be synthesized by the route described in Scheme 1. The appropriately substituted pyrrolidine (n=0) or piperidine (n=1) $\underline{1}$ is alkylated by a N-protected alkylhalide (halide = Cl, Br, I), mesylate, 25 tosylate or triflate, 2, (where E represents a linkage described within the scope of this application in its fully elaborated form with the appropriate protecting groups as understood by one skilled in the art or in a precursor form which can be later elaborated into its final form by 30 methods familiar to one skilled in the art) with or without base or an acid scavenger to yield the piperidinyl- or pyrrolidinylalkyl protected amine 3. If the halide is not I, then KI can also be added to facilitate the displacement, provided the solvent is suitable, such as an 35 alcohol, 2-butanone, DMF or DMSO, amongst others. displacement can be performed at room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent. The protecting group is subsequently removed to yield amine 4. Protecting groups

include phthalimide which can be removed by hydrazine, a reaction familiar to one skilled in the art; bis-BOC which can be removed by either TFA or HCl dissolved in a suitable solvent, both procedures being familiar to one skilled in the art; a nitro group instead of an amine which can be reduced to yield an amine by conditions familiar to one skilled in the art; 2,4-dimethyl pyrrole (S. P. Breukelman, et al. J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. I, 1984, 2801); N-1,1,4,4-Tetramethyl-disilylazacyclopentane (STABASE) (S. Djuric, J. Venit, and P. Magnus Tet. Lett 1981, 22, 1787) 10 and other protecting groups. Reaction with an isocyanate or isothiocyanate 5 (Z = 0,S) yields urea or thiourea 6. Reaction with a chloroformate or chlorothioformate 7 (Z=O,S) such as o-, p-nitrophenyl-chloroformate or phenylchloroformate (or their thiocarbonyl equivalents), 15 followed by diplacement with an amine 9, also yields the corresponding urea or thiourea 6. Likewise, reaction of carbamate 8 (X = H, or 2- or 4-NO2) with disubstituted

20 Reaction of the amine <u>4</u> with an N,N-disubstituted carbamoyl chloride <u>11</u> (or its thiocarbonyl equivalent) yields the corresponding N,N-disubstituted urea or thiourea <u>12</u>.

Amine <u>4</u> can also be reductively aminated to yield <u>13</u> by conditions familiar to one skilled in the art and by the

amine 10 yields trisubstituted urea or thiourea 12.

following conditions: Abdel-Magid, A. F., et al. Tet. Lett. 1990, 31, (39) 5595-5598. This secondary amine can subsequently be reacted with isocyanates or isothiocyanates to yield trisubstituted ureas 14 or with carbamoyl chlorides to yield tetrasubstituted ureas 15.

One can also convert amine $\underline{4}$ into an isocyanate, isothiocyanate, carbamoyl chloride or its thiocarbonyl equivalent (isocyanate: Nowakowski, J. J Prakt. Chem/Chem-Ztg 1996, 338 (7), 667-671; Knoelker, H.-J.et al., Angew. Chem. 1995, 107 (22), 2746-2749; Nowick, J. S.et al., J. Org. Chem. 1996, 61 (11), 3929-3934; Staab, H. A.; Benz,

Z=O or S

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W.; Angew Chem 1961, 73; isothiocyanate: Strekowski L.et al., J. Heterocycl. Chem. 1996, 33 (6), 1685-1688; Kutschy, Pet al., Synlett. 1997, (3), 289-290) carbamoyl chloride: Hintze, F.; Hoppe, D.; Synthesis (1992) 12, 1216-1218; thiocarbamoyl chloride: Ried, W.; Hillenbrand, H.; 5 Oertel, G.; Justus Liebigs Ann Chem 1954, 590) (these reactions are not shown in Scheme 1). These isocyanates, isothiocyantes, carbamoyl chlorides or thiocarbamoyl chlorides can then be reacted with R²R³NH to yield di- or trisubstituted ureas or thioureas 12. An additional urea 10 forming reaction involves the reaction of carbonyldiimidazole (CDI) (Romine, J. L.; Martin, S. W.; Meanwell, N. A.; Epperson, J. R.; Synthesis 1994 (8), 846-850) with 4 followed by reaction of the intermediate 15 imidazolide with 9 or in the reversed sequence (9 + CDI, followed by 4). Activation of imidazolide intermediates also facilitates urea formation (Bailey, R. A., et al., Tet. Lett. 1998, 39, 6267-6270). One can also use 13 and 10 with CDI. The urea forming reactions are done in a non-20 hydroxylic inert solvent such as THF, toluene, DMF, etc., at room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent and can employ the use of an acid scavenger or base when necessary such as carbonate and bicarbonate salts, triethylamine, DBU, Hunigs base, DMAP, etc.

Substituted pyrrolidines and piperidines 1 can either be obtained commercially or be prepared as shown in Scheme 2. Commercially available N-benzylpiperid-3-one 16 can be debenzylated and protected with a BOC group employing reactions familiar to one skilled in the art. Subsequent Wittig reaction followed by reduction and deprotection yields piperidine 20 employing reactions familiar to one skilled in the art. Substituted pyrrolidines may be made by a similar reaction sequence. Other isomers and analogs around the piperidine ring can also be made by a similar reaction sequence. Chiral pyrrolidines/piperidines can be synthesized via asymmetric hydrogenation of 18 using chiral catalysts (see Parshall, G.W. Homogeneous Catalysis, John Wiley and Sons, New York: 1980, pp. 43-45; Collman, J.P.,

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Hegedus, L.S. Principles and Applications of Organotransition Metal Chemistry, University Science Books, Mill Valley, CA, 1980, pp. 341-348).

SCHEME 2

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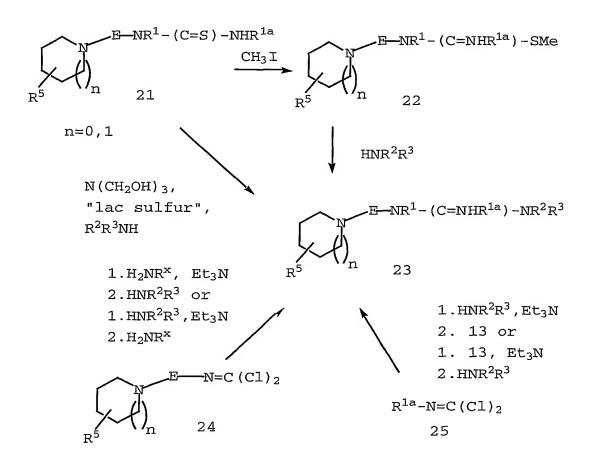
The cyanoguanidines (Z = N-CN) can be synthesized by the method of K. S. Atwal, et al. and references contained therein (J. Med. Chem. (1998) 41, 217-275). The nitroethylene analog (Z = C-NO2) can be synthesized by the method of F. Moimas, et al. (Synthesis 1985, 509-510) and references contained therein. The malononitrile analog (Z = C(CN)2) may be synthesized by the method of S. Sasho, et al. (J. Med. Chem. 1993, 36, 572-579).

Guanidines (Z=NR^{1a}) can be synthesized by the methods outlined in Scheme 3. Compound <u>21</u> where Z=S can be methylated to yield the methylisothiourea <u>22</u>. Displacement of the SMe group with amines yields substituted guanidines <u>23</u> (see H. King and I. M. Tonkin J. Chem. Soc. 1946, 1063 and references therein). Alternatively, reaction of thiourea <u>21</u> with amines in the presence of triethanolamine and "lac sulfur" which facilitates the removal of H₂S yields substituted guanidines <u>23</u> (K. Ramadas, Tet. Lett. 1996, 37, 5161 and references therein). Finally, the use of carbonimidoyldichloride <u>24</u>, or <u>25</u> followed by sequential displacements by amines yields the corresponding

substituted guanidine $\underline{23}$ (S. Nagarajan, et al., Syn. Comm. 1992, 22, 1191-8 and references therein). In a similar manner, carbonimidoyldichlorides, $R^2-N=C(C1)_2$ (not shown in Scheme 3) and $R^3-N=C(C1)_2$ (not shown) can also be reacted sequentially with amines to yield di- and trisubstituted guanidine $\underline{23}$.

SCHEME 3

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A method for introducing substituents in linkage E is that of A. Chesney et al. (Syn. Comm. 1990, 20 (20), 3167-3180) as shown in Scheme 4. Michael reaction of pyrrolidine or piperidine 1 with Michael acceptor 26 yields intermediate 27 which can undergo subsequent reactions in the same pot. For example, reduction yields alcohol 28 which can be elaborated to the amine 29 by standard procedures familiar to one skilled in the art. Some of

these include mesylation or tosylation followed by displacement with NaN₃ followed by reduction to yield amine 29. Another route as depicted in Scheme 4 involves reaction with diphenylphosphoryl azide followed by reduction of the azide to yield amine 29.

SCHEME 4

The mesylate or tosylate can also be displaced by other nucleophiles such as NH_3 , BOC_2N^- , potassium phthalimide, etc., with subsequent deprotection where necessary to yield amines $\underline{29}$. Finally, $\underline{29}$ can be converted to urea or thiourea $\underline{30}$ by procedures discussed for Scheme 1 or to the compounds of this invention by procedures previously discussed. Similarly, aldehyde $\underline{27}$ may be reacted with a lithium or a Grignard reagent $\underline{31}$ to yield alcohol adduct $\underline{32}$. This in turn can be converted to urea or thiourea $\underline{34}$ in the same way as discussed for the conversion of $\underline{28}$ to $\underline{30}$.

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Scheme 5 shows that intermediate 36 can be extended via a Wittig reaction (A. Chesney, et al. Syn. Comm. 1990, 20 (20), 3167-3180) to yield <u>37</u>. This adduct can be 15 reduced catalytically to yield 38 or by other procedures familiar to one skilled in the art. Alkylation yields 39, followed by saponification and Curtius rearrangement (T. L. Capson and C. D. Poulter, Tet. Lett., (1984) 25, 3515-3518) followed by reduction of the benzyl protecting group yields 20 amine 40 which can be elaborated further as was described earlier in Scheme 1 and elsewhere in this application to make the compounds of this invention. Dialkyllithium cuprate, organocopper, or copper-catalyzed Grignard addition (for a review, see G. H. Posner, "An Introduction 25 to Synthesis Using Organocopper Reagents", J. Wiley, New York, 1980; Organic Reactions, 19, 1 (1972)) to alpha, betaunsaturated ester 37 yields 41 which can undergo subsequent transformations just discussed to yield amine 43 which can be elaborated further to the compounds of this invention as was described earlier. The intermediate enolate ion 30 obtained upon cuprate addition to 37 can also be trapped by an electrophile to yield $\underline{42}$ (for a review, see R. J. K. Taylor, Synthesis 1985, 364). Likewise, another 2-carbon homologation is reported by A. Chesney et al. (ibid.) on 35 intermediate 36 which involves reacting 36 with an enolate anion to yield aldol condensation product 42 where $R^{12}=OH$. The OH group can undergo synthetic transformations which are familiar to one skilled in the art and which will be

discussed in much detail later on in the application. Chiral auxilliaries can also be used to introduce stereo-and enantioselectivity in these aldol condensations, procedures which are familiar to one skilled in the art.

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Examples of such methods are taught in D. A. Evans, et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1981, 103, 2127; D. A. Evans, J. Am. Chem.Soc. 1982, 104, 1737; D. A. Evans, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1986, 108, 2476; D. A. Evans. et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1986, 108, 6757; D. A. Evans, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1986, 108, 6395; D. A. Evans, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1985, 107, 4346; A. G. Myers, et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1997, 119, 6496. One can also perform an enantioselective alkylation on esters 38 or 41 with R¹²X where X is a leaving group as described in Scheme 1, provided the ester is first attached to a chiral auxiliary (see above references of Evans, Myers and Mauricio de L. Vanderlei, J. et al., Synth. Commum. 1998, 28, 3047).

One can also react alpha, beta-unsaturated ester 37 15 (Scheme 6) with Corey's dimethyloxosulfonium methylide (E.J. Corey and M. Chaykovsky, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1965, 87, 1345) to form a cyclopropane which can undergo eventual Curtius rearrangement and subsequent elaboration to the compounds of this invention wherein the carbon containing R^9R^{10} is tied up in a cyclopropane ring with the carbon 20 containing $R^{11}R^{12}$. In addition, compound <u>48</u> can also undergo the analogous reactions just described to form cyclopropylamine 50 which can be further elaborated into the compounds of this invention as described previously. 25 Compound 48 may be synthesized by an alkylation reaction of pyrrolidine/piperidine $\underline{1}$ with bromide $\underline{47}$ in an inert solvent employing the conditions as described for the alkylation of 2 onto 1 in Scheme 1.

Another way to synthesize the compounds in the scope of this application is shown in Scheme 7. Michael reaction of amine 1 with an acrylonitrile 51 (as described by I. Roufos in J. Med. Chem. 1996, 39, 1514-1520) followed by Raney-Nickel hydrogenation yields amine 53 which can be elaborated to the compounds of this invention as previously described.

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SCHEME 6

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In Schemes 4,5, and 6, we see that there is no gem-substitution on the alpha-carbon to the electron-withdrawing group of what used to be the Michael acceptor. In other words, in Scheme 4, there is no \mathbb{R}^{10} gem to \mathbb{R}^9 ; in Scheme 5, there is no \mathbb{R}^{10} gem to one of the \mathbb{R}^9 s and in

Scheme 7 there is no R¹⁰ gem to R⁹. Gem-substitution can be introduced by reacting pyrrolidine or piperidine <u>1</u> with the epoxide of Michael acceptors <u>26</u>, <u>35</u>, and <u>51</u> to yield the corresponding alcohols (for amines reacting with epoxides of Michael acceptors, see Charvillon, F. B.; Amouroux, R.; Tet. Lett. 1996, 37, 5103-5106; Chong, J. M.; Sharpless, K. B.; J Org Chem 1985, 50, 1560). These alcohols eventually can be further elaborated into R¹⁰ by one skilled in the art, as, for example, by tosylation of the alcohol and cuprate displacement (Hanessian, S.; Thavonekham, B.; DeHoff, B.; J Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 5831), etc., and by other displacement reactions which will be discussed in great detail later on in this application.

SCHEME 7

$$R^{7}$$
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{9}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{9}
 R^{9}

Further use of epoxides to synthesize compounds of this invention are shown in Scheme 8. Reaction of pyrrole or piperidine $\underline{1}$ with epoxide $\underline{54}$ yields protected aminoalcohol $\underline{55}$. This reaction works exceptionally well when R^7 and R^8 are H but is not limited thereto. The reaction is performed in an inert solvent at room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent. Protecting groups on the nitrogen atom of $\underline{54}$ include BOC and CBZ but are not limited thereto. The hydroxyl group can be optionally

protected by a variety of protecting groups familiar to one skilled in the art.

SCHEME 8

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skilled in the art yields <u>56</u> which can be elaborated to the compounds of this invention by the procedures previously discussed. If R⁹=H, then oxidation, for example, by using PCC (Corey E.J. and Suggs, J.W., Tet. Lett. 1975, 31, 2647-2650) or with the Dess-Martin periodinane (Dess, D.B. and Martin, J.C., J. Org. Chem. 1983, 48, 4155-4156) yields ketone <u>57</u> which may undergo nucleophilic 1,2-addition with

Deprotection of the nitrogen by methods familiar to one

organometallic reagents such as alkyl- or aryllithiums,

Grignards, or zinc reagents, with or without CeCl₃ (T. Imamoto, et al., Tet. Lett. 1985, 26, 4763-4766; T. Imamoto, et al., Tet. Lett. 1984, 25, 4233-4236) in aprotic solvents such as ether, dioxane, or THF to yield alcohol

5 58. The hydroxyl group can be optionally protected by a variety of protecting groups familiar to one skilled in the art. Deprotection of the nitrogen yields 56 which can be finally elaborated to the compounds of this invention as previously discussed. Epoxides disclosed by structure 54

10 may be synthesized enantio-selectively from amino acid starting materials by the methods of Dellaria, et al. J Med Chem 1987, 30 (11), 2137, and Luly, et al. J Org Chem 1987, 52 (8), 1487.

The carbonyl group of ketone 57 in Scheme 8 may 15 undergo Wittig reactions followed by reduction of the double bond to yield alkyl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, etc. substitution at that position, reactions that are familiar to one skilled in the art. Wittig reagents can also contain functional groups 20 which after reduction of the double bond yield the following functionality: esters (Buddrus, J. Angew Chem., 1968, 80), nitriles (Cativiela, C.et al., Tetrahedron 1996, 52 (16), 5881-5888.), ketone (Stork, G.et al., J Am Chem Soc 1996, 118 (43), 10660-10661), aldehyde and methoxymethyl (Bertram, G.et al., Tetrahedron Lett 1996, 37 25 (44), 7955-7958.), gamma-butyrolactone Vidari, G.et al., Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1996, 7 (10), 3009-3020.), carboxylic acids (Svoboda, J.et al., Collect Czech Chem Commun 1996, 61 (10), 1509-1519), ethers (Hamada, Y.et 30 al., Tetrahedron Lett 1984, 25 (47), 5413), alcohols (after hydrogenation and deprotection -- Schonauer, K.; Zbiral, E.; Tetrahedron Lett 1983, 24 (6), 573), amines (Marxer, A.; Leutert, T. Helv Chim Acta, 1978, 61) etc., all of which may further undergo transformations familiar to one skilled in the art to form a wide variety of functionality at this 35 position.

Scheme 9 summarizes the displacement chemistry and subsequent elaborations that can be used to synthesize the

 R^9 groups. In Scheme 9 we see that alcohol 55 or 58 may be tosylated, mesylated, triflated, or converted to a halogen by methods familiar to one skilled in the art to produce (Note that all of the following reactions in compound 59. this paragraph can be also performed on the compounds, henceforth called carbon homologs of 55 or 58 where OH can be $(CH_2)_rOH$ and it is also understood that these carbon homologs may have substituents on the methylene groups as well). For example, a hydroxyl group may be converted to a 10 bromide by CBr₄ and Ph₃P (Takano, S. Heterocycles 1991, 32, 1587). For other methods of converting an alcohol to a bromide or to a chloride or to an iodide see R.C. Larock, Comprehensive Organic Transformations, VCH Publishers, New York, 1989, pp. 354-360. Compound <u>59</u> in turn may be displaced by a wide variety of nucleophiles as shown in 15 Scheme 9 including but not limited to azide, cyano, malonate, cuprates, potassium thioacetate, thiols, amines, etc., all nucleophilic displacement reactions being familiar to one skilled in the art. Displacement by 20 nitrile yields a one-carbon homologation product. Nitrile 60 can be reduced with DIBAL to yield aldehyde 61. This aldehyde can undergo reduction to alcohol 62 with, for example, NaBH₄ which in turn can undergo all of the $S_{
m N}2$ displacement reactions mentioned for alcohol 55 or 58. 25 Alcohol 62 is a one carbon homolog of alcohol 55 or 58. Thus one can envision taking alcohol 62, converting it to a leaving group X as discussed above for compound 55 or 58, and reacting it with NaCN or KCN to form a nitrile, subsequent DIBAL reduction to the aldehyde and subsequent NaBH4 reduction to the alcohol resulting in a two carbon 30 homologation product. This alcohol can undergo activation followed by the same $S_{\rm N}2$ displacement reactions discussed previously, ad infinitum, to result in 3,4,5...etc. carbon homologation products. Aldehyde 61 can also be reacted 35 with a lithium or Grignard reagent to form an alcohol 61a which can also undergo the above displacement reactions. Oxidation by methods familiar to one skilled in the art

yields ketone <u>61b</u>. Displacement by malonate yields malonic ester <u>63</u> which can be saponified and decarboxylated to yield carboxylic acid <u>64</u>, a two carbon homologation product. Conversion to ester <u>65</u> (A. Hassner and V.

- Alexanian, Tet. Lett, 1978, 46, 4475-8) and reduction with LAH yields alcohol <u>68</u> which can undergo all of the displacement reactions discussed for alcohol <u>55</u> or <u>58</u>.

 Alcohols may be converted to the corresponding fluoride <u>70</u> by DAST (diethylaminosulfur trifluoride) (Middleton, W. J.;
- Bingham, E. M.; Org. Synth. 1988, VI, pg. 835). Sulfides

 71 can be converted to the corresponding sulfoxides 72

 (p=1) by sodium metaperiodate oxidation (N. J. Leonard, C. R. Johnson J. Org. Chem. 1962, 27, 282-4) and to sulfones

 72 (p=2) by Oxone® (A. Castro, T.A. Spencer J. Org. Chem.
- 15 1992, 57, 3496-9). Sulfones <u>72</u> can be converted to the corresponding sulfonamides <u>73</u> by the method of H.-C. Huang, E. et al., Tet. Lett. (1994) 35, 7201-7204 which involves first, treatment with base followed by reaction with a trialkylborane yielding a sulfinic acid salt which can be
- reacted with hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid to yield a sulfonamide. Another route to sulfonamides involves reaction of amines with a sulfonyl chloride (G. Hilgetag and A. Martini, Preparative Organic Chemistry, New York: John Wiley and Sons, 1972, p.679). This sulfonyl chloride
- 25 (not shown in Scheme 9) can be obtained from the corresponding sulfide (71 where R^{9d}=H in Scheme 9, the hydrolysis product after thioacetate displacement), disulfide, or isothiouronium salt by simply reacting with chlorine in water. The isothiouronium salt may be
- synthesized from the corresponding halide, mesylate or tosylate <u>59</u> via reaction with thiourea (for a discussion on the synthesis of sulfonyl chlorides see G. Hilgetag and A. Martini, ibid., p. 670). Carboxylic acid <u>64</u> can be converted to amides <u>66</u> by standard coupling procedures or
- via an acid chloride by Schotten-Baumann chemistry or to a Weinreb amide (66: R^{9a}=OMe, R^{9a'}= Me in Scheme 9) (S. Nahm and S. M. Weinreb, Tet. Lett., 1981, 22, 3815-3818) which can undergo reduction to an aldehyde 67 (R^{9b}=H in Scheme 9)

with LAH (S. Nahm and S. M. Weinreb, ibid.) or reactions with Grignard reagents to form ketones 67 (S. Nahm and S. M. Weinreb, ibid.). The aldehyde 67 obtained from the Weinreb amide reduction can be reduced to the alcohol with $NaBH_4$. The aldehyde or ketone <u>67</u> (or <u>61</u> or <u>61b</u> for that 5 matter) can undergo Wittig reactions as discussed previously followed by optional catalytic hydrogenation of the olefin. This Wittig sequence is one method for synthesizing the carbocyclic and heterocyclic substituted 10 systems at R9 employing the appropriate carbocyclic or heterocyclic Wittig (or Horner-Emmons) reagents. Of course, the Wittig reaction may also be used to synthesize alkenes at R^9 and other functionality as well. Ester $\underline{65}$ can also form amides 66 by the method of Weinreb (A. Basha, M. Lipton, and S.M. Weinreb, Tet. Lett. 1977, 48, 4171-74) (J. 15 I. Levin, E. Turos, S. M. Weinreb, Syn. Comm. 1982, 12, 989-993). Alcohol 68 can be converted to ether 69 by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art, for example, NaH, followed by an alkyliodide or by Mitsunobu chemistry (Mitsunobu, O. Synthesis, 1981, 1-28). Alcohol <u>55</u> or <u>58</u>, 20 62, or 68, can be acylated by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art, for example, by Schotten-Baumann conditions with an acid chloride or by an anhydride with a base such as pyridine to yield 78. Halide, mesylate, 25 tosylate or triflate 59 can undergo displacement with azide followed by reduction to yield amine 74 a procedure familiar to one skilled in the art. This amine can undergo optional reductive amination and acylation to yield 75 or reaction with ethyl formate (usually refluxing ethyl 30 formate) to yield formamide 75. Amine 74 can again undergo optional reductive amination followed by reaction with a sulfonyl chloride to yield 76, for example under Schotten-Baumann conditions as discussed previously. This same sequence may be employed for amine 60a, the reduction 35 product of nitrile 60. Tosylate 59 can undergo displacement with cuprates to yield 77 (Hanessian, S.; Thavonekham, B.; DeHoff, B.; J Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 5831). Aldehyde 61 or its homologous extensions can be reacted

with a carbon anion of an aryl (phenyl; naphthalene, etc.) or heterocyclic group to yield an aryl alcohol or a heterocyclic alcohol. If necessary, CeCl3 may be added (T. Imamoto, et al., Tet. Lett. 1985, 26, 4763-4766; 5 Imamoto, et al., Tet. Lett. 1984, 25, 4233-4236). alcohol may be reduced with Et3SiH and TFA (J. Org. Chem. 1969, 34, 4; J. Org. Chem. 1987, 52, 2226) (see discussion of aryl and heterocyclic anions for Schemes 20-22). These aryl and heterocyclic anions may also be alkylated by 59(or its carbon homolog) to yield compounds where R9 10 contains an aryl or heterocyclic group. Compound 59 or its carbon homologs may be alkylated by an alkyne anion to produce alkynes at R⁹ (see R.C. Larock, Comprehensive Organic Transformations, New York, 1989, VCH Publishers, p 297). In addition, carboxaldehyde <u>61</u> or its carbon 15 homologs can undergo 1,2-addition by an alkyne anion (Johnson, A.W. The Chemistry of Acetylenic Compounds. V. 1. "Acetylenic Alcohols," Edward Arnold and Co., London (1946)). Nitro groups can be introduced by displacing bromide 59 (or its carbon homologs) with sodium nitrite in 20 DMF (J.K. Stille and E.D. Vessel J. Org. Chem. 1960, 25, 478-490) or by the action of silver nitrite on iodide 59 or its carbon homologs (Org. Syntheses 34, 37-39).

SCHEME 9

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If an anion is made of the pyrrolidine/piperidine 1 with LDA or n-BuLi, etc., then that anion in a suitable nonhydroxylic solvent such as THF, ether, dioxane, etc., can react in a Michael-type fashion (1,4-addition) with an alpha, beta-unsaturated ester to yield an intermediate enolate which can be quenched with an electrophile (R9X) (where X is as described in Scheme 1) (Uyehara, T.; Asao, N.; Yamamoto, Y.; J Chem Soc, Chem Commun 1987, 1410) as shown in Scheme 10.

SCHEME 9 (con't)

It is to be understood that R⁹ is either in its final form or in a suitable protected precursor form. 5 electrophile can be a carbon-based electrophile, some examples being formaldehyde to introduce a CH2OH group, an aldehyde or a ketone which also introduces a one-carbon homologated alcohol, ethylene oxide (or other epoxides) which introduces a -CH₂CH₂OH group (a two-carbon homologated alcohol), an alkyl halide, etc., all of which can be later 10 elaborated into R⁹. It can also be an oxygen-based electrophile such as MCPBA, Davis' reagent (Davis, F. A.; Haque, M. S.; J Org Chem 1986, 51 (21),4083; Davis, F. A.; Vishwaskarma, L. C.; Billmers, J. M.; Finn, J.; J Org Chem 1984, 49, 3241) or MoO₅ (Martin, T. et al., J Org Chem 15 1996, 61 (18), 6450-6453) which introduces an OH group. These OH groups can undergo the displacement reactions discussed previously in Scheme 9 or protected by suitable protecting groups and deprotected at a later stage when the 20 displacement reactions decribed in Scheme 9 can be performed. In addition, these OH groups can also undergo displacement reactions with heterocycles as described for Schemes 19-22 to introduce N- or C-substituted heterocycles at this position. Ester <u>80</u> can be converted into its Weinreb amide 82 (S. Nahm and S. M. Weinreb, Tet. Lett., 25 1981, 22, 3815-3818) or Weinreb amide <u>82</u> can be synthesized via Michael-type addition of 1 to alpha, beta-unsaturated Weinreb amide 83. Subsequent reaction with a Grignard reagent forms ketone 85. This ketone can also be 30 synthesized in one step directly from 1 and alpha, betaunsaturated ketone <u>84</u> using the same procedure. ketone may be reduced with LAH, NaBH4 or other reducing agents to form alcohol 86. Or else, ketone 85 can be reacted with an organolithium or Grignard reagents to form 35 tertiary alcohol <u>87</u> . Or else, ester <u>80</u> can be directly reduced with LiBH4 or LAH to yield primary alcohol 88.

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Alcohols <u>86</u>, <u>87</u>, and <u>88</u> can all be tosylated, mesylated, triflated, or converted to a halogen by methods discussed previously and displaced with an amine nucleophile such as azide, diphenylphosphoryl azide (with or without DEAD and

Ph₃P), phthalimide, etc. as discussed previously (and which are familiar to one skilled in the art) and after reduction (azide) or deprotection with hydrazine (phthalimide), for example, yield the corresponding amines. These can then be elaborated into the compounds of this invention as discussed previously. Ketone 85 can also be converted into imine 89 which can be reacted with a Grignard reagent or lithium reagent, etc., to form a protected amine 90 which can be deprotected and elaborated into the compounds of this invention as discussed previously. Some protecting groups include benzyl and substituted benzyl which can be removed by hydrogenation, and cyanoethyl, which can be removed with aqueous base, etc. It is to be understood that R^{7-12} in Scheme 10 can be in their final form or in precursor form which can be elaborated into final form by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art.

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Magnesium amides of amines have been used to add in a Michael-type manner to alpha, beta-unsaturated esters where the substituents at the beta position of the unsaturated ester are tied together to form a cyclopentane ring (for example, compound 79 where R⁷ and R⁸ are taken together to be -(CH₂)₄-) (Kobayashi, K. et al., Bull Chem Soc Jpn, 1997, 70 (7), 1697-1699). Thus reaction of pyrrolidine or piperidine 1 with cycloalkylidine esters 79 as in Scheme 10 yields esters 80 where R⁷ and R⁸ are taken together to form a cycloalkyl ring. Subsequent elaboration yields compounds of this invention where R⁷ and R⁸ are taken together to form a cycloalkyl ring.

Compounds of structure 95a may also be synthesized from epoxyalcohols which are shown in Scheme 11. Allylic alcohol 91 can be epoxidized either stereoselectively using VO(acac)₂ catalyst (for a review, see Evans: Chem. Rev. 1993, 93, 1307) or enantioselectively (Sharpless: J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1987, 109, 5765) to epoxyalcohol 92. S_N2 displacement of the alcohol using zinc azide and triphenylphosphine (Yoshida, A. J. Org. Chem. 57, 1992, 1321-1322) or diphenylphosphoryl azide, DEAD, and

triphenylphosphine (Saito, A. et al., Tet. Lett. 1997, 38 (22), 3955-3958) yields azidoalcohol <u>93</u>. Hydrogenation over a Pd catalyst yields aminoalcohol <u>94</u>. This can be protected in situ or in a subsequent step with BOC₂O to put on a BOC protecting group, or with CBZ-Cl and base to put on a CBZ-group or other protecting groups. Alternatively, the amino group can be reacted with an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a carbamoyl chloride, or any reagent depicted in Scheme 1 to form <u>95</u> which can be alkylated with <u>1</u> to form the compounds of this invention.

SCHEME 11

Sometimes amine 1 might have to be activated with Lewis acids in order to open the epoxide ring (Fujiwara, 5 M.; Imada, M.; Baba, A.; Matsuda, H.; Tetrahedron Lett 1989, 30, 739; Caron, M.; Sharpless, K. B.; J Org Chem 1985, 50, 1557) or 1 has to be deprotonated and used as a metal amide, for example the lithium amide (Gorzynski-Smith, J.; Synthesis 1984 (8), 629) or MgBr amide (Carre, M. C.;

Houmounou, J. P.; Caubere, P.; Tetrahedron Lett 1985, 26, 3107) or aluminum amide (Overman, L. E.; Flippin, L. A.; Tetrahedron Lett 1981, 22, 195).

The quaternary salts (where R^4 is present as a 5 substituent) of pyrrolidines and piperidines can be synthesized by simply reacting the amine with an alkylating agent, such as methyl iodide, methyl bromide, ethyl iodide, ethyl bromide, ethyl or methyl bromoacetate, bromoacetonitrile, allyl iodide, allylbromide, benzyl 10 bromide, etc. in a suitable solvent such as THF, DMF, DMSO, etc. at room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent. Spiroquaternary salts can be synthesized in a similar manner, the only difference being that the alkylating agent is located intramolecularly as shown in 15 It is understood by one skilled in the art that functional groups might not be in their final form to permit cyclization to the quaternary ammonium salt and might have to be in precursor form or in protected form to be elaborated to their final form at a later stage. 20 example, the NR¹(C=Z)NR²R³ group on the rightmost phenyl ring of compound 104 might exist as a nitro group precursor for ease of manipulation during quaternary salt formation. Subsequent reduction and NR¹(C=Z)NR²R³ group formation yields product 105. The leaving groups represented by X in 25 Scheme 12 may equal those represented in Scheme 1, but are not limited thereto. N-oxides of pyrrolidines and piperidines can be made by the procedure of L. W. Deady (Syn. Comm. 1977, 7, 509-514). This simply entails reacting the pyrrolidine or piperidine with MCPBA, for 30 example, in an inert solvent such as methylene chloride.

SCHEME 12

Multisubstituted pyrrolidines and piperidines may be synthesized by the methods outlined in Scheme 13.

5 Monoalkylation of 106 via an enolate using LDA or potassium

hexamethyldisilazane, or converting 106 first to an enamine, or by using other bases, all of which can be done in THF, ether, dioxane, benzene, or an appropriate non-hydroxylic solvent at -78 °C to room temperature with an alkylating agent such as methyl iodide, benzyl bromide, etc. where X is as defined in Scheme 1, yields product 107. This product can subsequently undergo alkylation again under thermodynamic or kinetic conditions and afterwards, if need be, can undergo two more alkylations to produce tri- and tetrasubstituted analogs of 107. The thermodynamic or kinetic conditions yield regioselectively alkylated products (for a discussion on thermodynamic vs. kinetic alkylations see H. House Modern Synthetic Reactions, W. A. Benjamin, Inc. (Menlo Park, CA: 1972) chapter 9).

SCHEME 13

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SCHEME 14

Subsequent Wittig olefination yields compound 108.

Hydrogenation (asymmetric hydrogenation is an option here:

Parshall, G.W. Homogeneous Catalysis, John Wiley and Sons,

New York: 1980, pp. 43-45; Collman, J.P., Hegedus, L.S.

Principles and Applications of Organotransition Metal

Chemistry, University Science Books, Mill Valley, CA, 1980,

pp. 341-348) yields pyrrolidine or piperidine 109 which can

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be resolved into its relative and/or absolute isomers at this stage or later on in the synthesis either by crystallization, chromatographic techniques, or other methods familiar to one skilled in the art. The amine 109 an then be elaborated into the compounds of this invention by methods discussed previously (Scheme 1). The carbonylcontaining intermediate 107 in Scheme 13 can also be reduced to the methylene analog via a Wolff-Kishner reduction and modifications thereof, or by other methods familiar to one skilled in the art. The carbonyl group can also be reduced to an OH group, which can undergo all of the reactions described in Scheme 9 to synthesize the R6 groups. This piperidine or pyrrolidine can be deprotected and elaborated to the compounds of this invention by methods discussed earlier. Thus, mono-, di-, tri-, or tetraalkylated carbonyl-containing pyrrolidines or piperidines can be synthesized, which in turn can be reduced to the corresponding -CH2- analogs employing the Wolff-Kishner reduction or other methods.

Another method for synthesizing gem-substituted 20 pyrrolidines and piperidines is shown in Scheme 14. understood by one skilled in the art that some of the steps in this scheme can be rearranged. It is also understood that gem-disubstitution is only shown at only one position on the piperidine ring and that similar transformations may 25 be performed on other carbon atoms as well, both for piperidine and pyrrolidine. Thus, 3-carboethoxypiperidine 110 may be BOC-protected and alkylated employing a base such as LDA, KHMDS, LHDMS, etc., in THF, ether, dioxane, etc. at -78 °C to room temperature, and an alkylating agent 30 $R^{6}X$ where X is a halide (halide = Cl, Br, I), mesylate, tosylate or triflate, to yield 112. Reduction using DIBAL, for example, and if necessary followed by oxidation such as a Swern oxidation (S. L. Huang, K. Omura, D. Swern J. Org. Chem. 1976, 41, 3329-32) yields aldehyde 113. Wittig 35 olefination (114) followed by deprotection yields 115 which may be elaborated as described previously into the compounds of this invention. Reduction of the Wittig

adduct 114 yields 116 which may be deprotected to yield 117 which may be in turn elaborated as described previously into the compounds of this invention. Reaction of aldehyde 113 with an alkyllithium or Grignard reagent yields alcohol 118 which may be reduced catalytically or with Et3SiH/TFA (J. Org. Chem. 1969, 34, 4; J. Org. Chem. 1987, 52, 2226) if R^{5*} ($R^{5*} = R^{5}$ or a precursor thereof) is aromatic to yield $\underline{119}$. If R^{5*} is not aromatic, then the OH may be reduced by the method of Barton (Barton, D. H. R.; 10 Jaszberenyi, J. C. Tet. Lett. 1989, 30, 2619 and other references therein). Once tosylated, the alcohol can also be displaced with dialkyllithium cuprates (not shown) (Hanessian, S.; Thavonekham, B.; DeHoff, B.; J Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 5831). Deprotection if necessary yields 120 which may be elaborated as described previously into the 15 compounds of this invention.

SCHEME 15

A method for the alkylation of alkyl groups, arylalkyl groups, allylic groups, propargylic groups, etc., and a variety of other electrophiles onto the pyrrolidinyl and/or piperidinyl alpha-carbons (alpha to the ring nitrogen atom) is represented by the work of Peter Beak, et al. as shown in Scheme 15. It is understood by one skilled in the art that the R⁵ and R¹³ groups are either in their precursor, protected, or final form. Only one R⁵ group is shown to be substituted on piperidine/pyrrolidine 121. However it is understood by one skilled in the art that additional functionality may be present on the ring in either

precursor, protected, or final form. Thus lithiation with an alkyllithium reagent such as n-BuLi or s-BuLi as shown, followed by quenching with an electrophilic species such as R⁵X or R¹³X where X is as defined in Scheme 1 and R⁵ and R¹³ are in their precursor, protected, or final form, yields monoalkylated piperidine/pyrrolidine 122. This alkylation may occur either stereoselectively (P. Beak and W.K. Lee J. Org. Chem. 1990, 55, 2578-2580) or enantioselectively if sparteine is included as a source of chirality (P. Beak, et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1994, 116, 3231-3239). The alkylation process may be repeated up to three more times as shown in Scheme 15 to result in di-, tri-, and tetrasubstitution at the alpha-positions.

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Compounds where R^9 and R^{10} form a cyclic 3,4,5,6, or 7-15 membered ring can be synthesized by the methods disclosed in Scheme 16. These same methods may also be used to synthesize gem-disubstituted compounds in which R9 can be different from R10 by step-wise alkylation of the malonate derivative. Of course, this scheme may be used to 20 synthesize compounds where R¹⁰=H also. For example, a cyclohexyl-fused malonate may be synthesized by Michael addition and alkylation of I(CH2)₄CH=CCO₂Me with dimethyl malonate employing NaH/DMF (Desmaele, D.; Louvet, J.-M.; Tet Lett 1994, 35 (16), 2549-2552) or by a double Michael 25 addition (Reddy, D. B., et al., Org. Prep. Proced. Int. 24 (1992) 1, 21 -26) (Downes, A. M.; Gill, N. S.; Lions, F.; J Am Chem or by an alkylation followed by a second intromolecular alkylation employing an iodoaldehyde (Suami, T.; Tadano, K.; Kameda, Y.; Iimura, Y.; Chem Lett 1984, 30 1919), or by an alkylation followed by a second intramolecular alkylation employing an alkyl dihalide (Kohnz, H.; Dull, B.; Mullen, K.; Angew Chem 1989, 101 (10), 1375), etc.

SCHEME 16

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Subsequent monosaponification (Pallai, P.V., Richman, S., Struthers, R.S., Goodman, M. Int. J. Peptide Protein Res. 1983, 21, 84-92; M. Goodman Int. J. Peptide Protein Res. 19831, 17, 72-88), standard coupling with pyrrolidine/piperidine 1 yields 128. Reduction with borane yields 129 followed by reduction with LAH yields 130 which can be then converted to amine 131 and then to the compounds of this invention by procedures as discussed previously. Ester 129 can also be converted to a Weinreb amide and elaborated to the compounds of this invention as described in Scheme 10 for ester 80 which would introduce substituents R¹¹ and R¹².

Scheme 17 describes another method for the synthesis of compounds where R^9 and R^{10} are taken together to form cycloalkyl groups. Aminoalcohols 132 are found in the literature (CAS Registry Nos. for n = 0, 1, 2, 3, respectively: 45434-02-4, 2041-56-7, 2239-31-8, 2041-57-8). They can easily be protected, as with a BOC group (or CBZ, or any other compatible protecting group) by known procedures familiar to one skilled in the art to yield alcohols 133. The alcohols can then be activated either by conversion to a halide or to a mesylate, tosylate or 10 triflate by methods familiar to one skilled in the art and as discussed previously, and then alkylated with pyrrolidine/piperidine 1 by the conditions described in Scheme 1 to yield 135. Subsequent deprotection yields 15 amine 136 which can be elaborated to the compounds of this invention as described previously. Of course, alcohol 133 can be oxidized to the aldehyde and then reacted with R^{7or8}MgBr or R^{7or8}Li with or without CeCl₃ to yield the corresponding alcohol 133 where instead of -CH2OH, we would have -CHR^{7or8}OH. This oxidation-1,2-addition sequence may 20 be repeated to yield a tertiary alcohol. The alcohol may then be tosylated, mesylated, triflated, or converted to Cl, Br, or I by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art to yield 134 and then displaced with pyrrolidine/piperidine 1 to yield 135. Subsequent 25 deprotection yields 136 which may undergo elaboration to the compounds of this invention as discussed previously.

SCHEME 17

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A method to introduce cycloalkyl groups at R11R12 is shown in Scheme 18. Protection of the nitrogen of compounds 137 which are commercially available yields 138 (the protecting group may be BOC, CBZ, or any other compatible protecting group) by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art. Esterification by any one of a number procedures familiar to one skilled in the art (for example A. Hassner and V. Alexanian, Tet. Lett, 1978, 46, 4475-8) followed by reduction with DIBAL (or alternatively reduction to the alcohol with, for example, LiBH4, followed by Swern oxidation (op. cit.)) yields aldehyde 139. carbon homologation via the Wittig reaction followed by 15 hydrolysis of the vinyl ether yields aldehyde 141. Reductive amination (Abdel-Magid, A. F., et al. Tet. Lett.

1990, 31, (39) 5595-5598) yields 142 followed by

deprotection yields amine 143 which can be elaborated to the compounds of this invention by the methods previously discussed. Of course, aldehyde 139 can be reacted with $R^{9 \text{or} 10} \text{MgBr}$ or $R^{9 \text{or} 10} \text{Li}$ with or without CeCl_3 to yield an alcohol which can be oxidized to a ketone. Wittig one-carbon homologation on this ketone as described above followed by hydrolysis yields 141 where the $-\text{CH}_2\text{CHO}$ is substituted with one $R^{9 \text{or} 10}$ group $(-\text{CHR}^{9 \text{or} 10})$.

SCHEME 18

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$$H_{2}N$$
 $COOH$
 DCC
 $DMAP$
 DCC
 $CH_{2})_{n}$
 DCC
 CH_{2}
 DCC
 DCC
 CH_{2}
 DCC
 D

Aldehyde $\underline{141}$ (-CH₂CHO) or its monosubstituted analog synthesized above (-CHR⁹or¹⁰CHO) can undergo alkylation with R⁹or¹⁰X where X is as defined in Scheme 1 to yield compound $\underline{141}$ containing one or both of the R⁹ and R¹⁰ substituents alpha to the aldehyde group. Alkylation can be performed using LDA or lithium bistrimethylsilyl amide amongst other

bases in an inert solvent such as ether, THF, etc., at -78 °C to room temperature. Aldehyde 141 (-CH2CHO) or its substituted analogs synthesized above (i.e., -CHR9R10CHO) can undergo reductive amination with 1 and subsequent elaboration to the compounds of this invention. Aldehyde 5 141 (-CH₂CHO) or its substituted analogs synthesized above (i.e., $-CHR^9R^{10}CHO$) can also undergo 1,2-addition with $R^{7or8}MgBr$ or $R^{7or8}Li$ to yield the corresponding alcohol - $CH_2CHR^{7or8}OH$ or $-CHR^9R^{10}CHR^{7or8}OH$. The alcohol may then be 10 tosylated, mesylated, triflated, or converted to Cl, Br, or I by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art and displaced with pyrrolidine/piperidine 1 to yield, after subsequent deprotection and elaboration, the compounds of this invention. Or else alcohol -CH2CHR7or8OH or - $CR^9R^{10}CHR^{7or8}OH$ can be oxidized (i.e., Swern, op. cit.) to 15 the ketone and reductively aminated with 1 and subsequently elaborated to the compounds of this invention. Or else alcohol -CH₂CHR⁷or⁸OH or -CR⁹R¹⁰CHR⁷or⁸OH can be oxidized (i.e., Swern, op. cit.) to the ketone and reacted once more with $R^{7or8}MgBr$ or $R^{7or8}Li$ to yield the corresponding alcohol 20 -CH₂CR⁷R⁸OH or -CR⁹R¹⁰CR⁷R⁸OH. If the ketone enolizes easily, CeCl₃ may be used together with the Grignard or lithium reagent. The alcohol can again be tosylated, mesylated, triflated, or converted to Cl, Br, or I by procedures 25 familiar to one skilled in the art and displaced with pyrrolidine/ piperidine 1 to yield, after subsequent deprotection and elaboration, the compounds of this invention. Thus each one of the R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} groups may be introduced into compounds 141, 142 and 143 and and, of course, in the compounds of this invention, by the 30 methods discussed above.

A method for the synthesis of N-substituted heterocycles at R⁵ is shown in Scheme 19. The heterocycle can be deprotonated with NaH or by other bases familiar to one skilled in the art, in a solvent such as DMF, THF, or another appropriate non-hydroxylic solvent and reacted with

piperidine or pyrrolidine 143 at room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent. Deprotection and elaboration as described before yields compounds where R5 contains an N-substituted heterocycle. If the nitrogen atom of the heterocycle is sufficiently nucleophilic, then an acid scavenger, such as K2CO3, KHCO3, Na2CO3, NaHCO3, amongst others, can be used in place of NaH, employing THF, DMF, or methyl ethyl ketone as solvents. In this case hydroxylic solvents may be used as well, such as methanol, ethanol, etc. from room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent. Compound 143 as well as its other positional isomers are available, for example, from commercially available 4-hydroxymethylpiperidine, 2-, 3-, and 4-carboethoxypiperidine, L- or D-proline ethyl ester, or from methyl 1-benzyl-5-oxo-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylate by methods familiar to one skilled in the art and as discussed previously in this application.

SCHEME 19

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A method for the synthesis of C-substituted heterocycles at R⁵ is shown in Scheme 20. Many heterocycles such as the ones shown in Scheme 20, but not limited thereto, can be metallated with strong bases such as LDA, n-BuLi, sec-BuLi, t-BuLi, etc. to yield the corresponding anionic species. These anions may also be

generated via halogen-metal exchange employing n-BuLi, or other alkyllithium reagents. These reactions may be performed in THF, ether, dioxane, DME, benzene, etc. at -78 °C to room temperature.

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SCHEME 20

etc.

For reviews of these metallations and halogen-metal exchange reactions see Organometallics in Organic Synthesis, FMC Corp., Lithium Division, 1993, pp. 17-39; Lithium Link, FMC Corp., Spring 1993, pp. 2-17; n-Butyllithium in Organic Synthesis, Lithium Corp. of America, 1982, pp. 8-16; G. Heinisch, T. Langer, P. Lukavsky, J. Het. Chem. 1997, 34, 17-19. The anions can then be quenched with electrophile 143 or its positional

isomers to yield the corresponding C-alkylated heterocyclic pyrrolidine or piperidine <u>145</u>.

SCHEME 21

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Another method for the synthesis of C-substituted heterocyclic-methylpyrrolidines or piperidines is shown in Scheme 21. The protected aldehyde 146 is reacted with the anion of the heterocycle (its generation as described previously) at -78 °C to room temperature with or without CeCl₃ in an inert solvent such as THF, ether, dioxane, DME, benzene, etc. to yield carbinol 147. Catalytic hydrogenation of the alcohol yields the corresponding methylene compound 145. Other reduction methods include Et₃SiH/TFA (J. Org. Chem. 1969, 34, 4; J. Org. Chem. 1987, 52, 2226) amongst others familiar to one skilled in the

art. It is understood by one skilled in the art that the aldehyde group can be located in other positions instead of, for example, the 4-position of piperidine in compound 146 as depicted in Scheme 21. It is to be understood that other heterocycles may also be used besides the ones shown in Scheme 20 and 21.

The anions of the methyl-substituted heterocycles may also be reacted with a BOC-protected piperidone or pyrrolidone (148) to yield alcohols 149 as shown in Scheme 22 (see above reviews on metallations for references). These alcohols may be reduced using PtO2 and TFA (P. E. Peterson and C. Casey, J. Org. Chem. 1964, 29, 2325-9) to yield piperidines and pyrrolidines 150. These can subsequently be taken on to the compounds of this invention as described previously. It is understood by one skilled in the art that the carbonyl group can be located in other positions instead of, for example, the 4-position of piperidine in compound 148 as depicted in Scheme 22. It is to be understood that other heterocycles may also be used besides the ones shown in Scheme 22.

SCHEME 22

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One may also react aryl (phenyl, naphthyl, etc.) anions, generated either by halogen-metal exchange or by ortho-directed metallation (Snieckus, V. Chem. Rev. 1990, 90, 879-933) using n- or s- or t-BuLi in a non-hydroxylic solvent such as THF, ether, etc., with or without TMEDA and allow them to react with compounds 143, 146, and 148 with subsequent elaboration to yield the compounds of this invention by the methods depicted in Schemes 19-22.

Another method for the preparation of C-substituted heterocycles is shown in Scheme 23. Protected piperidone 148 undergoes a Wittig reaction with heterocyclic phosphorous ylides to yield 151. Hydrogenation over a noble metal catalyst such as Pd in an alcoholic solvent or with an optically active transition metal catalyst (see asymmetric hydrogenation references of Parshall and Coleman, op. cit.) yields 152 which can be further elaborated into the compounds of this invention by the procedures described previously. It will be appreciated by one skilled in the art that the carbonyl group can be located in other positions instead of, for example, the 4-position of piperidine in compound 148 as depicted in Scheme 23. It is to be understood that other heterocycles may also be used besides the ones shown in Scheme 23.

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Scheme 23

Syntheses of amines 9, 10, and the amines which are precursors to isocyanates or isothiocyanates 5 will now be 5 discussed. For example, 3-nitrobenzeneboronic acid (153: Scheme 24) is commercially available and can undergo Suzuki couplings (Suzuki, A. Pure Appl. Chem. 1991, 63, 419) with a wide variety of substituted iodo- or bromo aryls (aryls such as phenyl, naphthalene, etc.), heterocycles, alkyls, 10 akenyls (Moreno-manas, M., et al., J. Org. Chem., 1995, 60, 2396), or alkynes. It can also undergo coupling with triflates of aryls, heterocycles, etc. (Fu, J.-m, Snieckus, V. Tet. Lett. 1990, 31, 1665-1668). Both of the above reactions can also undergo carbonyl insertion in the 15 presence of an atmosphere of carbon monoxide (Ishiyama, et al., Tet. Lett. 1993, 34, 7595). These nitro-containing compounds (155) and 157) can then be reduced to the corresponding amines either via catalytic hydrogenation, or via a number of chemical methods such as Zn/CaCl2 (Sawicki, E. J Org Chem 1956, 21). The carbonyl insertion compounds 20

(158) can also undergo reduction of the carbonyl group to either the CHOH or CH2 linkages by methods already discussed (NaBH4 or Et3SiH, TFA, etc.). These amines can then be converted to isocyanate 5 via the following methods 5 (Nowakowski, J. J Prakt Chem/Chem-Ztg 1996, 338 (7), 667-671; Knoelker, H.-J.et al., Angew Chem 1995, 107 (22), 2746-2749; Nowick, J. S.et al., J Org Chem 1996, 61 (11), 3929-3934; Staab, H. A.; Benz, W.; Angew Chem 1961, 73); to isothiocyanate 5 via the following methods (Strekowski L.et al., J Heterocycl Chem 1996, 33 (6), 1685-10 1688; Kutschy, Pet al., Synlett 1997, (3), 289-290); to carbamoyl chloride 11 (after 156 or 158 is reductively aminated with an R² group) (Hintze, F.; Hoppe, D.; Synthesis (1992) 12, 1216-1218); to thiocarbamoyl chloride 15 11 (after 156 or 158 is reductively aminated with an R2 group) (Ried, W.; Hillenbrand, H.; Oertel, G.; Justus Liebigs Ann Chem 1954, 590); or just used as 9, or 10 (after 156 or 158 is reductively aminated with an R^2 group), in synthesizing the compounds of this invention by 20 the methods depicted in Scheme 1.

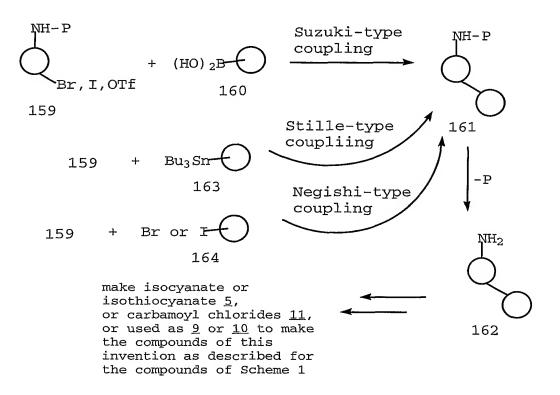
SCHEME 24

make isocyanate or isothiocyanate 5, or carbamoyl chlorides 11, or used as 9 or 10 to make the compounds of this invention as described for the compounds of Scheme 1

Likewise, protected aminobromobenzenes or triflates or protected aminobromoheterocycles or triflates 159 (Scheme 5 25) may undergo Suzuki-type couplings with arylboronic acids or heterocyclic boronic acids (160). bromides or triflates 159 may also undergo Stille-type coupling (Echavarren, A. M., Stille, J.K. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1987, 109, 5478-5486) with aryl, vinyl, or 10 heterocyclic stannanes 163. Bromides or triflates 159 may also undergo Negishi-type coupling with other aryl or heterocyclic bromides 164 (Negishi E. Accts. Chem. Res. 1982, 15, 340; M. Sletzinger, et al., Tet. Lett. 1985, 26, 2951). Deprotection of the amino group yields an amine 15 with can be coupled to make a urea and other linkers

containing Z as described above and for Scheme 1. Amino protecting groups include phthalimide, 2,4-dimethyl pyrrole (S. P. Breukelman, et al. J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. I, 1984, 2801); N-1,1,4,4-Tetramethyldisilyl-azacyclopentane (STABASE) (S. Djuric, J. Venit, and P. Magnus Tet. Lett 1981, 22, 1787) and others familiar to one skilled in the art.

SCHEME 25



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Compounds where R^7 and R^8 are taken together to form =NR^{8b} can be synthesized by the methods in Scheme 25a. Reacting 1 with nitrile a with CuCl catalysis forms amidine b where R^{8b} is H (Rousselet, G.; Capdevielle, P.; Maumy, M.; Tetrahedron Lett. 1993, 34 (40), 6395-6398). Note that the urea portion may be in final form or in precursor form (for example, a protected nitrogen atom; P = protecting group such as STABASE, bis-BOC, etc., as was discussed previously) which may be subsequently elaborated into the compounds of this invention. Compounds b may be also

synthesized by reacting iminoyl chloride <u>c</u> with pyrrolidine/piperidine <u>1</u> to yield <u>b</u> where R^{8b} is not H (Povazanec, F., et al., J. J. Heterocycl. Chem., 1992, 29, 6, 1507-1512). Iminoyl chlorides are readily available from the corresponding amide via PCl₅ or CCl₄/PPh₃ (Duncia, J.V. et al., J. Org. Chem., 1991, 56, 2395-2400). Again, the urea portion may be in final form or in precursor form.

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Scheme 25a

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{5}
 R^{1}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{11}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{2}
 R^{10}
 R^{2}
 R^{12}
 R^{12}

$$R^{5}$$
 n
 $C1$
 R^{8}
 R^{10}
 $R^{$

Many amines are commercially available and can be used as 9, 10, or used as precursors to isocyanates or isothiocyanates 5. There are numerous methods for the synthesis of non-commercially available amines familiar to one skilled in the art. For example, aldehydes and ketones may be converted to their O-benzyl oximes and then reduced

with LAH to form an amine (Yamazaki, S.; Ukaji, Y.; Navasaka, K.; Bull Chem Soc Jpn 1986, 59, 525). Ketones and trifluoromethylketones undergo reductive amination in the presence of TiCl4 followed by NaCNBH4 to yield amines (Barney, C.L., Huber, E.W., McCarthy, J.R. Tet. Lett. 1990, 31, 5547-5550). Aldehydes and ketones undergo reductive amination with Na(AcO)3BH as mentioned previously to yield amines (Abdel-Magid, A. F., et al. Tet. Lett. 1990, 31, (39) 5595-5598). Amines may also be synthesized from aromatic and heterocyclic OH groups (for example, phenols) 10 via the Smiles rearrangement (Weidner, J.J., Peet, N.P. J. Het. Chem., 1997, 34, 1857-1860). Azide and nitrile displacements of halides, tosylates, mesylates, triflates, etc. followed by LAH or other types or reduction methods yield amines. Sodium diformyl amide (Yinglin, H., Hongwen, 15 H. Synthesis 1989 122), potassium phthalimide, and bis-BOCamine anion can all displace halides, tosylates, mesylates, etc., followed by standard deprotection methods to yield amines, procedures which are familiar to one skilled in the 20 art. Other methods to synthesize more elaborate amines involve the Pictet-Spengler reaction, imine/immonium ion Diels-Alder reaction (Larsen, S.D.; Grieco, P.A. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1985, 107, 1768-69; Grieco, P.A., et al., J. Org. Chem. 1988, 53, 3658-3662; Cabral, J. Laszlo, P. Tet. Lett. 1989, 30, 7237-7238; amide reduction (with LAH or 25 diborane, for example), organometallic addition to imines (Bocoum, A. et al., J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Comm. 1993, 1542-4) and others all of which are familiar to one skilled in the art.

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Compounds containing an alcohol side-chain alpha to the nitrogen of the piperidine/pyrrolidine ring can be synthesized as shown in Scheme 25b. Only the piperidine case is exemplified, and it is to be understood by one skilled in the art that the alpha-substituted pyrrolidines may be synthesized by a similar route. It is also understood that appropriate substituents may be present on the piperidine/pyrrolidine ring. A 4-benzylpiperidine 196

is protected with a BOC group. The BOC-piperidine 197 is then metallated under conditions similar to those Beak, et al. (P. Beak and W.-K. Lee, J. Org. Chem. 1990, 55, 2578-2580, and references therein) and quenched with an aldehyde to yield alcohol 198. The metallation may also be done enantioselectively using sparteine (P. Beak, S.T. Kerrick, S. Wu, J. Chu J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1994, 116, 3231-3239). This alcohol can be deprotonated with NaH and cyclized to carbamate 198a which permits structural assignments of the 10 erythro and threo isomers. Deprotection with base yields aminoalcohol 199. Subsequent N-alkylation yields phthalimidoalkylpiperidine 201. It is to be understood that the alkyl chain does not necessarily have to be npropyl, but that n-propyl was chosen for demonstration purposes only. Deprotection of the phthalimido group with 15 hydrazine yields amine 202. Finally, reaction with an isocyanate or via any of the previously described conditions described in Scheme 1 yields urea 203. If an isocyanate is used, the isocyanate can add twice to yield 20 urea-carbamate 204.

Compounds where Z = N-CN, $CHNO_2$, and $C(CN)_2$ can be synthesized by the methods shown in Scheme 25c. Thus amine 208 reacts with malononitrile 207 neat or in an inert solvent at room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent, or at the melting point of the solid/solid mixture, to yield malononitrile 206. This in turn can undergo reaction with amine 205 under similar conditions stated just above to yield molononitrile 209. Likewise, a

similar reaction sequence may be used to make 212 and 215 [for Z = C(CN) 2], see for example P. Traxler, et al., J. Med. Chem. (1997), 40, 3601-3616; for Z = N-CN, see K. S. Atwal, J. Med. Chem. (1998) 41, 271; for Z = CHNO₂, see J. M. Hoffman, et al., J. Med. Chem. (1983) 26, 140-144).

Scheme 25c.

 R^{5} R^{5} R^{1} R^{1} R^{1} R^{2} R^{3} R^{5} R^{5} R^{5} R^{1} R^{1} R^{2} R^{3} R^{5} R^{5} R^{1} R^{2} R^{3} R^{5} R^{5

208

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Compounds where R^{11} and R^{12} join to form a cycloalkyl compounds can be synthesized by the methods shown in Scheme

25d. It is to be understood that the cyclopropyl case shown in Scheme 25d has been chosen only to serve as an example and that other protected aminoacids in place of 216 may also be employed. Thus, BOC-1-aminocyclopropane-1-

- 5 carboxylic acid 216 is coupled to (S)-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperidine using a common amide forming reagent such as BOP, HBTU or HATU to furnish the amide tert-1-{[(3S)-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)]
- piperidinyl]carbonyl)cyclopropylcarbamate (217). Then the

 amide is reduced to the corresponding amine by a reducing

 agent such as but not limited to BH₃ in THF at room

 temperature, followed by the removal of BOC protecting

 group with TFA and neutralization to afford the free amine

 218. The free amine is then condensed with an isocyanate

 or a carbamate to yield the desired urea 219.

Scheme 25d.

5 <u>EXAMPLES</u>

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The compounds of this invention and their preparation can be understood further by the following working examples. These examples are meant to be illustrative of the present invention, and are not to be taken as limiting thereof.

EXAMPLE 1

Part A: Preparation of 4-benzyl-1-(3-N-phthalimido-n-prop-1-yl)piperidine

4-benzylpiperidine (8.0 g , 45.6 mmol, 1eg), N-(3bromopropyl)-phthalimide (13.5 g, 50.2 mmol, 1.1 eq), potassium iodide (7.6 g, 45.6 mmol, 1 eq) and potassium 5 carbonate (2.6 g, 91.3 mmol, 2 eq) were refluxed in 125 mL of 2-butanone. The reaction was worked up after 5 hours by filtering off the inorganic solids then adding EtOAc and rinsing the organic layer 2X with water. The organic layer 10 was dried over magnesium sulfate then the solvent removed in vacuo to obtain an amber oil. The oil was purified by flash chromatography in 100% EtOAc to remove impurities then 8:2 chloroform/methanol to isolate 3.67 g of the product as a light amber oil. NMR(300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00-15 7.80 (m, 2H); 7.80-7.60 (m, 2H); 7.35-7.10 (m, 3H); 7.08 (d, 2H, J=7 Hz); 3.76 (t, 2H, J=7 Hz); 2.83 (d, 2H, J=10 Hz); 2.45-2.30 (m, 4H); 1.95-1.30 (m, 7H); 1.20-0.90 (m, 2H).

Part B: Preparaton of 4-benzyl-1-(3-amino-n-prop-1-20 yl)piperidine

$$N$$
 NH_2

4-benzyl-1-(3-N-phthalimido-n-prop-1-yl)piperidine

(13.72 g, 37.9 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissoved in 200 mL of EtOH at 25 °C under N2, the anhydrous hydrazine (2.38 mL, 75.7 mmol, 2 eq.) was added. The solution was then refluxed during which time a white precipitate formed. The reaction was worked up after refluxing 4 hours by filtering off the solids. The solvent was removed in vacuo to obtain an oil which was re-rotovapped from toluene to remove excess hydrazine. Obtained an oil which was stirred in Et20.

Insoluble material was filtered then the solvent removed in vacuo to obtain 5.55g of an amber oil as product. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.21 (m, 2H); 7.21-7.05 (m, 3H); 2.92 (d, 2H, J=10 Hz); 2.73 (t, 2H, J=7 Hz); 2.53 (d, 2H, J=7 Hz); 2.40-2.20 (m, 2H); 1.84 (t of t, 2H, J=7,7 Hz); 1.75-1.10 (m, 9H).

Part C: N-(3-cyanopheny1)-N'-[3-[4-(phenylmethy1)-1-piperidiny1)propy1]urea

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4-benzyl-1-(3-amino-n-prop-1-yl)piperidine (300 mg, 1.29 mmol, 1 eq) was dissoved in THF at 25 $^{\circ}$ C under N₂ then 15 3-cyanophenyl isocyanate (186 mg, 1.29 mmol, 1 eq) was TLC after 30 minutes shows the reaction complete. The solvent was removed in vacuo then the residue was purified over silica gel in 100% EtOAc to 8:2 chloroform/MeOHto yield 437 mg of an amber oil as product. NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.90-9.50 (m, 1H); 9.32 (s, 1H); 20 7.93 (s, 1H); 7.59 (d, 1H, J= 7Hz); 7.43 (t, 1H, J= 7Hz); 7.40-7.24 (m, 3H); 7.24-7.10 (m, 3H); 6.68 (t, 1H, J=7 Hz); 3.50-3.25 (m, 2H); 3.25-3.07 (m, 2H); 3.07-2.90 (m, 2H); 2.90-2.60 (m, 2H); 2.60-2.40 (m, 2H); 2.00-1.60 (m, 5H); 25 1.60-1.30 (m, 2H).

EXAMPLE 2

Part A: Preparation of 4-benzyl-1-carbomethoxymethyl-1-[3-(3-cyanophenylaminocarbonylamino)prop-1-yl]piperidinium bromide

4-benzyl-1-[3-(3-cyanophenylaminocarbonylamino)prop-1-yl]piperidine (50mg, 0.133 mmol, 1 eq), was dissoved in acetone at 25 °C under N₂ then methyl bromoacetate (13μL, 0.133 mmol, 1 eq), was added. After 16 hours, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified over silica gel in 100% EtOAc to 8:2 chloroform/MeOH to yield 50 mg of white solids as product. NMR (300MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.00-7.80 (m, 1H); 7.65-7.45 (m, 1H); 7.45-7.33 (m, 1H); 7.33-7.05 (m, 6H); 4.50-4.25 (m, 2H); 4.00-3.60 (m, 5H); 3.50-3.20 (m, 6H); 2.70-2.50 (m, 2H); 2.10-1.60 (m, 7H).

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EXAMPLE 3

15 Part A: Preparation of 1-(t-Butoxycarbonyl)-3-piperidone

To a deep yellow solution of 1-benzyl-3-piperidone hydrochloride (3.00 g, 1.33 mmol, 1 equiv) in methanol (100 mL) was added 10 wt. % (dry basis) palladium on activated carbon (600 mg) under a stream of nitrogen. The resulting black suspension was deoxygenated by alternate evacuation and flushing with nitrogen (3x) followed by alternate evacuation and flushing with hydrogen (3x). The reaction suspension was then shaken vigorously under a hydrogen atmosphere of 55 psi. After 12 hours, gravity filtration of the supsension and concentration of the resulting filtrate in vacuo yielded crude 3-piperidone as a viscous light green oil. The oil was immediately treated with

tetrahydrofuran (150 mL) and di-t-butyldicarbonate (4.73 g, 21.7 mmol, 0.98 equiv). Upon addition of saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (25 mL), the oil completely dissolved to give a light yellow suspension. After stirring the suspension vigorously for 2 hours, the now white suspension was poured into aqueous hydrogen chloride (1N, 100 mL), and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 70 \text{ mL})$, and the combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous sodium chloride (50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, and filtered. Concentration of the resulting filtrate in vacuo yielded 1-(t-butoxycarbonyl)-3-piperidone (3.79 g, 86%) as a white ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃), δ :3.94 (s, 2H), 3.53 oilv solid. (t, 2H, J = 6 Hz), 2.41 (t, 2H, J = 7 Hz), 1.92 (m, 2H),1.41 (s, 9H)

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Part B: Preparation of 1',3-(2H)-Dehydro-3-benzyl-1-(t-butoxycarbonyl)piperidine

To a flame-dried 100-mL flask charged with sodium hydride (60% wt. dispersion in mineral oil; 601 mg, 15.0 mmol, 2.3 equiv)) and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (20 mL) was added benzyl diethylphosphite (3.42 g, 3.13 mL, 15.0 mmol, 2.3 equiv) dropwise over a period of 5 min. After 10 min, 1-(t-butoxycarbonyl)-3-piperidone was added in one portion to the pale yellow suspension. The flask was fitted with a relfux condensor, and the resulting yellow-gray suspension at heated under reflux conditions for 2 hrs. Upon cooling to 23 °C, the reaction was poured into aqueous hydrogen chloride (0.20 N, 100 mL) and diethyl ether (75 mL). The

layers were separated and the aqueous layer was basified with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate to pH 9. The aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (4 x 75 mL), and the combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate. Filtration, concentration in vacuo, and purification of the resulting residue by flash column chromatography (5% ethyl acetate in hexanes) afforded a mixture of the desired olefin (410 mg, 23%) and the corresponding ethoxycarbamate (550 mg, 34%) as a clear oil. 10 The ethoxycarbamate was removed in the subsequent step by flash column chromatography. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃), δ : 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.18 (m, 3H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 3.50 (t, 2H, J = 6 Hz), 2.51 (t, 2H, J = 5 Hz), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H). MS (CI), m^{+}/z : $(M+H)^{+} = 274$, $[(M+H)^{+} -$ 15 $(-C(0)OC(CH_3)_3)]$ 174.

Part C: Preparation of 1-(t-Butoxycarbonyl)-3-benzylpiperidine

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To a solution of impure product (410 mg, 1.50 mmol) obtained in the previous step in methanol (100 mL) was added 10 wt. % (dry basis) palladium on activated carbon (200 mg) under a stream of nitrogen. The resulting black suspension was deoxygenated by alternate evacuation and flushing with nitrogen (3x) followed by alternate evacuation and flushing with hydrogen (3x). The reaction suspension was then shaken vigorously under a hydrogen atmosphere of 55 psi. After 12 hours, gravity filtration of the supsension and concentration of the resulting filtrate in vacuo resulted in a pale yellow residue.

Purification of this residue by flash column chromatography afforded 1-(t-butoxycarbonyl)-3-benzyl-piperidine (407 mg, 99%) as a clear oil. 1 H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃), δ : 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 3H), 3.86 (m, 2H), 2.75 (br m, 1H), 2.51 (m, 3H), 1.70 (br. m, 2H), 1.64 (br. m, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H), 1.34 (br. m, 1H), 1.09 (br. m, 1H). MS (CI), m^{+}/z : $(M^{+} + 1)$ 276, $[(M+H)^{+} - (-C(0)OC(CH₃)₃)] = 176$.

Part D: 3-Benzylpiperidine hydrochloride

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To a solution of 1-(t-butoxycarbony1)-3benzylpiperidine (400 mg, 1.45 mmol) in methanol (5 mL) was
added hydrogen chloride in dioxane (4M, 15 mL). The
resulting yellow solution was stirred for 1 hr, at which
time the reaction was concentrated in vacuo to provide 3benzylpiperidine hydrochloride (308 mg, 100%) as an
amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD3OD), δ: 7.27 (m,
20 2H,), 7.19 (m, 3H), 3.29 (br. d, 1H, J = 12Hz), 3.20 (br.
d, 1H, J = 12 Hz), 2.87 (br. t, 1H, J = 12 Hz), 2.67 (m,
1H), 2.60 (d, 2H, J = 7Hz), 2.08 (m, 1H) 1.70-1.87 (m, 3H),
1.26 (m, 1H). MS (CI), m⁺/z: (M+H)⁺ = 176.

25 Part E: Preparation of N-(3-methoxyphenyl)-N'-[3-[3-[3-[(phenyl)methyl]-1-piperidinyl]propyl]urea

The above compound was prepared by the methods similar to the ones employed in Example 1, part C.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD), δ:7.29-7.13 (m, 4H); 7/07 (d, 1H, J=9 Hz); 7.02 (m, 1H); 6.78 (d, 1H, J=9 Hz); 6.60 (d, 1H, J=9 Hz); 3.77 (s, 3H); 3.30 (m, 2H); 2.80 (m, 2H); 2.53-2.32 (m, 4H); 1.85-1.55 (m, 7H); 1.44-0.78 (m, 2H). MS (ESI), m^+/z : (M+H) + = 382.

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EXAMPLE 4

Part A: Preparation of a,a'-Dibromo-3-nitro-o-xylene

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3-Nitro-o-xylene (10.0g, 66.14 mmol, 1.00 eq), N-bromosuccinimide (24.14 g, 135.6 mmol, 2.05 eq), and benzoyl peroxide (0.8 g, 3.30 mmol, 0.5 eq) were refluxed under N2 in 200 ml of carbon tetrachloride. The reaction was worked up after two days by washing with 3 x 100 ml of water. The organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, then the solvent was removed in vacuo to obtain an amber oil. The oil was purified by flash chromatography on a 8 cm x 20 cm quartz column, eluting with 7.5% EtoAc/Hexanes to yield 4.46 g of product as a sticky solid. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.88 (d, 1H, J=7 Hz), 7.64 (d, 1H, J=7 Hz), 7.48 dd, 1H, J=8 Hz), 4.86 (s, 2H), 4.69(s, 2H).

Part B: Preparation of 1,3-Dihydro-4'-[4-fluorophenylmethyl]-4-nitro-spiro[2H-isoindole-2,1'-piperidinium] bromide

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4-Fluorobenzylpiperidine (0.94 g, 4.86 mmol, 1.0 eq), a,a'-dibromo-3-nitro-o-xylene (1.50 g, 4.86 mmol, 1.0 eq), 10 and sodium carbonate (2.57 g, 24.3 mmol, 5.0 eq) were combined in 20 ml THF and stirred at 25 • C under N2, during which time a white solid precipitated from the reaction The reaction was worked up after 22 hours by filtering the solids and rinsing with THF. The solids were dissolved in methanol and applied to a 3.5 cm x 5 cm quartz 15 column via silica plug. The product was eluted with 20% MeOH/CHCl3 to yield 1.04 g of a white foam. NMR (300 MHz, CD3OD) δ 8.27 (d, 1H, J=8 Hz), 7.84 -7.80 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, 2H, J=8 Hz, 8 Hz), 20 5.38-5.37 (m, 2H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 3.80-3.72 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.54 (m, 2H), 2.71-2.68 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.75 (m, 5H).

Part C: Preparation of 4-Amino-1, 3-dihydro-4'-[4fluorophenylmethyl]-spiro[2H-isoindole-2,1'-piperidinium] bromide

$$F$$
 Br
 NH_2

1,3-Dihydro-4'-[4-fluorophenylmethyl]-4-nitrospiro[2H-isoindole-2,1'-piperidinium] bromide (1.03 g, 2.46 mmol, 1.0 eq), zinc (5.32 g, 81.5 mmol, 33.0 eq), and calcium chloride (0.18 g, 1.60 mmol, 0.65 eq) were refluxed under N2 in 25 ml of a 78% ethanol/water solution. 5 reaction was worked up after 5 hours by filtering through Celite® and rinsing the cake with methanol. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to a mixture of water and an amber oil. The mixture was dissolved in 50 ml of 2-10 propanol, and concentrated in vacuo to remove excess water. The resulting yellow foam was dissolved in methanol and applied to a 3.5 cm x 5 cm quartz column via silica plug. The product was eluted with 20% MeOH/CHCl3 to yield 0.81g of a yellow foam. NMR (300 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.27-7.05 (m, 5H), 15 6.61-6.53 (m, 2H), 5.43-5.41 (m, 2H), 4.80 (bs, 1H), 4.74(bs, 2H), 4.63 (bs, 1H), 3.62-3.43 (m, 4H), 2.60 (bd, 2H, J=7 Hz), 1.98-1.59 (m, 5H).

Part D: Preparation of N-[1,3-Dihydro-4'-[4-fluorophenyl-20 methyl]spiro[2H-isoindole-2,1'-piperdinium-4-yl]-N'-4-fluorophenylurea bromide

4-Amino-1, 3-dihydro-4'-[4-fluorophenylmethyl]spiro[2H-isoindole-2, 1'-piperidinium] bromide (0.33 g,
0.84 mmol, 1.0 eq), and 4-fluorophenyl isocyanate (0.23 g,
1.69 mmol, 2.0 eq) were combined in 3 ml DMF and stirred at
25• C under N2. The reaction was worked up after 22

30 hours by removing the solvent in vacuo, dissolving the
residue in methanol, and applying the mixture to a 3.5 cm x
15 cm quartz column via silica plug. The product was
eluted with 10% MeOH/CHCl3 to yield 65 mg of a yellow foam.

NMR (300 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.18 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.49-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.10 (m, 5H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 3.63-3.45 (m, 4H), 2.61 (bd, j=7 Hz), 1.91-1.62 (m, 5H)

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EXAMPLE 5

Part A. Preparation of 4-benzyl-1-(3-hydroxy-3-phenylprop-1-yl)piperidine

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To a flame-dried 3-neck flask under a N2 atmosphere with a magnetic stirring bar, 4-benzylpiperidine (5.00 mL, 28 mmol, 1 eq), DBU (42 µL, 0.28 mmol, 0.01 eq), and THF (100 mL) were added, mixed, and cooled to -15 °C using a $CCl_4/CO_2(s)$ bath. Acrolein (1.87 mL, 28 mmol, 1 eq) was then syringed in slowly during 10 minutes maintaining the temp. at -15 °C. After 0.5 hours at -15 °C, phenylmagnesium chloride (2.0 M, 14.0 mL, 28 mmol, 1 eq) was syringed in slowly and the contents allowed to slowly warm to room temperature and then stirred for 48 h. The reaction was worked up by adding 0.1 N NaOH and EtOAc (200 mL each). The viscous magnesium salts were suction filtered through fiberglass filter paper. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted again with ethyl acetate (2 x 200 mL). The organic layers were combined, washed with brine (1 x 200 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent removed in vacuo to yield 7.39 g of an amber oil. Flash chromatography in 100% ethyl actetate yielded 2.48 g of an orange oil. NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.10 (m, 10H); 4.93 (d of d, 1H, J=3,7 Hz); 3.12-2.96 (m, 2H); 2.68-2.46 (m, 4H);

2.01 (t of d, 1H, J=2, 10 Hz); 1.86-1.26 (m, 8H). ESI MS detects (M+H) + = 310.

Part B: Preparation of 4-benzyl-1-(3-azido-3-phenylprop-1-5 yl)piperidine

The product from part A (209 mg, 0.675 mmol, 1 eq), DBU (123 mg, 0.810 mmol, 1.2 eq), diphenylphosphoryl azide 10 (0.175 mL, 0.810 mmol, 1.2 eq), and toluene (1.0 mL) were mixed and stirred overnight at room temperature under a N_2 atmosphere. The reaction was then worked up by adding ethyl acetate (50 mL), washing with water (3 x 25 mL), followed by washing with brine (1 x 25 mL), drying (MgSO₄) 15 and removing the solvent in vacuo to yield 277 mg of an amber oil. Flash chromatography in 1:1 hexane/ethyl acetate yielded 84 mg of product as an oil. NMR (CDCl3) δ 7.41-7.09 (m, 10 H); 4.56 (t, 1H, J=7 Hz); 3.83 (m, 2H); 2.52 (d, 2H, J=7 Hz); 2.32 (t, 2H, J=7 Hz); 2.30-1.77 (m, 20 5H); 2.59 (m, 2H); 1.98 (m, 1H); 1.39-1.26 (m, 4H). IR (neat) 2095 cm^{-1} .

Part C: Preparation of 4-benzyl-1-(3-amino-3-phenylprop-1-yl)piperidine

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The compound from part B (100 mg), 10% Pd on carbon (120 mg), and methanol (100 mL) were carefully combined in a flask under a N_2 atmosphere. The contents were then submitted to 1 atm of H_2 being delivered via a sparge tube for 0.5 h at room temperature. Filtration of the contents through Celite® and removal of the solvent in vacuo yielded 70 mg of product. NMR (CDCl₃) (key peak only) δ 3.94 (t, 1, J = 7 Hz). NH₄-CI MS detects (M+H)⁺ = 309.

10 Part D: N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[3-[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperidinyl]-1-phenylpropyl]urea

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The compound from Part C (57 mg, 0.185 mmol, 1 eq) was mixed and stirred with 3-cyanophenylisocyanate 26.6 mg, 0.185 mmol, 1 eq) in THF (1 mL) overnight at room temperature under a N₂ atmosphere. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue flash chromatographed on silica gel in 3:1 to 1:1 hexane/ethyl acetate to 100% ethyl acetate to yield 44.3 mg of a yellow oil. NMR (CDCl₃) δ7.58 (s, 1H); 7.52 (d, 1H, J = 9 Hz); 7.42 (s, 1H); 7.30-7.17 9m, 8H); 7.12 (m, 3H); 4.82 (m, 1H); 2.97-2.80 (m, 3H); 2.52 (d, 2H, J=7 Hz); 2.35 (m, 2H); 2.05-1.85 (m, 4H); 1.81-1.60 (m, 2H); 1.54 (m, 1H); 1.25 (m, 1H). ESI MS detects (M+H)⁺ = 453.

EXAMPLE 6

Part A: Preparation of 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-phenyl-30 3-butene.

To a stirred suspension of methyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (10.72 g, 0.03 moles) in 100 mL of dry tetrahydofuran at -78°C was added dropwise 1.6M n-butyl lithium (17.5 mL, 0.028 moles), and the mixture was stirred for 0.5 hrs at -78 ~ -20°C. Then was added a solution of N-Cbz-phenylalaninal (5.67 g, 0.02 moles) in 50 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran, and the mixture was stirred for 16 hrs at room temperature. After addition of saturated NH4Cl (50 mL) the mixture was extracted with EtOAc, and the extract was washed with water and brine. It was dried over Na2SO4 and evaporated to give an oily residue. The crude product was purified by column chromatograpy on silica gel with elution by 5:95 EtOAc-hexane to give pure 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-phenyl-3-butene.

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Part B: Preparation of 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-phenyl-3,4-epoxy-butane.

To a stirred solution of 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-phenyl-3-butene (1.43 g, 5.08 mmoles) in 20 mL of CH2Cl2 was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (2.19 g, 60%, 7.62 mmoles) in several portions, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 hrs. After addition of EtOAc (60 mL), the mixture was washed with saturated NaHCO3 and brine, and the organic layer was dried over Na2SO4.

Evaporation of the solvent afforded an oily residue. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with elution by 2:8 EtOAc-hexane to give pure 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-phenyl-3,4-epoxy-butane.

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Part C: Preparation of 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl-1-piperidinyl]-1-phenyl-butan-3-ol.

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A solution of 4-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl-piperidine (0.515 g, 2.314 mmoles) and 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-phenyl-3,4-epoxy-butane (0.688 g, 2.314 mmoles) in 5 mL of DMF was stirred for 4 hours at 100°C and cooled to room temperature. After addition of EtOAc (30 mL), the mixture was washed with water (2x) and brine. The oranic solution was dried over Na2SO4, and evaporated to give an oily residue. It was then purified by passing through a plug of silica gel with elution by EtOAc to give pure product.

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Part D: Preparation of 2-amino-4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl-1-piperidinyl]-1-phenyl-butan-3-ol.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array}$$

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The above product was dissolved in 10 mL of ethanol, and was added 0.1 g of 10% Pd on carbon. The mixture was stirred under hydrogen (1 atm) for 8 hours, and filtered

through Celite. Evaporation of the solvent gave the titled product as solid (0.662 g).

Part E: Preparation of N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-[1-benzyl-2bydroxy-3-[4-(4-fluorophenylmethyl)-1piperidinyl]propyl]urea

To a solution of 2-amino-4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl1-piperidinyl]-1-phenyl-butan-3-ol (50 mg, 0.14 mmoles) in
2.5 mL of dry THF was added 3-cyanophenyl isocyanate (20.2 mg, 0.14 mmoles) and the mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. Then the solvent was evaporated off to
15 give an oily residue. It was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with elution by EtOAc to give pure titled compound as an amorphous solid.

MS (ES+) for C₃₀H₃₃FN₄O₂: 501.

The following examples were prepared by the procedures previously described in Schemes 1-25, Examples 1-6 and/or by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art.

TABLE_1*

Ex #	Core	G	R3	M+1
7	a	Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	410
8	a	Ph	3-I-Ph	464
9	a	Ph	1-adamantyl	396
10	a	Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	368
11	a	Ph	Ph	338
12	a	Ph	4-F-Ph	356
13	a	Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	410
14	a	Ph	4-CN-Ph	363
15	b	Ph	1-adamantyl	410
16	b	Ph	2-F-5-CF3-Ph	438
17	b	Ph	2-naphthyl	402
18	b	Ph	2-F-5-NO2-Ph	415
19	b	Ph	4-N(CH3)2-Ph	395
20	b	Ph	2-NO2-Ph	397
21	b	Ph	2-C2H5-Ph	380
22	b	Ph	4-CF4-Ph	420
23	b	Ph	3,5-diCF3-Ph	488
24	b	Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	424
25	b	Ph	3-CN-Ph	377
26	b	Ph	4-OBn-Ph	458
27	b	Ph	2-Ph-Ph	428
28	b	Ph	2-BrPh	431
29	b	Ph	4-I-Ph	478
30	b	Ph	3-I-Ph	478
31	b	Ph	4-OEt-Ph	396
32	b	Ph	4-nBu-Ph	408

33	b	Ph	4-nBuO-Ph	424
34	b	Ph	CH(Bn)CO2Et	452
35	b	Ph	CH(iPr)CO2Et	404
36	b	Ph	nC8H17	388
37	b	Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	382
38	b	Ph	Ph	352
39	b	Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	424
40	b	Ph	4-F-Ph	370
41	b	Ph	2-Phenyl-	392
			cyclopropyl	
42	b	Ph	2-0CH3-Ph	382
43	b	Ph	4-OCH3-Ph	382
44	b	4-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	395
45	b	4-F-Ph	4-F-Ph	388
46	b	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	442
47	b	3,4-OCH2O-Ph	3-CN-Ph	421
48	b	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	400
49	b	3,4-OCH2O-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	468
50	b	3,4-OCH2O-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	426
51	b	4-OCH3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	412
52	b	4-OCH3-Ph	4-F-Ph	400
53	b	Ph	4-CN-Ph	377
54	b	3,4-OCH2O-Ph	4-F-Ph	414
55	b	4-OCH3-Ph	4-CN-Ph	407
56	b	2,4-diF-Ph	4-F-Ph	406
57	b	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	418
58	b	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CN-Ph	413
59	b	3-CF3-Ph	4-F-Ph	438
60	b	3-CF3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	450
61	b	4-F-Ph	CH2Ph	384
62	b	4-F-Ph	CH2CH2Ph	398
63	b	4-F-Ph	2-F-Ph	388
64	b	4-F-Ph	3-F-Ph	388
65	b	4-F-Ph	cyclohexyl	376
66	b	4-F-Ph	iPr	336

67	b	4-F-Ph	2-phenyl-	410
		#-T-ETI	cyclopropyl	410
68	b	4-CF3-Ph	3-CN-Ph	445
	ļ			
69	b	3-CF3-Ph	3-CN-Ph	445
70	b	4-CH3-Ph	3-0CH3-Ph	396
71	b	4-CH3-Ph	3-CN-Ph	391
72	b	4-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph	411
73	b	4-CF3-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	492
74	b	3-OCH3-Ph	3-0CH3-Ph	412
75	b	3-0CH3-Ph	3-CN-Ph	407
76	b	4-CO2CH3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	440
77	b	4-CO2CH3-Ph	3-CN-Ph	435
78	b	4-CO2CH3-Ph	4-F-Ph	428
79	b	4-CO2CH3-Ph	4-CO2CH3-Ph	482
80	b	4-CF3-Ph	4-F-Ph	438
81	b	4-CF3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	450
82	b	3-OCH3-Ph	4-F-Ph	400
83	b	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	454
84	b	2-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	395
85	b	3-OCH3-Ph	3-F-Ph	400
86	b	2-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	400
87	b	3-0CH3-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	454
88	b	2-F-Ph	3-F-Ph	388
89	b	2-F-Ph	4-F-Ph	388
90	b	2-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	442
91	b	3-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	395
92	b	3,4-diF-Ph	3-CN-Ph	413
93	b	3,4-diF-Ph	3-0CH3-Ph	418
94	b	4-Cl-Ph	4-F-Ph	404
95	b	4-C1-Ph	3-0CH3-Ph	416
96	b	2-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	442
97	b	3-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	400
98	b	3-F-Ph	4-F-Ph	388
99	b	3-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	442
100	b	3,4-diF-Ph	4-F-Ph	406
101	b	3-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph	411
				L

102	b	4-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph	412
				_
103	b	3,5-diF-Ph	3-CN-Ph	413
104	b	3,5-diF-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	418
105	b	4-F-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph	412
106	b	1-naphthyl	3-CN-Ph	427
107	b	1-naphthyl	4-F-Ph	420
108	b	1-naphthyl	3-OCH3-Ph	432
109	b	3-CH3-Ph	3-CN-Ph	391
110	b	3-CH3-Ph	4-F-Ph	384
111	b	3-CH3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	396
112	b	4-F-Ph	2-iPr-Ph	412
113	b	4-F-Ph	2-CF3-Ph	438
114	b	4-F-Ph	3-Cl-Ph	404
115	b	4-F-Ph	3-CF3-Ph	438
116	b	4-F-Ph	4-Ph-Ph	446
117	b	4-F-Ph	2-C1-Ph	404
118	b	4-F-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph	406
119	С	Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	424
120	С	Ph	3-CN-Ph	377
121	C	Ph	4-F-Ph	370
122	C	Ph	Ph	352
123	С	Ph	1-adamantyl	410
124	С	Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	424
125	С	4-F-Ph	Ph	370
126	С	4-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	395
127	С	4-F-Ph	1-adamantyl	428
128	С	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	400
129	С	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	442
130	С	4-F-Ph	4-F-Ph	388
130a	С	4-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph	412
131	С	2-F-Ph	Ph	370
132	С	2-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	395
133	С	2-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	400
134	С	2-F-Ph	4-F-Ph	388
135	С	3-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	400
136	С	3-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	395
		<u>-</u> -		l

137	С	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CN-Ph	413
138	С	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	418
139	С	2,4-diF-Ph	Ph	388
140	С	2,4-diF-Ph	4-F-Ph	406
141	С	2,4-diF-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph	430
142	đ	Ph	3-CN-Ph	391
143	đ	Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	438
144	d	Ph	3-I-Ph	492
145	đ	Ph	4-OCH2Ph-Ph	472
146	d	Ph	1-adamantyl	424
147	đ	Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	396
148	d	Ph	Ph	366
149	đ	Ph	4-F-Ph	384
150	d	Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	438
151	đ	Ph	4-CN-Ph	391
152	е	4-F-Ph	Ph	356
153	е	4-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	381
154	е	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	386
155	е	4-F-Ph	4-F-Ph	374
156	е	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph	428
157	е	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph	428
158	е	4-F-Ph	1-adamantyl	414
159	f	4-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph	411
160	f	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	416
161	j	Ph	Ph	458
162	j	Ph	3-CN-Ph	483
163	j	Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	488
164	j	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	506
165	j	4-F-Ph	4-F-Ph	494
166	j	4-F-Ph	1-adamantyl	534
167	1	Ph	3-OCH3-Ph	458
168	1	Ph	1-adamantyl	486
169	С	imidazol-1-yl	3-OCH3-Ph	372
1. 777				', ,, ,, ,, ,, ,

^{*} All stereocenters are (+/-) unless otherwise indicated

N-(1-{2-(3S)-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperidinyl)methyl}cyclopropyl)-N'-[3-(1-methyl-1H-tetraazole-5-yl)phenyl]urea

Part A: Preparation of tert-1-{[(3S)-3-(4-5] fluorobenzyl)piperidinyl]carbonyl}cyclopropylcarbamate

To a ice-water cooled solution of (S)-3-(4fluorobenzyl) piperidine (100 mg, 0.517 mmol), Boc-1-10 aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid (109.3 mg, 0.543 mmol) in DMF (2.2 mL) was added HATU reagent (204 mg, 0.543 mmol), followed by addition of Huenig's base (0.142 mL, 0.815 mmol). The resulting mixture was then warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2h. The reaction mixture was 15 diluted in sat. NaHCO3 aq. solution, and extracted with ethyl acetate (25 mL). The organic layer was washed with sat. NaHCO3 ag. Solution, and brine. The organic layer was then dried in $MgSO_4$, concentrated and used directly in the next step. Mass: Spec(ES), 377.2 (M+H); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.15-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.98 (t, 2H, J = 8.8 Hz), 20 4.42-4.36 (m, 1H), 4.26-4.18 (m, 1H), 2.98-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.82 (s, 2H), 2.61-2.48 (m, 3H), 1.82-1.67 (m, 3H), 1.43 (S, 9H), 1.28-1.13 (m, 3H), 0.97 (bs, 1H).

25 Part B: Preparation of 1-[[(3S)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinylmethyl]cyclopropanamine

To a solution of of $tert-1-\{[(3S)-3-(4$ fluorobenzyl)piperidinyl]carbonyl}cyclopropylcarbamate (5.2 g, 13.8 mmol) in THF (40 mL) was dropwise added BH3. THF solution (40 mL, 1.0 M). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for additional 4.5 h. reaction mixture was then concentrated, and directly treated with a 50% solution of TFA in methylene chloride 10 (52 mL) for 1.0 h at RT. The solvent of the reaction mixture was removed. The resulting residue was suspended in water, extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 25 mL). ag. solution was then neutralized with 1 N NaOH solution to pH 9-10, and extracted with ether extensively (6 X 25 mL). 15 The combined organic layer was then dried over NaSO4 and concentrated to provide 1-[[(3S)-3-(4fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinylmethyl]cyclopropanamine. Mass: Spec(ES), 263.3 (M+H); 1 H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl $_{3}$): δ (m,

2H), 6.99-6.93 (m, 2H), 2.91-2.2.80 (m, 2H), 2.52-2.46 (m, 2H), 2.29 (d, 1H, J = 12.5 Hz), 2.13 (d, 1H, J = 12.5 Hz), 1.89-1.63 (m, 8H), 0.96-0.91 (m, 1H), 0.59-0.54 (m, 2H), 0.32-0.0.30 (m, 2H).

The material was found to have a purity of greater than 95% and was used directly in the next step without further purification.

Part C: Preparation of N-(1-{2-(3S)-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperidinyl)methyl}cyclopropyl)-N'-[3-(1-methyl-1H-tetraazole-5-yl)phenyl]urea

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To a solution of 1-[[(3S)-3-(4fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinylmethyl]cyclopropanamine 5 (102 mg, 0.3893 mmol) in acetonitrile (1.55 mL) was phenyl 3-(1-methyl-1H-tetraazole-5-yl)phenylcarbamate (126 mg, 0.4285 mmol). The mixture was stirred RT for 4.0 h and the solevent was evaporated off. The residue was directly purified on silica gel with elution with methylene 10 chloride, and 10% methanol in ethylacetate to give a white solid (162 mg, 90% yield); Mass: Spec(ES), 464.2 (M+H); 1 H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD) : δ 8.03 (d,2H, J = 1.5 Hz), 7.54-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.16 (m, 2H), 6.97-6.94 (m, 2H), 4.20 (s, 3H), 3.90-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.76-3.70 (m, 2H)15 1H), 3.38-3.3.22 (m, 2H), 2.95-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.60 (m, 3H), 2.18-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.95-1.78 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.20 (m, 1H), 1.15-0.98 (m, 4H).

The following compounds in Table 1a can be made by the 20 procedures described in Example 6a, and by other procedures described in this application and/or by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art.

TABLE 1a

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Ex. #	n	R ³	Mass	spec	
L			1		

	T		
			M+1
169a	1		424
169b	1	N-N, N Me	464
169c	1		495
169d	1	OMe	525
169e	1	OMe	469
169f	1	OMe H ₂ N O	455
169g	1	S Me	445.1
169h	2	N-N, Me	478.3

EXAMPLE 6b

N-[3-[(3S)-3-[(4-Fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]propyl]N'-[4-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea

Part A. Preparation of N-Methyl-4-nitro-benzamide

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4-Nitrobenzoyl chloride (7.00 g, 38 mmol, 1 eq) was
dissolved in 50 ml of THF and added to a 2.0 M solution of
methylamine in THF (41.5 ml, 83 mmol, 2.2 eq.) at 0°C.
Worked up after 3 hours by adding EtOAc and rinsing 3X with
10 1N NaOH, 1X with brine. The organic layer was dried over
MgSO4, then stripped to obtain 2.25 g of off-white solids
as product. NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.80 (m, 1H), 8.33 (d,
2H, J = 7 Hz), 8.06 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz). 2.86 (d, 3H, J = 7
Hz).

15 Part B. Preparation of 1-Methyl-5-(4-nitro-phenyl)-1H-tetrazole

N-Methyl-4-nitro-benzamide (2.25 g, 12.5 mmol, 1 eq.) and PCl₅ (2.60 g, 12.5 mmol, 1 eq.) were melted together under house vacuum connected to a NaOH trap behind a safety shield. Melting occurred at 100°C. Heated at 130 °C for 1

hour then purified by kugelrohr distillation at 0.1 mmHg at 130°C. CAUTION: THE EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES OF THIS COMPOUND ARE UNKNOWN). The iminoyl chloride (12.5 mmol 1 eq.) in DMF 10 ml was added to NaN3 in 10 ml of DMF at 25°C and stirred overnight. Worked up by adding EtOAc then rinsing 3X with $\rm H_2O$. The organic layer was dried over MgSO4, then stripped to obtain yellow solids which were purified over silica gel in 3:1 hexanes/EtOAc to 100% EtOAc. Obtained 1.21 g of yellow solids as product. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl3) δ 8.46 (d, 2H, J = 7Hz), 8.02 (d, 2H, J = 7Hz),4.27 (S, 3H).

Part C. Preparation of 4-(1-Methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-phenylamine

15 1-Methyl-5-(4-nitro-phenyl)-1H-tetrazole (470 mg), 20%
Pd(OH)₂ (94 mg), and 1:1 MeOH/EtOAc (25 ml), were
hydrogenated at 50 PSI for 1 hour. The reaction was
filtered through fiberglass filter paper under nitrogen.
The filtrate was stripped to yield 383 mg of yellow solids
20 as product. Mass Spec detects 176 (M+H). NMR (300 MHz,
CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, 2H, J = 7Hz), 6.80 (d, 2H, J = 7Hz), 4.14
(s, 3H), 4.03 (M, 2H).

Part D. Preparation of [4-(1-Methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-25 phenyl]-carbamic acid phenyl ester

4-(1-Methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-phenylamine (190 mg, 1.08 mmol, 1 eq.), triethylamine (0.14 ml, 1.08 mmol, 1 eq.), in 10 ml of THF under nitrogen were cooled to 0°C. A 5 ml solution of phenyl chloroformate (0.14 ml, 1.08 mmol, 1 eq.), was added dropwise via an addition funnel. Worked up after 16 hours by adding EtOAc then rinsing 3X with $\rm H_2O$. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, then stripped to obtain yellow solids which were purified over silica gel in 3:1 hexanes/EtOAc to 100% EtOAc. Obtained 93 mg of white solids as product. Mass Spec, 296 (M+H). NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.65 (s, 2H), 7.86 (d, 2H, J = 7Hz), 7.76 (d, 2H, J = 7Hz), 7.44 (t, 2H, J = 7Hz), 7.28 (t, 2H, J = 7Hz), 4.18 s, 3H).

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Part E. Preparation of N-[3-[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]propyl]-N'-[4-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea

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To a stirring solution of 25 mg 3-[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]propylamine (0.1 mmol, 1

eq) in 1 ml of dry acetonitrile was added 32.5 mg [4-(1methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-phenyl]-carbamic acid phenyl ester (0.1 mmol, 1.1 eq). This mixture was stirred at room temperature for two hours, then concentrated in-vacuo to a pale yellow oil. This oil was purified via radial chromatography, eluting with a 19:1 mixture of methylene chloride and methanol, to yield a white solid. This solid was dissolved in methylene chloride and treated with 1 M hydrochloric acid in diethyl ether (0.1 ml, 1 eq). This 10 mixture was stirred for 30 minutes, then concentrated invacuo to a white solid. This solid was dissolved in a 1:1 mixture of acetonitrile and water, and lyophilized to 26 mg of a white solid as product. NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.72 (d, 2H, J = 9 Hz), 7.64 (d, 2H, J = 9Hz), 7.21-7.16 (m,15 2H), 7.01 (dd, 2 H, J = 8, 17 Hz), 4.17 (s, 3H), 3.59-3.54(m, 1H), 3.40-3.11 (m, 4H), 2.89-2.81 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.59 (m, 3H), 2.10-1.70 (m, 7H), 1.43-1.34 (m, 1H). MS (ESI+) 452 (M - C1).

The following examples were prepared by the procedures 20 previously described in Schemes 1-25, Examples 1-6 and/or by procedures familiar to one skilled in the art.

TABLE 2**

$$R_{5a}$$
 R_{5b}
 R_{5C}
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{4}
 R_{4}
 R_{5}
 R_{5}

25 m

Ex #	Y	Z	R4	X	R _{5a}	R _{5b}	R _{5c}	R1	R2
170	H	H	_	_	Н	Н	Н	Н	Ph
171	H	H	_	_	Н	H	Н	Н	СНЗ
172	H	3-OCH3	CH2Ph	Br	Н	H	H	H	H
173	H	3-CN	-	_	CO2E t	H	Н	H	Н
174	H	3-0CH3	СН3	I	Н	H	Н	Н	Н

175	Н	3-CN	СНЗ	I	H	Н	Н	H	Н
176	H	3-CN	CH2Ph	Br	H	H	H	H	Н
177	H	3-CN	_	-	H	Н	H	CH2P	Н
								h	
178	Н	3-CN	_	_	Н	H	Н	Et	Н
179	H	4-F	CH3	I	H	Н	Н	H	Н
180	H	4-F	CH2Ph	Br	H	Н	Н	H	Н
181	H	4-F	CH2CO2CH	Br	H	Н	H	H	Н
	ĺ		3	ĺ					-
182	H	3-CN	CH2CN	Br	Н	H	H	H	Н
183	Н	3-CN	CH2COPh	Br	Н	H	H	H	н
184	H	2-OCH3	CH3	I	Н	Н	H	H	H
185	H	4-OCH3	СНЗ	I	Н	H	H	Н	H
186	F	3-CN	СНЗ	I	Н	H	H	Н	Н
187	Н	3-CN	_	-	Н	H	H		
188	H	3-OCH3	0	_	H	H	Н	Н	Н
189	H	3-OCH3	_	_			CH2P		
			×				h	ĺ	
190	F	3-CN	СН3	I	H	H	H	Н	H
191	F	3 –	_	-	H	CH2P	H	Н	H
		СОСН3				h			
192	F	4-F-Ph	_	-	Н	CH2P	H	Н	H
						h			
193	F	3-OCH3	_	-	Н	CH2P	Н	Н	Н
						h]		
194	H	3-OCH3	_	1	H	Н	Н	CH2P	Н
								h	
195	Н	3-CN	-	-	H	H	H	CH2P	Н
								h	,

**All compounds are amorphous unless otherwise indicted.

TABLE 3**

$$X^{-}$$
 X^{-}
 X^{-}

Ex #	Core	Y	Z	Х
196	n	H	3-CN	Br
197	n	H	3-CN	Br
198	n	Н	4-F	Br
199	n	Н	4-F	Br
200	n	F	3-CN	Br
201	n	F	3-CN	Br
202	n	F	3-OCH3	Br
203	n	F	3-OCH3	Br
204	0	F	4-F	Br
205	0	F	4-F	Br
206	0	F	3-OCH3	Br
207	0	F	3-OCH3	Br
208	0	F	3-CN	Br
209	0	F	3-CN	Br

**All compounds are amorphous unless otherwise indicted.

The compounds of the present invention in which E contains ring A can be prepared in a number of ways well known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. As shown in Scheme 26, 4-benzyl piperidine is N-alkylated with an alkylating agent, such as 165 (2-nitro-benzyl bromide (X = Br, R¹⁴ = H), Scheme 26) to give the N-benzyl compound

- 10 <u>166</u>. The nitro group of <u>166</u> is then reduced using catalytic hydrogenation to give the corresponding aniline <u>167</u>. The aniline can be converted to the carbamate <u>168</u> using chloro-phenyl formate. The carbamate <u>168</u> can then be reacted with various amines to give the urea <u>169</u>.
- Alternatively, the aniline 167 can be reacted with the appropriate isocyanates to give the urea 169 directly. The saturated ring analogs can also be used. For example, 4-benzyl piperidine can be alkylated with the urea mesylate 185 (Scheme 30) to give corresponding cyclohexyl derivative 186.

As shown in Scheme 27, 4-benzyl piperidine can also be N-alkylated with the phenacyl bromide <u>170</u> to give the nitro

ketone $\underline{171}$. The nitro group of $\underline{171}$ is then reduced using catalytic hydrogenation to give the corresponding aniline $\underline{172}$. The aniline $\underline{172}$ can be reacted with the appropriate isocyanates to give the ketone urea $\underline{173}$. The ketone of $\underline{173}$ can be reduced with NaBH₄ to give the alcohol $\underline{174}$.

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Alternatively, the epoxide $\underline{175}$ ($\mathbb{R}^{14} = \mathbb{H}$) can be opened with the 4-benzyl piperidine to give the corresponding nitro benzyl alcohol which is hydrogenated to give the aniline alcohol $\underline{176}$. The aniline $\underline{176}$ may be treated with various isocyanates to give the urea alcohols $\underline{174}$.

The 4-benzyl piperidine can also be N-alkylated with 3-cyanobenzyl bromide (177, Scheme 28) to give the cyano analog 178. The cyano group is reduced using Raney nickel to give the corresponding benzyl amine 179. Treatment of 179 with isocyanates gives the urea 180.

As shown in Scheme 29, treatment of 3-cyano aniline with phenylisocyanate gives the urea <u>182</u>. The cyano group of <u>182</u> is converted to the imidate <u>183</u> by HCl/ethanol. Reaction with 4-benzyl piperidine in ethanol then gives the amidine <u>184</u>.

The saturated ring analogs can also be synthesized using analogous procedures as outlined in Schemes 30 and 31. For example, 4-benzyl piperidine can be alkylated with the urea mesylate 185 (Scheme 29) to give corresponding cyclohexyl derivative 186. Alternatively, starting with the enantiomerically pure amino alcohol 187 [J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1996, 118, 5502-5503 and references therein] one can protect the nitrogen to give the N-Cbz alcohol 188. Swern oxidation of the alcohol gives the aldehyde 189. Reductive amination with piperidine analogs gives the cyclohexyl methyl-1-piperidinyl analogue 190. The Cbz group is removed by catalytic hydrogenation to give the free amine 191, which is treated with a phenylisocyanate to give the desired urea analogue 192. Several examples using these synthetic methods are listed in Table 3a and Table 3.1.

A: DMF/K $_2\text{CO}_3$ /RT or THF/RT. B:10%Pd/C, H $_2$ 50 psi. C: THF/Et $_3\text{N/chlorophenylformate}$. D:NHR/DMF/50°C. E: R-N=C=O/THF

SCHEME 27

$$R^{14}$$
 NO_2
 NO_2

A: DMF/ K_2 CO $_3$ /RT or DMF/50°C. B:10%Pd/C, $_{/\!\!\!H}$ 50 psi. C: R-N=C=O/THF. D:NaB $_{/\!\!\!H}$ /MeOH/RT

SCHEME 28

A: DMF/ K_2CO_3/RT B:Raney nickel, H_2 50 psi. C: R-N=C=O/THF.

SCHEME 29

$$CN$$
 A
 CN
 B
 NH_2
 $NH_$

A: R-N=C=O/THF. B:EtOH/HC1/RT C: 4-benzylpiperidine/EtOH/RT

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A: R-N=C=O/DMF. B:Ms-C1/THF C:4-benzylpiperidine/DMF/RT

SCHEME 31

a:Benzyl chloroformate/Na $_2$ CO $_3$ /CH $_2$ Cl $_2$. b.Swern Ox. c:NaBH(OAc) $_3$ d:H $_2$ /10% Pd/C e:R-N=C=O/THF.

SCHEME 31a

a:Benzyl chloroformate/Na₂CO₃/CH₂Cl₂. b.Swern Ox. c:NaBH(OAc)₃ d:H₂/10% Pd/C e:R-N=C=O/THF.

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The following examples were synthesized using the methods outlined in Schemes 26-31a. These examples are meant to be illustrative of the present invention, and are not to be limiting thereof.

EXAMPLE 218

N-[1-(phenylmethyl)4-piperidinyl]-N'-[2-[[4-10 (phenylmethyl)-1-piperidinyl]-methyl]phenyl]urea.

A solution of 4-benzylpiperidine (1.75 g, 10 mmol) in 25 mL of DMF was treated with 2-nitrobenzyl bromide (2.16 g, 10 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (1.38 g, 10 mmol) and the reaction

mixture stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted into ethyl acetate. The organic extracts were washed successively with water and brine, and the organic solvent removed under vacuum on a rotary evaporator to give $\underline{166}$ (Scheme 26, $R^{14} = H$) as a yellow oil.

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The oil was re-dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 ml) and treated with 10% Pd/C and hydrogenated at 50 psi hydrogen at room temperature for 40 min. The solution was then filtered and the solvent removed under vacuum to give the aniline 167 as a white solid. The aniline was purified by chromatography (MPLC, 40% ethyl acetate/ hexane; silica gel) to give 2.0 g of aniline 167 as a white solid.

A solution of aniline $\underline{167}$ (1.2 g, 4.3 mmol) in THF was treated with Et₃N (1.0 g, 10 mmol) and cooled in an ice bath to °0 C. Chlorophenyl formate (0.71 g, 4.5 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred for 1 h. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted into ethyl acetate. The extracts were washed with water and brine, and the solvent removed under vacuum to give the phenyl carbamate $\underline{168}$ as an off-white solid. The crude product was used without further purification.

A solution of phenylcarbamate $\underline{168}$ (0.2 g, 0.5 mmol) in DMF is treated with 4-amino-1-benzylpiperidine (95 mg, 0.5 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (138 mg, 1 mmol) and the mixture was heated at 50 °C for 2 h. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted into ethyl acetate. The extracts were washed with water and brine, and the solvent removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by chromatography (MPLC, 0-25 % MeOH/ethyl acetate; silica gel) to give 200 mg of the target compound as a white solid. esi ms: $(M+H)^+ = 497$.

EXAMPLE 219

N-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-N'-[2-[[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperidinyl]-methyl]phenyl]urea.

A solution of aniline $\underline{167}$ (Scheme 26; (R¹⁴ = H)) (140 mg, 0.5 mmol) in THF is treated with 2,5-difluoro-isocyanate (80 mg, 0.5 mmol) at room temperature for 1 h. The solvent is removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by chromatography (MPLC, 20% EtOAc/Hexane, silica gel) to give the desired urea as a white solid. esi ms: $(M+H)^+ = 436$.

EXAMPLE 220

10 <u>N-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-N'-[[3-[[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperidinyl]methyl]methyl]urea.</u>

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A solution of 4-benzylpiperidine (1.75 g, 10 mmol) in 25 mL of DMF was treated with 3-cyanobenzyl bromide $\underline{177}$ (1.96 g, 10 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (2.76 g, 20 mmol) and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted into ethyl acetate. The organic extracts were washed successively with water and brine, and the organic solvent removed under vacuum on a rotary evaporator to give $\underline{178}$ (Scheme 28) as a yellow oil.

To a suspension of Raney nickel (2.0 g) in EtOH (saturated with NH_{3(gas)}) was added crude <u>178</u> (Scheme 28) (1.45 g, 5 mmol) and hydrogenated at 50 psi for 3 days. The solution was then filtered and the solvent removed under vacuum to give the amine <u>179</u> as a yellow oil. A solution of amine <u>179</u> (200 mg, 0.68 mmol) in THF is treated with 2,5-difluoroisocyanate (115 mg, 0.74 mmol) at room temperature for 1 hour. The solvent is removed under vacuum and the residue is washed with 1 NaOH and water to give the desired urea as a white solid. esi ms: $(M+H)^+ = 450$.

EXAMPLE 221

N-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-N'-[2-[[4-(phenylmethyl)-135 piperidinyl]acetyl]phenyl]urea

To an ice cold solution of 2-bromo-2'-nitroacetophenone 170 (2.4 g, 10 mmol) in DMF is added 4benzylpiperidine (1.75 g, 10 mmol) and stirred for 30 min. The solution was poured into a mixture of K_2CO_3 (1.38 g, 10 mmol) in water/ice and extracted into ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate extract was washed several times with water. The resultant ethyl acetate solution of crude nitroketone 171 is treated with 10% Pd/C and hydrogenated at 50 psi hydrogen at room temperature for 40 min. The solution was then filter, the solvent removed under vacuum, and the residue purified by chromatography (MPLC, 30% ethyl acetate/hexane; silica gel) to give 1.8 g of aniline 172 as a tan/brown solid.

A solution of aniline 172 (Scheme 27) (310 mg, 1.0 mmol) in THF is treated with 2,5-difluoroisocyanate (160 15 mg, 1.0 mmol) at room temperature for 1 h. The solvent is removed under vacuum and the residue is purified by chromatography (MPLC, 20% EtOAc/Hexane, silica gel) to give 420 mg of the desired urea-ketone 173 as a white solid. esi $ms: (M+H)^+ = 464.$

EXAMPLE 222

N-(2,5-difluoropheny1)-N'-[2-[2-[4-(phenylmethy1)-1-(phenylmethy1)]-1-(phenylmethy1)-(phenylmethy1)-1-(phenylmethy1)-1-(phenylmethy1)-1-(phenylmethy1)-1-(phenylmethy1)-1-(phepiperidinyl]-1-hydroxyethyl]phenyl]urea

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A solution of the urea-ketone 173 (260 mg, 0.56 mmol) in MeOH is treated with NaBH₄ (400 mg, 11 mmol) at room temp for 1 hour. The solvent is removed under vacuum and the residue is treated with 1 N NaOH and extracted into EtOAc. The extracts are washed with water, brine and the solvent removed under vacuum to give the desired alcohol 174 as a white solid. esi ms: $(M+H)^{+} = 466$.

EXAMPLE 223

35 $N-[3-[\min_{0}-[4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperidinyl]methyl]$ phenyll-N'-phenylurea

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A solution of 3-cyanoaniline (3.54 g, 30 mmol) in THF is treated with phenylisocyanate (3.58 g, 30 mmol) at room temperature for 1 h. The solvent is removed under vacuum and the residue is titurated with hexane to give 7 grams of urea <u>182</u> (Scheme 29) as a white solid. Urea <u>182</u> (1.0 g, 4.2 mmol) is dissolved in EtOH, cooled in an ice bath while HCl is bubbled-in for 20 min. The solution is left standing at room temperature for 24 h. The solvent is removed under vacuum to give 1.1 g of the imidate 183 as a white solid. The crude imidate (0.5 g, 1.8 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH and treated with 4-benzyl-piperidine (1.8 g, 10 mmol) at room temperature for 2 days. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by chromatography (MPLC, 0 to 30% MeOH/EtOAc, silica gel) to give 200 mg of the desired amidine 184 (Scheme 29) as a white solid. esi ms: $(M+H)^+ = 413$.

EXAMPLE 416

N-(3-methoxyphenyl)-N'-[(1R,2S)-2-[[(4-phenylmethyl)]
20 piperidinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]urea.

Step a: To a solution of (R,R) amino alcohol 187 [J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1996, 118, 5502-5503 and references therein] (1.9 g, 14.7 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) is added 50 ml of an 25 aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (2.4 g, 28.9 mmol). While stirring, benzyl chloroformate (2.51 g, 14.7 mmol) is added and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The organic layer is separated and washed with water and brine. The solution is concentrated on a rotary evaporator and the 30 residue is chromatographed on silica gel (30% ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 3.1 g (12 mmol) of 188 as a white solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.29 (m, 5 H), 5.11 (s, 2 H), 4.71 (bd, 1 H), 3.76-3.71 (m, 1 H), 3.53-3.28 (m, 3 H), 2.00-1.95 (m, 1 H), 1.90-1.09 (m, 8 H). MS AP⁺ (M+H)⁺ 35 = 264.3 (100 %)

Step b: A solution of DMSO (2.52 g, 30 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) is cooled to -78°C. To this solution is added dropwise oxalyl chloride (1.81 g, 14 mmol) and the resulting solution is stirred for an additional 10 min. Then a solution of alcohol 188 (2.5 g, 9.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (70 ml) 5 is added via an addition funnel and stirred for 10 min. Then Et3N (5.0 g, 50 mmol) is added and the solution is allowed to warm to room temperature. The solution is diluted with water and the organic layer washed with water, 10 1 N HCl, and brine. The organic layer is dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated to give 2.5 g (9.5 mmol) of the aldehyde $\underline{189}$ as a white solid. ${}^{1}\text{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.59 (d, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 5 H), 5.07 (m, 2 H), 4.69 (m, 1 H), 3.84 (m, 21 H), 2.19-2.11 (m,1 H), 2.09-2.01 15 (m, 1 H), 1.86-1.75 (m, 3 H), 1.54-1.17 (m, 4 H).

Step c: A solution of aldehyde 189 (2.0 g, 7.7 mmol), 4-(4-fluorophenylmethyl)piperidine hydrochloride (1.8 g, 7.8 mmol) in dichloroethane (80 ml) was treated with Na(OAc)₃BH (3.23 g, 15 mmol) and 1 ml AcOH and stirred overnight at room temperature. The resulting solution was diluted with methylene chloride and washed with 1 n NaOH, water, and brine. The organic solvents were removed under vacuum and the residue chromatographed on silica gel (50% EtOAc/hex - 100% EtOAc) to give 3.0 g (6.8 mmol) of 190 as an oil.

Step d: A solution of 190 (3.0 g, 6.8 mmol) in MeOH was treated with 1.5 g of 10% Pd/C and hydrogenated at 50 psi overnight in a Parr apparatus. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate concentrated on a rotary evaporator to give 1.8 g (5.9 mmol) of the amine 191 as an oil.

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Step e: A solution of amine <u>191</u> (200 mg, 0.67 mmol) in 35 THF is treated with 3-methoxyphenyl isocyanate (110 mg, 0.75 mmol) and the mixture is stirred for 30 min. The solvent is removed on a rotary evaporator and the residue

is chromatographed on silica gel (50% EtOAc/hex - 100% EtOAc) to give 250 mg of urea $\underline{192}$ as a solid. MS esi: $(M+H)^{+} = 454.4 (100\%)$, HRMS $(M+H)^{+} = 454.2875$.

5 EXAMPLE 415

N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]urea.

Step a: To a solution of (R,R) amino alcohol 187 [J.Org. Chem. 1996, 61, 5557-5563; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1996, 118, 10 5502-5503] (9.5 g, 73.8 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (200 mL) is added 200 ml of an aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (15 g, 141 mmol). While stirring, benzyl chloroformate (12.6 g, 73.8 mmol) is added slowly and the mixture is stirred at room temperature 15 for 1 h. The organic layer is separated and washed with water and brine. The organic solvent is removed on a rotary evaporator to give a white solid. The solid is recrystallized from hexane to give 16.3 g (62 mmol) of the alcohol 188 (Scheme 31a) as a white solid. 1H NMR (300 MHz. 20 $CDCl_3$) δ 7.40-7.29 (m, 5 H), 5.11 (s, 2 H), 4.71 (bd, 1 H), 3.76-3.71 (m, 1 H), 3.53-3.28 (m, 3 H), 2.00-1.95 (m, 1 H), 1.90-1.09 (m, 8 H). MS AP^+ (M+H) $^+$ = 264.3 (100 %)

Step b: A solution of DMSO (36 g, 430 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (200 mL) is cooled to -78°C. To this solution is added drop-wise 25 oxalyl chloride (27.41 g, 216 mmol) and the resulting solution is stirred for an additional 10 min. A solution of alcohol 188 (38 g, 144 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (150 ml) is added via an addition funnel and stirred for 10 min. Then, EtaN (58 30 g, 570 mmol) is added and the solution is stirred for 20 min and the ice bath removed and stirred for an additional 30 min. The solution is diluted with water and the organic layer separated and washed with water, 1 N HCl, and brine. The organic layer is dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and 35 concentrated to give 38 g of aldehyde 189 as a white solid. The solid is recrystallized from hexane to give 19.7 grams

of a first crop of aldehyde $\underline{189}$ as white needles. A second crop gave an additional 11 grams. 1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl $_3$) δ 9.59 (d, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 5 H), 5.07 (m, 2 H), 4.69 (m, 1 H), 3.84 (m, 21 H), 2.19-2.11 (m,1 H), 2.09-2.01 (m, 1 H), 1.86-1.75 (m, 3 H), 1.54-1.17 (m, 4 H).

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- Step c: A solution of aldehyde 189 (19.6 g, 75 mmol) and (3S) -3-(4-fluorophenylmethyl)piperidine (14.5 g, 75 mmol) in dichloroethane (400 ml) was treated with Na(OAc)3BH (32 g, 152 mmol) and stirred overnight at room temperature. The 10 resulting solution was poured slowly into a stirred mixture of ice/water/1 N NaOH and stirred for 20 min. The organic layer was separated and washed water, and brine. The solution was dried over MgSO4 and the organic solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue chromatographed on 15 basic alumina (50% EtOAc/hexane) to give 32.1 g (73 mmol) of amine 193 as mixture of (15%)cis and trans isomers. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (bs, 1 H), 7.38-7.29 (m, 5 H), 6.95-6.84 (m, 4 H), 5.08 (m, 2 H), 3.71 (m, 1 H, cis isomer 20), 3.06 (m, 1 H, trans isomer), 2.80 (m, 1 H), 2.55-2.36 (m, 2 H), 2.30 (dd, J = 9 Hz, J = 13 Hz, 1 H, transisomer), 2.05 (dd, J = 2 Hz, J = 13 Hz, 1 H, trans isomer), 1.81-0.90 (m, 16 H).
- 25 Step d: A solution of 193 (32 g, 73 mmol) in MeOH was treated with 8 g of 10% Pd/C and hydrogenated at 50 psi overnight in a Parr apparatus. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate concentrated on a rotary evaporator to give 20 g (65 mmol) of the amine 194, which was used without further purification.
 - Step e: A solution of amine 194 (10 g, 32.8 mmol) in THF is treated with 3-acetylyphenyl isocyanate (5.3 g, 32.8 mmol) and the mixture is stirred for 30 min. The solvent is
- removed on a rotary evaporator and the residue is chromatographed on silica gel (0.5:4.5:95 $\rm NH_4OH/MeOH/CH_2Cl_2$) to give 11 g of urea $\rm \underline{195}$ (Example $\rm \underline{415}$) as a solid. Also

obtained 2 g of cis isomer (Example 416a). The urea Example 415 was further purified by a second chromatography on silica gel (40:60:1 EtAc/Hex/TEA) and final recrystallization from ether to give crystalline solid. mp 115-117 °C, [α]_p²⁵ = +16.8° (CH₃OH, c = 0.23 g/dL). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ7.86 (m, 1 H), 7.78 (bs, 1 H), 7.68-7.64 (m, 1 H), 7.62-7.59 (m, 1 H), 7.38 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1 H), 6.95-6.90 (m, 2 H), 6.79-6.72 (m, 2 H), 6.25 (s, 1 H), 3.21 (dt, J = 3 Hz, 11 Hz, 1 H), 3.00-2.97 (m, 1 H), 2.66-2.56 (m, 1 H), 2.61 (s, 3 H), 2.44-2.32 (m, 4 H), 2.06 (dd, J = 2 Hz, J = 13 Hz, 1 H), 1.80-0.86 (m, 15 H). MS esi: (M+H)[†] = 466.3 (100%). Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₃₆N₃O₂F: C, 72.23; H 7.70; N, 9.02. Found: C, 72.33; H, 7.91; N, 9.00.

15 <u>EXAMPLE 415a</u>

N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]urea Hydrochloride.

- A solution of example <u>415</u> (15 g, 32 mmol) in 300 ml of THF was cooled in an ice bath and treated drop-wise with 36 ml of a 1 M HCl/ether solution. The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting solid was titurated with ether and the resulting white
- solid dried under high vacuum overnight to give 16 g of the hydrochloride salt. mp 58-60 °C. $[\alpha]_{\rm p}^{25}$ = +20.0 ° (CH₃OH, c = 0.23 g/dL). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆) δ 9.61 (s, 1 H), 9.15 (s, 1 H), 8.00 (m, 1 H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1 H), 7.51-7.49 (m, 1 H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 1 H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 2 H), 7.09-7.04 (m, 2
- 30 H), 6.86 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1 H), 3.47-3.31 (m, 4 H), 3.11 (m, 1 H), 2.98-2.82 (m, 2 H), 2.67-2.62 (dd, J = 5 Hz, J = 13 Hz, 1 H), 2.58-2.50 (m, 2 H), 2.52 (s, 3 H), 2.39 (dd, J = 8 Hz, J = 13 Hz, 1 H), 2.16-2.06 (m, 2 H), 1.84-1.556 (m, 7 H), 1.30-1.00 (m, 4 H). Anal. Calcd for
- 35 $C_{28}H_{37}N_3O_2FC1 \bullet H_2O \bullet THF_{0.25}$: C, 64.73; H 7.68; N, 7.81. Found: C, 64.89; H, 7.41; N, 7.81.

EXAMPLE 415b

N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[(1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]urea Benzenesulfonate.

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Bezenesulfonic acid monohydrate (1.06 g, 6 mmol) was dried
by azeotroping off the water of a benzene solution (twice)
and adding the dried acid solution to a solution of example
10 415 (2.81 g, 6 mmol) in toluene (40 ml). The solvents were
removed in vacuo (twice) and the resulting residue
recrystallized twice from toluene and dried under high
vacuum overnight give 2.77 g of benzenesulfonic acid salt
as a white solid. mp 157-159 °C. [α]_p²⁵ = +16.9 ° (CH₃OH, c =
15 0.23 g/dL). Anal. Calcd for C₃₄H₄₂N₃O₅FS: C, 65.47; H 6.80;
N, 6.75; S, 5.14. Found: C, 65.48; H, 6.80; N, 6.70; S,
5.35.

The compounds of Table 3a and Table 3.1 were prepared by procedures described in Schemes 26-31A, other examples and methods taught herein, and procedures familiar to one skilled in the art.

TABLE 3a

$$R^{16}$$
 N_{E}
 S^{14}
 M_{E}
 N_{E}
 $N_$

$$R^{16}$$
 R^{16}
 R^{14}
 R

Ex #	Core	R ¹⁶	E	Z	R ¹⁴	R ³	MS
							M+H ⁺
						1-	
218	р	H	CH ₂	(1)		(phenylmethyl)	497
				NH	H	-4-	
						piperidinyl]	
						2,5-	
219	q	H	CH_2	(1)		difluorophenyl	436
				NH	H		
						2,5-	
220	р	H	CH_2	(2)		difluorophenyl	450
				CH ₂ NH	H		
						2,5-	
221	р	H	-5~ 5-	(1)		difluorophenyl	464
			3 743.	NH	H		
]			O	1:			
<u></u> ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						2,5-	
222	p	H	-57.5	(1)		difluorophenyl	466
			, L,	NH	H		
			0.1				

						phenyl	
223	p	H	C=NH	(2)			413
				NH	H		
004				(2)		1-	
224	p	H	CH ₂	(2)		(phenylmethyl)	497
				NH	H	-4-	
_						piperidinyl]	
225				(4)		2-(4-	
225	p	H	CH ₂	(1)		fluorophenyl)-	446
				NH	H	ethyl	
226				,,,		3-	
226	q	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	hydroxypropyl	382
				NH			
0.07				,,,		2-(1-	
227	р	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	piperidinyl)-	435
				NH	_	ethyl	
220		**		(4)		2-	
228	р	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	(dimethylamino	395
				NH	_)ethyl	
229	~	H	CIT	(1)	7.7	4-	400
223	р	п	CH ₂	(1)	H	(phenylmethyl)	483
				NH	_	-1-piperazine	
230	n	н	CII	(1)	77	-	400
250	р	п	CH ₂	NH	Н	(phenylmethyl)	482
				1/11		-1-piperidine	
231	n	н	CH_2	(1)	H		450
201	p	11	CH_2	NH	п	benzodioxol-5- ylmethyl)	458
				— NU		2,2-	
232	_	н	CH	(1)	IJ	·	E04
2,2	р	7.7	CH ₂	NH	H	(diphenyl)ethy	504
				INII		4-(4-	
233	_	н		(1)	EΤ	}	F10
ردے ا	p	п	CH ₂	(1)	H	chlorophenyl) -	518
	1	}	1	NH		4-hydroxy-1-	ł
						piperidine	

	1					4-pheny1-4-	1
234	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	hydroxy-1-	484
1 -3 -		1	0112	NH		piperidine	404
		1		1411		4-pheny1-1-	
235	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	piperidine	468
255	5	111		NH	П	brberrgrue	408
				INLI		(43-)	
026				(4)		(1H)-indazol-	
236	q	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	5-y1	440
				NH			
						(1H)-indazol-	
237	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	6-y1	440
				NH			
						phenylmethyl	
238	p	н	CH ₂	(1)	H		414
				NH			
						1,3-	
239	p	н	CH ₂	(1)	н	benzodioxol-5-	444
				NH		yl	
					(3-4)	1-	
240	р	н	CH ₂	(1)	50	(phenylmethyl)	541
				NH	}	-4-	
					\$0	piperidinyl]	
			<u> </u>		(2.4)	2-(4-	
241		7.7	CIT	(1)	(3-4)		400
241	р	H	CH_2	(1)	} Q	fluorophenyl)-	490
		(NH		ethyl	
}				4	30		
					(3-4)	4-((2-	
242	p	Н	CH_2	(1)	5 .	phenyl)ethyl)	541
				NH	3	-1-piperazine	
					\$0		
					,	(122)	
0.42			~	,,,	(3-4)	(1H)-indazol-	
243	q	H	CH ₂	(1)	€ o	5-y1	484
				NH			
				:	₹ 0		
			<u></u> :			<u> </u>	

*	Γ	1		T	(3-4)	(1H)-indazol-	
244	q	н	CH ₂	(1)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	6-y1	484
				NH	()		
					5 0		
			_	1	(3-4)	benzothiazol-	
245	р	H	CH ₂	(1) NH	£0	6-y1	501
				1411	\\ \{ \}		
		<u> </u>		1		[2-(4-	
246	p	Н	CH ₂	(1)	(4)	fluorophenyl)-	462
				NH	ОН	ethyl	
						1-	
247	q	H	CH ₂	(1)	(4)	(phenylmethyl)	513
				NH	OH	-4-	
						piperidinyl]	
					(3-4)	3-phenylpropyl	
248	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	} 0		486
	:		<u> </u>	NH	}		
					>	(1H)-indazol-	
249	р	н	CH_2	(2)	н	(1H)-indazoi- 5-yl	440
240	P			NH	11	2-77	440
	· <u>.</u>					[2-(4-	
250	р	H	CH ₂	(2)	H	fluorophenyl)-	446
		,	,	NH	Į	ethyl	
						2,5-	
251	р	H	bond	(1)	H	difluorophenyl	422
				NH			
050						Phenyl	
252	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	H		400
				NH			
253	n	H	CH ₂	(1)	H	4- methoxyphenyl	430
2.52	р	11	cn_2	NH	n	we crrox Abuen AT	43U
LI				TATT			

	,	,		.,			
254	p	н	CH ₂	(1) NH	H	3- methoxyphenyl	430
255	đ	4-F	CH ₂	(2) NH	Н	3- methoxyphenyl	454
256	đ	4-F	CH ₂	(2) NH	Н	3-acetylphenyl	466
257	r	Н	CH ₂	(1) NH	Н	3- methoxyphenyl	430
258	р	н	CH ₂	(2) NH	Н	3-cyanophenyl	425
259	g	Н	CH ₂	(3) NH	н	3-cyanophenyl	425
260	р	Н	CH ₂	(3) NH	Н	4- methoxyphenyl	430
261	р	Н	CH_2	(3) NH	Н	2-phenylethyl	428
262	q	Н	CH_2	(1) NH	Н	3-carboethoxy- phenyl	472
263	р	н	CH ₂	(1) NH	H	3-cyanophenyl	425
264	p	4-F	CH_2	(1) NH	Н	phenyl	418
265	р	Н	CH ₂	(1) N- Benzyl	Н	phenyl	490

						3-cyanophenyl	
266	р	н	CH ₂	(1)	н		515
		ļ		N-			ĺ
				Benzyl			
]					2-phenylethyl	
267	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	H		428
				NH			
					(3-4)	3-cyanophenyl	
268	q	H	CH ₂	(1)	₹.0		469
Ì	!			NH	{}		
1		<u> </u>			\$0		
					(3-4)	3-carboethoxy-	
269	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	5 0	phenyl	516
]				NH	> >		
					\$0		
					(3-4)	4-carboethoxy-	
270	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	(3-4)	phenyl	516
2,0	ב	11	C11 ₂	NH	کِو	bitettà r	210
,				1/11	£-/		
					\$		'
						phenyl	
271	р	H	CH_2	(1)	(4)		416
				NH	OH		
						3-cyanophenyl	
272	p	H	CH_2	(1)	(4)		441
ļ				ИН	OH		
					(4)	3-	
273	p	Н	CH_2	(1)		methoxyphenyl	524
				NH	0,0		İ
					-0'CH3		
		ł			- Orig		
					(4)	Trans-2-	
274	p	H	CH ₂	(1)	}	phenyl-	534
	Í	1		NH	0,0	cyclopropyl	j
		ļ	ĺ		-0 CH ₃		
			ļ	}	55		ļ
						<u> </u>	

		I		Γ	(3)	3-cyanophenyl	<u> </u>
275	p	н	CH ₂	(1)			483
1	ב	}	0112	NH	CO ₂ Me	,	
	 			1/11			
		{			(3)	3-	
276	p	Н	CH ₂	(1)		methoxyphenyl	488
			j	NH	CO ₂ Me	r	}
 					(4)	3-cyanopheny1	
277	p	н	CH_2	(1)			519
		}		NH	O _S	0.0	}
]			-0 CH ₃		
	ļ			1	Olig)
				<u> </u>	(3)	3-	
278	p	н	CH_2	(1)		methoxyphenyl	460
	-			NH	OH		
					·	<u> </u>	·
	i	!			(3)	3-cyanophenyl	
279	p	H	CH ₂	(1)			455
1	ł			NH	VOH		
					(4)	3-cyanophenyl	
280	g	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			501
			!	NH	CO ₂ Me		
				 	(5)	3-cyanophenyl	
280a	p	4-F	CH_2	(1)		_ 12 12	501
	2		2222	NH	CO ₂ Me		
					l I	3	
0001] [C	,1	(5)	3-cyanophenyl	F00
280b	Þ	4-F	CH_2	(1)			500
	i			NH	CONMe		
}				}	(5)	3-cyanophenyl	
280c	р	4-F	CH_2	(1)			486
}				NH	CONH ₂		
					(5)	3-(1-	
280d	P	4-F	CH ₂	(1)		hydroxyethyl)-	520
]		ļ	-	NH	CO ₂ Me	phenyl	
		<u> </u>		1	L		

					(5)	phenyl	
280e	r	H	CH ₂	(1)			458
				NH	CO ₂ Me		
-		<u> </u>			(5)	phenyl	
280f	P	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			462
				NH	CO ₂ H		
		-			(5)	3-cyanophenyl	
280g	r	H H	CH ₂	(1)	, , ,		483
				NH	CO ₂ Me		
					(5)	3-	
280h	r	H	CH ₂	(1)	(3)	methoxyphenyl	488
	_		0112	NH	CO ₂ Me	incomonly pricing i	400
_					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
280i	r	H	CH ₂	(1)	(3)	3-acecylphenyl	500
2001			C112	NH	CO ₂ Me		300
	,	 		1111			
280j	2	4-F	CH ₂	(1)	(5)	3-acetylphenyl	518
280)	р	4-6		NH	CO ₂ Me		210
			HCl(sa	INEI	CO ₂ Me		
			lt)		(5)	3-cyanophenyl	
280k	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)	[(5)	3-Cyanophenyr	501
200K	Ъ	4 - T.	HCl(sa	NH	CO ₂ Me		201
			lt)	1/111	CO ₂ Me		
			10)		(4)	phenyl	
281	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)	(4)	pitetry	476
201	ב	- I	C112	NH	CO ₂ Me		470
					l		
281a	n	4-F	Ch	(1)	(5)	phenyl	176
401a	p	4-5	CH ₂	(1)	CO Ma		476
				NH	CO ₂ Me		
0011		_		(4)	(5)	phenyl	455
281b	q	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			475
	ı	ı		NH	CONMe		
		. <u></u>					

					(5)	phenyl	
281c	p	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			461
	_			NH	CONH ₂		
		1		1411	COIVII		
						3 -	
282	р	4-F	CH_2	(1)	(4)	methoxyphenyl	506
ľ				NH	Ì) 	
				ł	CO ₂ Me		
<u> </u>						3-	
200-		4 17	GTT	(1)	/ - \		-0-
282a	q	4-F	CH_2	(1)	(5)	methoxyphenyl	506
1				NH			
				1	CO ₂ Me		
			**		(5)	3-	
282b	р	4-F	CH_2	(1)		methoxyphenyl	505
			_	NH	CONMe		
					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
200-		4 7	CII	(1)	(3)	3-acecyrphenyr	E4.0
282c	р	4-F	CH_2	(1)			518
				NH	CO ₂ Me		
					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
282đ	р	4-F	CH_2	(1)			517
				NH	CONMe		
					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
282e	q	4-F	CH_2	(1)			503
	-		Z	NH	CONH ₂		
				IVII	COMIT		
					(4)	3-cyanophenyl	
283	q	4-F	CH_2	(1)			473
				NH	√ OH		
			———			3-cyanophenyl	
284	<u> </u>	4-F	CIT	(1)	(3-4)	2 CANTIOPHENAT	400
404	q	4-r	CH ₂	(1)	fused		493
		ĺ		NH	Phenyl		ĺ
 						3-	··
285	g	4-F	CH ₂	(1)	(3-4)	methoxyphenyl	498
200	4	- T	C112		fused	""e cirox à biien à T	420
				NH	Phenyl		
1	l						

						3-cyanophenyl	<u> </u>
286	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)	(4)		562
			_	NH		,	
					-CONPh		
						3-cyanophenyl	
286a	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)	(5)		562
i i				NH			
					-CONPh		
	55-46-W					3-acetylphenyl	
286b	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)	(5)		579
				NH			
					-CONPh		
	*				(4)	3-	
287	p	4-F	CH ₂	(1)		methoxyphenyl	478
				NH	√ ОН		
					(4)	3-cyanophenyl	
288	q	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			500
				NH	CONMe		
					(4)	3-cyanophenyl	
288a	q	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			500
		1	HCl(sa	NH	CONMe		
			lt)				
					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
288b	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			517
			HCl(sa	NH	CONMe		
			lt)				
					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
288c	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			574
				NH	CON		
					$(CH_2)_2$		
					NMe ₂		

					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
288đ	p	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			557
	1		2	NH	CON		337
					(CH ₂) ₂		
					NMe ₂		
200-		1		/ / / /	(5)	3-acetylphenyl	450
288e	g	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			453
				NH	CON		
					C ₃ H ₅		
					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
288f	g	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			531
			<u> </u> 	NH	CON		
					C ₃ H ₅		
					(5)	3-	
288g	р	4-F	CH ₂	(1)		methoxyphenyl	519
		ľ	1	NH	CONMe ₂		
				 	(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
288h	q	4-F	CH ₂	(1)]		531
				NH	CONMe ₂		
					(5)	3-acetylphenyl	
288i	p	4-F	CH ₂	(1)			580
			_	NH	CON(2-		
		,			pyridi		
					nyl)		
					(5)	3-	
288j	р	4-F	CH_2	(1)	' '	methoxyphenyl	568
	_		2	NH	CONMe ₂		
						2,5-	
289	р	H	CH ₂	(1)	н	difluorophenyl	450
	ב	**	C112	CH ₂ NH	11	QTTTGOTOPHEHÀT	400
				C1121V11		2	
290	~	,,	CIT	/1\	TT	3-cyanophenyl	420
290	р	H	CH ₂	(1)	H		439
				CH ₂ NH			
L				L		L	

291	ğ	Н	CH ₂	(1) CH ₂ NH	Н	3-carboethoxy- phenyl	486
292	đ	Н	CH ₂	(1) CH ₂ NH	Н	3- methoxyphenyl	444
293	p	Н	CH ₂	(1) CH ₂ NH	Н	4- methoxyphenyl	444
294	p	H	-\$`\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(1) NH	н	methoxyphenyl	460
295	r	Н	-} \	(1) NH	н	3- methoxyphenyl	460
296	р	Н	-} \	(1) NH	н	3-cyanophenyl	455
297	р	н	-≯ \} ○H	(1) NH	н	3-carboethoxy- phenyl	502
298	g	Н	-} \} ○H	(1) NH	Н	phenyl	430
299	đ	4-F	CH ₂	(1) NH	(5) OH	phenyl	448
300	đ	H	-}\ NOH	(1) NH	Н	phenyl	443

			T T		T	phenyl	T
301	р	Н	-\$_J\$-	(2) NH	н		428
302	þ	Н	-} \	(2) NH	н	phenyl	430
303	þ	4-F	-}`\;	(1) NH	н	pheny1	448
304	р	4-F	-}\\	(1) NH	Н	3- methoxyphenyl	478
305	р	4-F	P	(1) NH	Н	3-cyanophenyl	473
306	р	Н	-≯ OH	(1) NH	(3-4)	3-cyanophenyl	499
307	p	Н	CH ₂ -	(1) NH	Н	3-cyanophenyl	439
308	q	4-F	CH ₂ -	(1) NH	Н	3-cyanophenyl	457
309	p	Н	CH ₂ - CH ₂	(1) NH	Н	3- methoxyphenyl	444

	T			<u> </u>	T	3-	T
310	p	4-F	CH ₂ CH ₂	(1) NH	Н	methoxyphenyl	462
311	r	H	CH ₂ -	(1) NH	Н	3- methoxyphenyl	444
312	р	4-F	CH ₂ - CH ₂	(1) NH	Н	3-acetylphenyl	474
313	р	4-F	CH ₂ -	(1) NH	Н	4-fluorophenyl	450
314	р	4-F	CH ₂ -	(1) NH	н	1-adamantyl	490
315	t)	Н	CH ₂	(1) NH	(3-4)	3-cyanophenyl	483 (M+)
316	Ω	Н	CH ₂	(1) NH	(4) OH	3-cyanophenyl	455 (M+)
317	ß	Н	СН2	(1) NH	(4) O- (2-THP)	3-cyanophenyl	539 (M+)

TABLE 3.1

Ex #	Core	R ¹⁶	Stereo-	Salt		MS
			chemistry	Form	R ³	M+H ⁺
400	a	Н	1,2 trans	-	3-methoxylphenyl	436
401	a	4-F	1,2 trans	_	3-methoxylphenyl	454
402	a	H	1,2 cis racemic	_	3-methoxylphenyl	436
403	a	4-F	1,2 trans	_	3-cyanophenyl	449
403a	a	4-F	1,2 trans	_	3-acetylphenyl	466
403b	a	4-F	1,2 trans	_	3-nitrophenyl	469
403c	a	4-F	1,2 trans	-	4-nitrophenyl	469
403đ	a	4-F	1,2 trans	_	4-pyridinyl	425

403e	a	4-F	1,2 trans	HCl	3-acetylphenyl	466
			racemic			
403f	a	4-F	1,2 trans	_	(1H)-indazol-5-yl	464
			racemic			
404	a	4-F	1S,2R	_	3-acetylphenyl	466
405	a	4-F	1S,2R	_	3-cyanophenyl	449
406	a	4-F	1S,2R	_	3-methoxylphenyl	454
407	a	4-F	1S,2R		phenyl	424
408	a	4-F	1R,2S	_	3-acetylphenyl	466
409	a	4-F	1R,2S	_	3-cyanophenyl	449
410	a	4-F	1R,2S		3-methoxyphenyl	454
411	a	4-F	1R,2S	_	phenyl	424
412	a	4-F	1R,2S	-	phenylmethyl	438
413	a	4-F	1R,2S	_	(1H)-indazol-5-yl	464
414	a	4-F	1R,2S	-	(1H)-indol-5-yl	463
414a	b	Н	1,2 trans	_	3-methoxyphenyl	464
			(3RS)	į		
			racemic			ŀ
414b	b	H	1,2 trans	_	3-cyanophenyl	431
			(3RS)			
			racemic			
414c	b	H	1,2 trans		3-acetylphenyl	448
	-		(3RS)		<u></u>	
			racemic			
		Ll				

414d	b	4-F	1,2 trans		3-acetylphenyl	466
			(3RS)			
			racemic			
414e	b	4-F	1,2 trans	-	3-cyanophenyl	449
			(3RS)			
	ļ		racemic			
414f	b	4-F	1,2 trans	-	3-methoxyphenyl	454
			(3RS)			
			racemic			
414g	b	4-F	1,2 trans		3-nitrophenyl	469
			(3RS)			
			racemic			
415	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-acetylphenyl	466
415a	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	HCl	3-acetylphenyl	466
415b	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	Besyl	3-acetylphenyl	466
416	þ	4-F	1R,2S,3R	_	3-acetylphenyl	466
416a	b	4-F	1R,2R,3S	1	3-acetylphenyl	466
416b	b	4-F	1R,2S,3R	HCl	3-acetylphenyl	466
417	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-cyanophenyl	449
418	b	4-F	1R,2S,3R	_	3-cyanophenyl	449
419	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	3-methoxylphenyl	454
100						
420	b	4-F	1R,2S,3R	-	3-methoxylphenyl	454
100					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
421	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	4-fluorohenyl	442
100						
422	b	4-F	1R,2S,3R	-	4-fluorohenyl	442

423	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	[-	phenyl	424
424	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	 	(1H)-indazol-5-yl	464
425	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	(1H)-indazol-6-yl	464
426	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	benzthiazol-6-yl	481
427	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	(1H)-indol-5-yl	463
100			1 - 0 - 0 -			
428	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	(1H)-indol-6-yl	463
429	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	(1H)-2,3-	491
					dimethylindol-5-yl	}
430	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	benzimidazol-5-yl	464
431	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	indolin-5-yl	465
432	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S		3-cyano-4-	467
1					fluorophenyl	
433	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-acety1-4-	484
1 1					fluorophenyl	
434	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3,5-diacetylphenyl	508
435	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S		3-(1-	468
					hydroxyethyl)-	
(phenyl	
436	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	4-methyl-thiazol-	445
					2-y1	
437	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	4-methyl-5-acetyl-	487
					thiazol-2-yl	.]
438	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	1,3,4-thiadiazol-	432
					2-y1	
439	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	4-chlorol-	515
					benzthiazol-2-yl	
440	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	thiazol-2-yl	431
441	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S		5-methyl-isoxazol-	429
					3-y1	1

442	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S		1-methyl-pyrazol-	428
					3-yl	
443	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	4-(1,2,4-triazol-	491
					1-yl)phenyl	
443a	b	4-F	1R,2R,3S	_	4-(1,2,4-triazol-	491
					1-yl)phenyl	
444	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S		(1H)-3-chloro-	499
]				indazol-5-yl	
445	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	4-fluorophenyl	492
446	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	4-chlorophenyl	458
447	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	4-bromophenyl	502
448	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-bromophenyl	502
449	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-fluorophenyl	442
450	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3,4-difluorophenyl	460
451	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-chloro-4-	476
					fluorophenyl	
452	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3,5-dichlorophenyl	492
453	С	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-acetylphenyl	452
454	С	4-F	1R,2S,3R		3-acetylphenyl	452
455	С	4-F	1R,2R,3S	_	3-acetylphenyl	452
456	С	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-cyanophenyl	435
457	С	4-F	1R,2S,3R	_	3-cyanophenyl	435
458	С	4-F	1R,2R,3S	_	3-cyanophenyl	435
458a	C	4-F	1R,2R,3R	_	3-cyanophenyl	435
459	С	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	phenyl	410

460	С	4-F	1R,2S,3R	_	phenyl	410
461	С	4-F	1R,2R,3S		phenyl	410
			211/211/35	i	pitony 1	11.0
462	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	(1H)-5-amino-	464
					indazol-1-yl	
463	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-chlorophenyl	458
464	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3-fluoro-4-	456
					methylphenyl]
465	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	3-cyano-4-(1-	515
					pyrazolyl)phenyl	l I
466	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	2-methylphenyl	454
467	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	2-methylphenyl	438
468	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	2,4-dimethylphenyl	452
469	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	2,4-	484
			i		dimethoxyphenyl	
470	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	2,5-	484
					dimethoxyphenyl	
471	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S		2-methoxy-5-	468
					methylphenyl	
472	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	2-methyl-5-	456
					fluorophenyl	
473	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	3,5-bis((1H)-1-	588
					methyltetrazol-5-	
					yl)phenyl	
474	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	(3-((1H)-1-	506
		[]			methyltetrazol-5-	
					yl)phenyl	
475	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	(4-	517
					(carboethoxymethyl	
		<u> </u>)thiazol-2-yl	
476	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	_	5-bromothiazol-2-	509
					yl	

477	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S		4,5-di(4-	619
			:	ļ	fluorophenyl)thiaz	ł
					ol-2-yl	ł
478	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	2-fluorophenyl	442
479	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	2-chlorophenyl	458
480	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	indanon-6-yl	478
				Н		
481	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	indanon-4-yl	478
				H		
482	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-	466
				Н	(isopropyl)phenyl	ļ
483	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-nitro-4-	483
				н	methylphenyl	
484	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	trans-2-	464
				Н	phenylcycloprop-1-	
					yl	
485	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4-difluorophenyl	460
				H		
486	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,5-difluorophenyl	460
				H		
487	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4-dichlorophenyl	492
				H		
488	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,5-dichlorophenyl	492
]				H		i:
489	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-methoxyphenyl	454
}				H		
490	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4-dimethoxy-	484
				H	phenyl	
491	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,5-	484
				H	dimethoxyphenyl	
492	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-	492
	ı			Н	trifluoromethylyph	
		<u> </u>			enyl	

493	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-methylphenyl	438
	<u> </u> 			H		
494	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-	492
]			H	trifluoromethyly-	}
	ŀ			[phenyl	
495	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-methylphenyl	438
				Н		
496	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-methoxyphenyl	454
				н		
497	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-carboethoxy-	496
				н	phenyl	
498	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-	492
				Н	trifluoromethyly-	
					phenyl	
499	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-methylphenyl	438
				н		
500	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-fluorophenyl	442
}				H		
501	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-chloropheny	458
}				н		
502	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-nitrophenyl	469
				н		
503	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4-dichlorophenyl	563
				Н		
504	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-nitrophenyl	469
				Н		
505	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3,5-di	560
				Н	(trifluoromethyly)	
			00		-phenyl	
506	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4-	452
				H	dimethylyphenyl	
507	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4-dimethoxy-5-	518
				H	chlorophenyl	
508	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3,4,5-	514
				H	trimethoxyphenyl	

509	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3,5-dimethylphenyl	452
}	1			н		
510	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-trifluoromethyl-	526
				н	4-chlorophenyl	
511	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-phenoxyphenyl	516
				H		
512	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-ethoxyphenyl	468
\				Н		!
513	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-thiomethylphenyl	470
				H		
514	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-naphthyl	474
				H		
515	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-acetylphenyl	466
				H		
516	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,6-dichloro-	493
)			H	pyridin-4-yl	
517	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	5-indan-4-yl	464
				н		
518	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-chloronaphth-1-	508
				Н	yl	
519	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-fluoro-4-	472
				Н	methoxyphenyl	
520	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-	502
	!			H	(methylsulfonyl)-	
					phenyl)	
521	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-	502
		1		H	(methylsulfonyl)-	}
- F00			1= 0= 0=	 	phenyl	100
522	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-((1H)-pyrrol-1-	489
				H	yl)phenyl	
523	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	1,3-benzodioxol-5-	468
				H	yl	
524	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	1-acetylindolin-6-	507
[]				Н	yl	

525	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(6-	571
				н	methylbenzothiazol	
					-2-yl)phenyl	
526	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-((2,2-	523
				Н	dimethylpropanoyl)	ļ
1					amino)phenyl	<u> </u>
527	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(1-	506
				H	methyltetrazol-5-	(
					yl)phenyl	
528	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(1-	509
				H	morpholino)phenyl	
529	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	quinolin-8-yl	475
				н		
530	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-hydroxypheny1	440
			<u>!</u> 	Н		
531	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(acetylamino)-	481
				н	phenyl	
532	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-hydroxyphenyl	440
				Н		
533	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-hydroxy-4-	470
}		}		н	methoxyphenyl	
534	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-(acetylamino)-	481
				н	phenyl	
535	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-fluoro-3-	456
				н	methylphenyl	
536	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-methoxy-4-	468
]]		н	methylphenyl	
537	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-chloro-3-	472
		[[н	methylphenyl	į
538	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(N-	481
				н	methylcarboxamide)	
ļ					phenyl	
539	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	1-adamantyl	482
}				н		

540	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	quinolin-5-yl	475
		{		н		1
541	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	quinolin-6-yl	475
1 1				H		
542	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	1,4-benzodioxan-6-	482
				H	yl	
543	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	isoquinolin-5-yl	475
}				H		
544	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(sulfonamide)-	503
				H	phenyl	<u>}</u>
545	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	benzotriazol-5-yl	465
				H		}
546	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-hydroxy-4-	454
1 1				н	methylphenyl	
547	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-hydroxy-4-	454
				Н	methylphenyl	
548	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-methyl-	495
}				H	benzothiazol-5-yl	
549	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	(4-	468
				н	methoxylphenyl)-	
					methyl	
550	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	(4-fluorophenyl)-	456
				H	methyl	
551	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	(4-methylphenyl)-	452
1				H	methyl	
552	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	(1R)-1-	452
				H	(phenyl)ethyl	
553	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	1-acetylindolin-5-	507
				н	Υl	
554	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	5,6,7,8-	478
				Н	tetrahydronaphth-	İ
					1-yl	
555	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-acetyl-4-	482
				H	hydroxyphenyl	

556	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(piperidin-1-	507
į				H	yl)phenyl	
557	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	cyclohexyl	430
				н		
558	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-methoxyphenyl	468
				Н		
559	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,6-dimethylphenyl	452
				H		
560	þ	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-ethylphenyl	452
				н		
561	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4,6-	466
				н	trimethylphenyl	
562	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,5-	484
				Н	dimethoxyphenyl	
563	þ	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	t-butyl	404
				н		
564	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	i-propyl	390
		1 1		Н		
565	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	Ethoxycarbonyl-	434
				н	methyl)	
566	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-	508
				Н	trifluoromethoxy-	
		_			phenyl	
567	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	(1R,S)-1	462
				H	(methoxycarbonyl)-	
					2-methyl-propyl	
568	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	[(1S)-1-	510
}				H	(methoxycarbonyl)-	
					2-phenylethyl	
569	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2,4,4-trimethyl-2-	460
				H	pentyl	
570	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-phenylethy1	452
				H		
571	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-acetylphenyl	466
				Н		

572	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-carbomethoxy-	482
				H	phenyl	
573	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	(1s)-1-	452
		1 1		H	(phenyl) ethyl	
574	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-(phenyl)phenyl	500
				H		
575	þ	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	1-naphthyl	474
				Н		
576	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-(phenyl)phenyl	500
				H		{
577	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	Phenylmethoxy	454
				н		}
578	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3,4-	484
				н	dimethoxyphenyl	(
579	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	(3H) -2-	520
				H	ethylquinazolin-4-	!
					on-3-yl	
580	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-pyridinyl	425
				H		
581	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	6-methoxy-3-	455
				H	pyridinyl	
582	d	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-methylquinolin-	489
				н.	8-yl	
583	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-methylnaphth-1-	488
				н	уl	
584	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	4-((1H)-1-propyl-	534
}				Н	tetrazol-5-	
					yl)phenyl	
585	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-aminophenyl	439
				H		
586	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	-	3-(acetylamino)-	481
					phenyl	
587	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-(N-	481
				H	methylcarbamoyl)-	
					phenyl	

588	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	2-nitro-4-	499
		_		н	methoxyphenyl	
589	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	8-hydroxyquinolin-	491
				H	5-yl	
590	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	3-methylpyridin-2-	439
				н	уl	
591	b	4-F	1R,2S,3S	CF ₃ CO ₂	isoquinolin-1-yl	475
				H		_

EXAMPLE 318

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<u>Part A: Preparation of 1-t-butyloxycarbonyl-4-benzylpiperidine</u>

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4-benzylpiperidine (10.0 g, 57.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was dissolved in 100 mL of THF under N_2 and subsequently cooled to 0 °C. Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (11.21 g, 51.3 mmol, 0.9 eq.) dissolved in 50 mL of THF, was added dropwise. Gas evolution was observed. Once gas evolution ceased, the ice bath was removed. After 20 hours, the THF was removed in vacuo then the residue was dissolved in EtOAc and rinsed 3X with 1N citric acid, 1X with brine. The organic was dried over magnesium sulfate and stripped to yield 15.4 g of colorless oil as

product. Yield = 97.9%. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35-7.17 (m,3H); 7.14 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 4.20-3.90 (m, 2H); 2.75-2.55 (m, 2H); 2.54 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 1.70-1.50 (m, 3H); 1.46 (s, 9H); 1.20-1.00 (m, 2H).

<u>erythro</u> <u>threo</u>

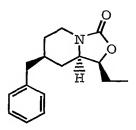
5

Part B: Preparation of erythro-and threo-cis-4-benzyl-1-t-butoxycarbonyl- α -ethylpiperidinemethanol

1-t-butyloxycarbonyl-4-benzylpiperidine (5.0 g, 18.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was dissolved in Et₂O at 25 $^{\circ}$ C under N₂ and 10 cooled to -78 °C. N,N,N',N'-Tetramethylethylenediamine (TMEDA) (3.29 mL, 21.8 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added followed by the dropwise addition of sec-butyllithium (16.76 mL, 21.8 mmol, 1.2 eq.). The reaction was allowed to warm and stir 15 at -30 °C for 30 minutes then again cooled to -78 °C. Once cool, propionaldehyde (1.31 mL, 20.0 mmol, 1.1 eq.) was added neat. The reaction was allowed warmed to warm to -30 °C then immediately quenched with 10 mL of water and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted 2X more with Et₂O. The organic layers were 20 combined, dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent removed in vacuo to yield a colorless oil which was purified by flash chromatography in 4 : 1 to 1 : 1 hexane/ EtOAc. Obtained 0.68 g of a colorless oil as isomer A, yield = 11.2% and 0.91 g of a colorless oil as isomer B, 25 yield = 15.0%. <u>Isomer A</u> NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.25 (m, 2H); 7.21 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz); 7.16 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 3.60-3.30 (m, 2H); 2.56 (d, 2H J = 7 Hz); 1.90-1.00 (m, 7H); 1.46 (s, 9H);30 1.00-0.70 (m, 5H).

<u>Isomer B</u> NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30-7.23 (m, 2H); 7.20 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz); 7.14 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz.); 3.60-3.20 (m, 2H); 2.60-2.40 (m, 2H); 1.90-1.00 (m, 9H); 1.44 (s, 9H); 0.96 (t, 3H, J = 7 Hz).

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erythro

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Part C: Structure determination of Isomer B via cyclization to 4α , 6α , 7α -4-benzyl-7-ethyl-8-oxa-1-azabicyclo[4.3.0]nonane-9-one

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Isomer B (60 mg, 0.18 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in DMF at 25 °C under N_2 then NaH (7.9 mg, 0.198 mmol, 1 eq.) was added. After 20 hours, 2 mL of water was added followed by 20 EtOAc. The layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted 2X more with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, and the solvent removed in vacuo to yield an oil which was purified over 25 silica gel in 9:1 to 1:1 hexane/EtOAc. Obtained 30 mg. Yield = 64%. Product structure confirmed by N.O.E. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.20 (m, 3H); 7.16 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 4.45-4.25 (m, 1H); 4.00-3.80 (m, 1H); 3.65-3.45 (m, 1H); 2.95-2.70 (m, 1H); 2.65-2.45 (m, 2H); 1.85-1.40 (m, 30 4H); 1.40-1.00 (m, 6H).

Part D: Preparation of erythro-cis-4-benzyl- α -5 ethylpiperidinemethanol

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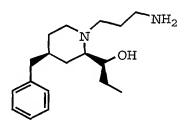
25

Erythro-cis-4-benzyl-1-t-butoxycarbonyl- α ethylpiperidinemethanol(isomer B from part B)(815 mg, 2.44 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 8 mL of ethanol at 25 °C under N_2 . NaOH (391 mg, 9.78 mmol, 4 eq.) was added and the mixture refluxed for 4 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo to yield an oil. Water was added followed by EtOAc. The layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted 2X more with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined dried 15 over magnesium sulfate, and the solvent removed in vacuo to yield 390 mg of an oil. Yield = 68%. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35-7.20 (m, 2H); 7.23-7.00 (m, 3H); 3.75-3.65 (m, 1H); 3.20-3.00 (m, 1H); 2.90-2.40 (m, 4H); 1.70-1.50 (m, 2H); 1.50-1.30 (m, 1H); 1.20-0.80 (m, 5H).

Part E: Preparation of erythro-cis-4-benzyl- α -ethyl-1-(3-N-phthalimido-n-prop-1-yl)piperidinemethanol

Erythro-cis-4-benzyl- α -ethylpiperidinemethanol

(195 mg, 0.84 mmol, 1 eq.), N-(3-bromopropyl)phthalimide (224 mg, 0.84 mmol, 1 eq.), potassium iodide (139 mg, 0.84 mmol, 1 eq.), and potassium carbonate (231 mg, 0.84 mmol, 1 eq.) were refluxed in 10 mL of 2-butanone for 3 hours. The reaction was worked up by filtering off the inorganic solids. The filtrate solvent was removed in vacuo to yield an oil. Purified by flash chromatography in 100% EtOAc then 4:1 chloroform/MeOH. Obtained 200 mg. Yield = 57%. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95-7.80 (m, 2H); 7.80-7.65 (m, 2H); 7.35-7.00 (m, 5H); 3.90-3.60 (m, 3H); 3.20-2.90 (m, 2H); 2.65-2.30 (m, 3H); 2.20-2.00 (m, 2H); 2.00-1.75 (m, 2H); 1.70-1.40 (m, 4H); 1.35-0.90 (m, 3H); 0.96 (t, 3H, J = 7 Hz).



Part F: Preparation of erythro-cis-1-(3-amino-n-prop-1-yl)-4-benzyl- α -ethylpiperidinemethanol

Erythro-cis-4-benzyl-a-ethyl-1-(3-N-phthalimido-n-prop-1-yl)piperidinemethanol(200 mg, 0.48 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 5 mL of ethanol at 25 °C under N_2 . Anhydrous hydrazine (0.03mL, 0.95 mmol, 2 eq.) was added and the reaction refluxed for 3 hours during which time a white precipitate (phthalhydrazide) formed. Once cool, The solids were filtered. The filtrate solvent was removed in vacuo to yield an oil which was stirred in Et₂O. The triturated solids were filtered and the filtrate solvent was removed in vacuo to yield 120 mg of an oil. Yield = 87%. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (t, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 7.17 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz); 7.13 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 3.70-3.30 (m, 2H);

3.20-3.00 (m, 2H); 3.00-2.70 (m, 2H); 2.70-2.40 (m, 2H); 2.30-2.10 (m, 1H); 2.10-1.90 (m, 2H); 1.90-1.40 (m, 5H); 1.40-1.00 (m, 3H); 0.96 (t, 3H, J = 7 Hz).

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Part G: preparation of erythro-cis-1-[3-(3-acetylphenylaminocarbonylamino)-n-prop-1-yl]-4-benzyl- α -ethylpiperidinemethanol and erythro-cis-1-[3-(3-acetylphenylaminocarbonylamino)-n-prop-1-yl]-2-[1-(3-acetylphenylaminocarbonyloxy)-n-prop-1-yl)-4-benzylpiperidine

Erythro-cis-1-(3-amino-n-prop-1-yl)-4-benzyl-αethylpiperidinemethanol (120 mg, 0.41 mmol, 1 eq.) was
dissolved in 5 mL of THF at 25 °C under N₂ then 3acetylphenyl isocyanate added neat. After 1 hour the
solvent was removed *in vacuo* to yield an oil. Purified by
flash chromatography in 100% EtOAc to 4:1 chloroform/MeOH.
Isolated mono-addition product (product A) along with an
additional bis-addition product (product B). Prouct A
yielded 81 mg of an oil. Yield = 43%. Product B yielded
43 mg of an oil.

25 Product A NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (bs, 1H); 7.73 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz); 7.60 (s, 1H); 7.56 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz); 7.40-7.15 (m, 4H); 7.12 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 6.30-6.05 (m, 1H); 4.00-3.80 (m, 1H); 3.50-3.30 (m, 1H); 3.30-2.90 (m, 5H); 2.60-2.40 (m, 2H); 2.57 (s, 3H); 2.30-2.10 (m, 1H); 2.10-1.90

(m, 2H); 1.80-1.40 (m, 5H); 1.30-1.05 (m, 2H); 0.94 (t, 3H), J = 7 Hz.

Product B NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.80-10.60 (m, 1H); 8.20-8.00 (m, 1H); 7.91 (bs, 1H); 7.80-7.18 (m, 9H); 7.11 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 6.20-6.00 (m, 1H); 5.20-5.00 (m, 1H); 3.50-3.00 (m, 4H); 2.57 (s, 3H); 2.56 (s, 3H); 2.55-2.00 (m, 5H); 2.00-1.00 (m, 10H); 1.00-0.80 (m, 3H)

- Product A was separated into its enantiomers employing a Daicel Chiral Pack AD column, eluting with 0.1% diethylamine in methanol. (-)-isomer $\left[\alpha\right]_{\text{p}}^{25}$ (c = 0.300 g/dL, MeOH) = -14.9°. (+)-isomer $\left[\alpha\right]_{\text{p}}^{25}$ (c = 0.290 g/dL, MeOH) = +20.2°.
- The following compounds can be synthesized by the methods discussed previously:

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TABLE 3b.

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	Cores	R1	R2	R2a, R2b	R3	M+1
319	a,b	H	СНЗ		3-СОСНЗ	438
320	a,b	H	СНЗ		4-NO2	441
321	a,b	H	СН3СН2		3-СОСНЗ	452
322	С	H		СНЗ, СНЗ	3-СОСНЗ	452
323	a,b	Н	СН3СН2СН2		3-СОСНЗ	466

324	a,b	H	(CH3)2CH	 3-COCH3	466
325	a,b	Н	СН3СН2СН2СН2	 3-COCH3	480
326	a,b	H	(CH3)2CHCH2	 3-COCH3	480
327	d,e	H	СН3СН2	 3-COCH3	613
328	d,e	H	СН3СН2СН2	 3-COCH3	627
329	d,e	H	(CH3)2CH	 3-COCH3	627
330	d,e	H	СН3СН2СН2СН2	 3-COCH3	641
331	d,e	H	(CH3)2CHCH2	 3-COCH3	641

EXAMPLE 332

Part A: Preparation of N-cyano-N'-3
methoxyphenylcarbamimidic acid, phenyl ester

m-Anisidine (4.56 mL, 4.06 mmol, 1 eq.), and diphenylcyanocarbonimidate (967 mg, 4.06 mmol, 1 eq.) were mixed and refluxed in acetonitrile under N2 for 1 hour. Solids precipitated. The reaction was worked up by filtering off the solids. Obtained 580 mg as product. M.P. = 170.0 - 171.0 °C. NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.70 - 8.50 (m, 1H); 7.43 (t, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 7.40 - 7.20 (m, 2H); 7.14 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz); 7.00 - 6.80 (m, 2H); 6.80 - 6.70 (m, 1H); 3.80 (s, 3H).

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Part B Preparation of N''-cyano-N'-(3-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperidine]propyl-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)quanidine

3-(4-(4-fluorophenylmethyl)piperidin-1-yl)propylamine, (synthesized in a similar fashion to the previously described des-fluoro compound) (53 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1 eq.) and the product from Part A (50 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1 eq.) were mixed and refluxed in 2-propanol under N₂ for 1 hour. The reaction was stripped and the residue then purified over silica gel in 100 % ethyl acetate followed by 8:2 chloroform/methanol. Obtained 55 mg of off-white solids as

product. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (t, 1H, J = 7 Hz); 7.10 - 6.90 (m, 4H); 6.90 - 6.80 (m, 3H); 3.83 (s, 3H); 3.50 - 3.35 (m, 2H); 2.90 - 2.70 (m, 2H); 1.50 - 1.20 (m, 3H). Mass Spec detects 424 (M+H).

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EXAMPLE 334

Part A: Preparation of [(Methylthio)(3-acetylphenylamino)]methylenepropanedinitrile

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[Bis (methylthio) methylene] propaned in itrile 3.00 g, 17.6 mmol, 1 eq.), and 3'amino-acetophenone (2.38 g, 17.6 mmol, 1 eq.), were mixed and refluxed under N_2 in ethanol for 16 hours. Solids precipitated while cooling to 25 °C. The solids were filtered. Obtained 1.86 g of tan solids. M.P. = 165.0 - 166.5 °C. NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.66 (m, 1H); 7.90 - 7.80 (m, 2H); 7.60 - 7.50 (m, 2H); 2.60 (s, 3H); 2.54 (s, 3H).

- 20 Part B: Preparation of 2-[(3-acetylanilino)({3-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]propyl} amino)methylene]malononitrile
- 3-(4-(4-fluorophenylmethyl)piperidin-1-yl)propylamine,
 49 mg, 0.194 mmol, 1 eq.) and the product from <u>Part A</u> (50 mg, 0.194 mmol, 1 eq.) were mixed then stirred under N2 overnight. The reaction was stripped and the residue purified over chloroform/methanol. Obtained 17 mg of a white amphorphous solid. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d,
- 30 1H, J = 7 Hz); 7.73(s, 1H); 7.51 (t, 1H, J= 7 Hz); 7.34 (d, 1H, J = 7Hz); 7.10-6.80 (m, 4H); 3.28 (m, 2H); 2.62 (s, 3H); 2.64-2.40 (m,2H); 2.40-2.25 (m, 2H); 2.05-1.70 (m, 2H); 1.70-1.35 (m, 3H); 1.20-0.80 (m, 2H).

 Mass Spec detects 460 (M+H).

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EXAMPLE 335

Part A: Preparation of N-[1-(methylthio)-2-nitroethenyl]-3-acetylbenzenamine

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A neat mixture of 1,1-bismethylthio-2-nitroethylene (6.5 g, 38.5 mmol, 10 eq) and 3-aminoacetophenone (0.5 g, 3.85 mmol, 1eq) was melted together and heated at 140° C for four hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, then subjected to flash chromatography, eluting with 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes, to yield 0.63 g of a yellow powder as product. Yield = 65%. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.82 (bs, 1H), 7.95-7.91 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.48 (m, 2H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

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Part B: Preparation of 1-(3-{[(E)-1-({-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]propyl}amino)-2-nitroethylenyl]amino}phenyl)ethanone

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To a suspension of N-[1-(methylthio)-2-nitroethenyl]3-acetylbenzenamine (0.30 g, 1.19 mmol, 1.00 eq) in 20 ml
of methanol was added 3-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperidin-1yl)propylamine (0.31 g, 1.25 mmol, 1.05 eq), and the
mixture was stirred at room temperature. After three days,
a colorless solution was observed. The solvent was removed
in-vacuo, and the residue was subjected to flash

chromatography, eluting with 10% methanol/chloroform, to yield 0.38 g of an orange glass as product. Yield = 70%. NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.51 (bs, 1H), 7.92 (d, 1H, j = 8 Hz), 7.72 (bs, 1H), 7.54 (dd, 1H, j = 8 Hz, 8 Hz), 7.35 (bd, 1H), 6.90-6.88 (m, 5H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 3.54 (bs, 2H), 2.92-2.84 (m, 2H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 2.51 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.91 (m, 4H), 1.55-1.50 (m, 3H), 0.88-0.85 (m, 2H). MS (ESI) detects $(M+H)^+$ = 455.

10 The following compounds can be prepared by procedures described previously:

Table 3c

15 e

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	Core	Z	R3	Mass
				Spec
]			,	M+1
332	а	N-CN	3-methoxyphenyl	424
333	а	N-CN	3-acetylphenyl	460
334	a	C(CN)2	3-acetylphenyl	460
335	a	CHNO2	3-acetylphenyl	455
336	b	N-CN	3-acetylphenyl	436

337	b	C(CN)2	3-acetylphenyl	460
338	b	NCONH2	3-acetylphenyl	454
339	b	CHNO2	3-acetylphenyl	455
340	b	N-CN	3,5-diacetylphenyl	478
341	b	NCONH2	3,5-diacetylphenyl	496
342	b	NCO2CH3	3,5-diacetylphenyl	511
343	b	C(CN)2	3,5-diacetylphenyl	
344	b	N-CN	3-(1-methyl-1H-	476
	i i		tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl	
345	ď	C(CN)2	3-(1-methyl-1H-	500
		ĺ	tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl	!
346	b	NCONH2	3-(1-methyl-1H-	494
			tetrazol-5-y1)phenyl	
347	b	N-CN	2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl	454
348	b	N-CN	5-acety1-2-methoxy-	466
		ļ	pheny1	
349	đ	N-CN	3-(1-methyl-1H-	488
			tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl	
350	С	N-CN	phenyl	448
351	С	N-CN	3-acetylphenyl	490
352	С	N-CN	3-cyanopneyl	473
353	С	N-CN	2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	508
354	С	N-CN	2,5-dimethoxyphenyl	508
355	С	N-CN	5-acety1-2-methoxy- 520	
			phenyl	j
356	С	N-CN	2,4-dimethylphenyl	476
357	С	N-CN	4-(1-methyl-1H-	530
			tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl	
358	С	N-CN	4-(1-propyl-1H-	558
			tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl	
359	С	N-CN	5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- 502	
			naphthy-2-yl-phenyl	
360	С	N-CN	4-(4-morpholiny1)- 533	
			phenyl	
361	С	N-CN	2,5-dimethylphenyl	
362	С	N-CN	4-hydroxy-2-	
			methylphenyl	

363	C	N-CN	2-methylphenyl	
364	С	N-CN	2-phenylethyl	
365	С	N-CN	1-adamanty1	
366	С	N-CN	2-adamantyl	
367	С	C(CN)2	3-acetylphenyl	514
368	С	C(CN)2	5-acetyl-2-methoxy-	544
			phenyl	
369	С	CHNO2	3-acetylphenyl	509
370	е	CHNO2	3-acetylphenyl	560
371	е	N-CN	3,5-diacetylphenyl	583
372	е	N-CN	3-acetylphenyl	541
373	е	N-CN	4-(1-propyl-1H-	581
			tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl	

The following examples were synthesized using the methods outlined in Schemes 31a and 25c.

EXAMPLE 606

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N-[2,4,4-Trimethyl-2-pentyl]-N'-[(1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl)piperidinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]-urea

A solution of amine 194 (Scheme 31a, see also Example 415, step d) (6 mg, 0.02 mmol) in 1 mL of THF is treated with 2,4,4-trimethyl-2-pentyl isocyanate (3 μL, 0.03 mmol) at room temperature for 1 h. PS-trisamine (33 mg, 0.15 mmol, Argonaut Technologies Inc.) was added and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the polymer was washed with CH₂Cl₂, and the combined filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue is further purified by HPLC, using a VYDAC C18 prepacked column (10 mm, 22 x 250 mm) and UV detection at 214 nm, elution with MeCN-H₂O-TFA (90:10:0.1-10:90:0.1), flow rate 15 mL/min, to

afford 5.6 mg of the urea product as a solid. ^{1}H NMR (300 MHz, DMDO-D₆) 8.33 (bs, 1 H), 7.23-7.10 (m, 5 H), 6.75-6.72 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz, 1 H), 5.75-5.70 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (m, 1 H), 3.18 (m, 1 H), 3.05 (m, 1 H), 2.95 (m, 1 H), 2.75 (m, 1 H), 2.60 (m, 1 H), 2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.00 (bs, 1 H), 1.90-1.55 (m, 10 H), 1.22 (s, 6 H), 1.20-1.05 (m, 6 H), 0.92 (s, 9 H). MS esi: $(M+H)^{+} = 460$

EXAMPLE 607

10 N-[(1S)-2-Hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-N'-[(1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl)piperidinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]-urea

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Part A. Preparation of phenyl (1R)-2-hydroxy-1-15 phenylethyl carbamate

To a mixture of 137.2 mg of R-(-)-2-phenylglycinol (1.0 mmol) and 250 mg polyvinyl-pyridine (Aldrich, 25% crosslinked) in 3 mL THF were added 188 μ L (1.5 mmol) phenyl chloroformate. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for overnight. To this mixture were then added 500 mg (2 mmols) PS-trisamine and the reaction mixed for additional 3 h. The reaction mixture was then filtered and the volatiles evaporated to give the title compound. MS esi: $(M+H)^+ = 258$. This compound is used for next step without purification.

Part B. Preparation of N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-N'- (1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4-

30 <u>fluorophenyl)methyl)piperidinyl</u>lmethyllcyclohexyll-urea

Amine 194 (Scheme 31a, see also Example 415, step d) (6 mg, 0.02 mmol) and the product from Part A (25,8 mg, 0.1 mmol, ca 5 eq.) were mixed and then stirred overnight. PS-trisamine (44 mg, 0.2 mmol, Argonaut technologies Inc.) was added and stirred for 8 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the plymer was washed with CH_2Cl_2 , and the combined filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue is futher purified by HPLC, using a VYDAC C18 prepacked column (10mm, 22 x 250 mm) and UV detection at 214 nm, elution with MeCN- H_2O -TFA (90:10:0.1-10:90:0.1), flow rate 15 mL/min, to afford 2.6 mg of urea **607** as a solid. MS esi: $(M+H)^+ = 468$.

EXAMPLE 615

15 N"-Cyano-N-(2-ethoxyethyl)-N'-(1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl)piperidinyl|methyl|cyclohexyl|guanidine

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Part A. Preparation of N-cyano-N'-3-ethoxyethylcarbamimidic 20 acid, phenyl ester

2-Ethoxyethylamine (0.315 mL, 3 mmol, 1 eq.), and diphenylcyanocarbonimidate (715 mg, 3 mmol, 1 eq.) were mixed and refluxed in acetonitrile for overnight. The solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residue was subjected to flash chromatography, eluting with 50% Ethyl acetate/hexane, to yield 467 mg product as a white solid. MS esi: $(M+H)^+ = 234$.

Part B. Preparation of N"-cyano-N-(2-ethoxyethyl)-N'(1R,2S)-2-[[(3S)-3-(4fluorophenyl)methyl)piperidinyl]methyl]cyclohexyl]guanidine

Amine 194 (Scheme 31a) (15 mg, 0.05 mmol) and the product from Part A (117 mg, 0.5 mmol, 10 eq.) were mixed then stirred overnight. The reaction was stripped and the residue then purified in silica gel in 100% ethyl acetate followed by 9:1 ethyl acetate/methanol. The product was further purified by HPLC, using a VYDAC C18 prepacked column (10 mm, 22 x 250 mm) and UV detection at 214 nm, elution with MeCN-H₂O-TFA (90:10:0.1-10:90:0.1), flow rate 15 mL/min, to afford 13.6 mg of pure product as a white solid. 1 H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD) 7.20 (m, 2 H), 7.05 (m, 2 H), 3.62-3.35 (m, 11 H), 3.15 (m, 1 H), 3.10-2.8 (m, 2 H), 2.70-2.50 (m, 3 H), 2.10-2.65 (m, 8 H), 1.45-1.10 (m, 5 H), 1.10 (t, J = 8 Hz, 3 H). MS esi: (M+H) $^{+}$ = 444.

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The following compounds can be prepared by procedures described previously.

Table 3d

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Ex. #	Z	R3	Mass Spec
			M+1
601	0	t-butyl	404
602	0	i-proryl	390
603	0	С ₂ н ₅ ососн ₂	434
604	0	CH ₃ CH ₃ ' ' ' CO ₂ CH ₃	462
605	0	Ph Ž', ČO ₂ CH ₃	510
606	0	H ₃ C CH ₃ CH ₃ H ₃ C CH ₃	460

607	0	Ph - 'Y	468
		HO ⁻	
608	0	NH ₂ COCH ₂	405
609	0	СН ₃ ОСН ₂ СН ₂	406
610	0	С ₂ H ₅ OCH ₂ CH ₂	420
611	NCN	C ₂ H ₅ OCOCH ₂	458
612	N(CN) ₂	CH ₃ OCH ₂ CH ₂	454
613	NCN	PhoCH ₂ CH ₂	492
614	NCN	CH ₃ OCH ₂ CH ₂	430
615	NCN	С ₂ H ₅ OCH ₂ CH ₂	444

The following tables contain representative examples

of the present invention, and may be prepared by procedures described above, or methods familiar to one skilled in the art. Each entry in each table is intended to be paired with each formulae at the start of the table. For example, Entry 1 in Table 4 is intended to be paired with each of formulae 1a-84.

TABLE 4*

5

10

$$G \longrightarrow H \\ HN \longrightarrow R_3$$

$$45$$

$$G \longrightarrow H \\ HN \longrightarrow R_3$$

$$49$$

$$G \longrightarrow H \\ HN \longrightarrow R_3$$

$$51$$

$$G \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_3$$

$$54$$

$$G \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_3$$

$$56$$

$$G \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_3$$

$$58$$

$$58$$

$$M \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_3$$

$$H \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_3$$

Entry	G	R3
1	4-F-Ph	Ph
2	4-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph
3	4-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
4	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
5	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
6	4-F-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
7	4-F-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
8	4-F-Ph	3-CONHMe-Ph
9	4-F-Ph	3-F-Ph
10	4-F-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
11	4-F-Ph	3-Br-Ph
12	4-F-Ph	3-NO2-Ph

13	4-F-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
14	4-F-Ph	3-NHMe-Ph
15	4-F-Ph	3-NMe2-Ph
16	4-F-Ph	3-NHCOCH3-Ph
17	4-F-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
18	4-F-Ph	3-SO2NHMe-Ph
19	4-F-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
20	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
21	4-F-Ph	3-OPh-Ph
22	4-F-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
23	4-F-Ph	3-SCH3-Ph
24	4-F-Ph	3-SOCH3-Ph
25	4-F-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
26	4-F-Ph	3-OH-Ph
27	4-F-Ph	3-CH2OH-Ph
28	4-F-Ph	3-СНОНСН3-Ph
29	4-F-Ph	3-COH(CH3)2-Ph
30	4-F-Ph	3-CHOHPh-Ph
31	4-F-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
32	4-F-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
33	4-F-Ph	3-iPr-Ph
34	4-F-Ph	3-tBu-Ph
35	4-F-Ph	3-Ph-Ph
36	4-F-Ph	3-CH2Ph-Ph
37	4-F-Ph	3-CH2CO2Me-Ph
38	4-F-Ph	3-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
39	4-F-Ph	3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
40	4-F-Ph	3-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
41	4-F-Ph	3-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
42	4-F-Ph	3-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
43	4-F-Ph	3-(3-pyrazoly1)-Ph
44	4-F-Ph	3-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
45	4-F-Ph	3-(1-tetrazoly1)-Ph
46	4-F-Ph	3-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
47	4-F-Ph	3-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
48	4-F-Ph	3-(2-thienyl)-Ph

49	4-F-Ph	3-(2-furanyl)-Ph
50	4-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph
51	4-F-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
52	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
53	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
54	4-F-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
55	4-F-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
56	4-F-Ph	4-CONHMe-Ph
57	4-F-Ph	4-CONHPh-Ph
58	4-F-Ph	4-NHCONH2-Ph
59	4-F-Ph	4-F-Ph
60	4-F-Ph	4-C1-Ph
61	4-F-Ph	4-Br-Ph
62	4-F-Ph	4-NO2-Ph
63	4-F-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
64	4-F-Ph	4-NHMe-Ph
65	4-F-Ph	4-NMe2-Ph
66	4-F-Ph	4-NHCOCH3-Ph
67	4-F-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
68	4-F-Ph	4-SO2NHMe-Ph
69	4-F-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
70	4-F-Ph	4-0CH3-Ph
71	4-F-Ph	4-OPh-Ph
72	4-F-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
73	4-F-Ph	4-SCH3-Ph
74	4-F-Ph	4-SOCH3-Ph
75	4-F-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
76	4-F-Ph	4-OH-Ph
77	4-F-Ph	4-CH2OH-Ph
78	4-F-Ph	4-CHOHCH3-Ph
79	4-F-Ph	4-COH(CH3)2-Ph
80	4-F-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
81	4-F-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
82	4-F-Ph	4-iPr-Ph
83	4-F-Ph	4-tBu-Ph
84	4-F-Ph	4-Ph-Ph

85	4-F-Ph	4-CH2Ph-Ph	
86	4-F-Ph	4-CH2CO2Me-Ph	
87	4-F-Ph	4-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph	
88	4-F-Ph	4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph	
89	4-F-Ph	4-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph	
90	4-F-Ph	4-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph	
91	4-F-Ph	4-(2-thiazoly1)-Ph	
92	4-F-Ph	4-(3-pyrazoly1)-Ph	
93	4-F-Ph	4-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph	
94	4-F-Ph	4-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph	
95	4-F-Ph	4-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph	
96	4-F-Ph	4-(2-pyridyl)-Ph	
97	4-F-Ph	4-(2-thienyl)-Ph	
98	4-F-Ph	4-(2-furanyl)-Ph	
99	4-F-Ph	2-CN-Ph	
100	4-F-Ph	2-COCH3-Ph	
101	4-F-Ph	2-CO2Me-Ph	
102	4-F-Ph	2-CO2Et-Ph	
103	4-F-Ph	2-CO2H-Ph	
104	4-F-Ph	2-CONH2-Ph	
105	4-F-Ph	2-CONHMe-Ph	
106	4-F-Ph	2-F-Ph	
107	4-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph	
108	4-F-Ph	2-Br-Ph	
109	4-F-Ph	2-NO2-Ph	
110	4-F-Ph	2-NH2-Ph	
111	4-F-Ph	2-NHMe-Ph	
112	4-F-Ph	2-NMe2-Ph	
113	4-F-Ph	2-NHCOCH3-Ph	
114	4-F-Ph	2-SO2NH2-Ph	
115	4-F-Ph	2-SO2NHMe-Ph	
116	4-F-Ph	2-CF3-Ph	
117	4-F-Ph	2-0CH3-Ph	
118	4-F-Ph	2-OPh-Ph	
119	4-F-Ph	2-OCF3-Ph	
120	4-F-Ph	2-SCH3-Ph	

121	4-F-Ph	2-SOCH3-Ph
122	4-F-Ph	2-SO2CH3-Ph
123	4-F-Ph	2-OH-Ph
124	4-F-Ph	2-CH2OH-Ph
125	4-F-Ph	2-CHOHCH3-Ph
126	4-F-Ph	2-COH(CH3)2-Ph
127	4-F-Ph	2-CHOHPh-Ph
128	4-F-Ph	2-CH3-Ph
129	4-F-Ph	2-C2H5-Ph
130	′ 4-F-Ph	2-iPr-Ph
131	4-F-Ph	2-tBu-Ph
132	4-F-Ph	2-Ph-Ph
133	4-F-Ph	2-CH2Ph-Ph
134	4-F-Ph	2-CH2CO2Me-Ph
135	4-F-Ph	2-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
136	4-F-Ph	2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
137	4-F-Ph	2-(2-imidazoly1)-Ph
138	4-F-Ph	2-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
139	4-F-Ph	2-(2-thiazoly1)-Ph
140	4-F-Ph	2-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
141	4-F-Ph	2-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
142	4-F-Ph	2-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
143	4-F-Ph	2-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
144	4-F-Ph	2-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
145	4-F-Ph	2-(2-thienyl)-Ph
146	4-F-Ph	2-(2-furanyl)-Ph
147	4-F-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
148	4-F-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
149	4-F-Ph	2,6-diF-Ph
150	4-F-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
151	4-F-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
152	4-F-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
153	4-F-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
154	4-F-Ph	2,6-diCl-Ph
155	4-F-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
156	4-F-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph

157	4-F-Ph	3,4-diCF3-Ph
158	4-F-Ph	3,5-diCF3-Ph
159	4-F-Ph	5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph
160	4-F-Ph	5-C1-2-Me-Ph
161	4-F-Ph	2-F-5-Me-Ph
162	4-F-Ph	2-F-5-NO2-Ph
163	4-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
164	4-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
165	4-F-Ph	2-MeO-4-Me-Ph
166	4-F-Ph	2-MeO-5-Me-Ph
167	4-F-Ph	1-naphthyl
168	4-F-Ph	2-naphthyl
169	4-F-Ph	2-thienyl
170	4-F-Ph	3-thienyl
171	4-F-Ph	2-furanyl
172	4-F-Ph	3-furanyl
173	4-F-Ph	2-pyridyl
174	4-F-Ph	3-pyridyl
175	4-F-Ph	4-pyridyl
176	4-F-Ph	2-indolyl
177	4-F-Ph	3-indolyl
178	4-F-Ph	5-indolyl
179	4-F-Ph	6-indolyl
180	4-F-Ph	3-indazolyl
181	4-F-Ph	5-indazolyl
182	4-F-Ph	6-indazolyl
183	4-F-Ph	2-imidazolyl
184	4-F-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
185	4-F-Ph	2-thiazolyl
186	4-F-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
187	4-F-Ph	2-benzimidazolyl
188	4-F-Ph	5-benzimidazolyl
189	4-F-Ph	2-benzothiazolyl
190	4-F-Ph	5-benzothiazolyl
191	4-F-Ph	2-benzoxazolyl
192	4-F-Ph	5-benzoxazolyl
		

193	4-F-Ph	1-adamantyl
194	4-F-Ph	2-adamantyl
195	4-F-Ph	t-Bu
196	2-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph
197	2-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
198	2-F-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
199	2-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
200	2-F-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
201	2-F-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
202	2-F-Ph	3-F-Ph
203	2-F-Ph	3-C1-Ph
204	2-F-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
205	2-F-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
206	2-F-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
207	2-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
208	2-F-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
209	2-F-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
210	2-F-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
211	2-F-Ph	3-OH-Ph
212	2-F-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
213	2-F-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
214	2-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph
215	2-F-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
216	2-F-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
217	2-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
218	2-F-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
219	2-F-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
220	2-F-Ph	4-F-Ph
221	2-F-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
222	2-F-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
223	2-F-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
224	2-F-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
225	2-F-Ph	4-0CH3-Ph
226	2-F-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
227	2-F-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
228	2-F-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph

229	2-F-Ph	4-OH-Ph
230	2-F-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
231	2-F-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
232	2-F-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
233	2-F-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
234	2-F-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
235	2-F-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
236	2-F-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
237	2-F-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
238	2-F-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
239	2-F-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
240	2-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
241	2-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
242	2-F-Ph	2-thienyl
243	2-F-Ph	2-furanyl
244	2-F-Ph	2-pyridyl
245	2-F-Ph	4-pyridyl
246	2-F-Ph	2-imidazolyl
247	2-F-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
248	2-F-Ph	2-thiazolyl
249	2-F-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
250	2-F-Ph	1-adamantyl
251	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CN-Ph
252	2,4-diF-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
253	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
254	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
255	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
256	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
257	2,4-diF-Ph	3-F-Ph
258	2,4-diF-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
259	2,4-diF-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
260	2,4-diF-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
261	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
262	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
263	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
264	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph

265	2,4-diF-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
266	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OH-Ph
267	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
268	2,4-diF-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
269	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CN-Ph
270	2,4-diF-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
271	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
272	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
273	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
274	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
275	2,4-diF-Ph	4-F-Ph
276	2,4-diF-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
277	2,4-diF-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
278	2,4-diF-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
279	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
280	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
281	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
282	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
283	2,4-diF-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
284	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OH-Ph
285	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
286	2,4-diF-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
287	2,4-diF-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
288	2,4-diF-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
289	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
290	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
291	2,4-diF-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
292	2,4-diF-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
293	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
294	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
295	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
296	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
297	2,4-diF-Ph	2-thienyl
298	2,4-diF-Ph	2-furanyl
299	2,4-diF-Ph	2-pyridyl
300	2,4-diF-Ph	4-pyridyl

301	2,4-diF-Ph	2-imidazolyl
302	2,4-diF-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
303	2,4-diF-Ph	2-thiazolyl
304	2,4-diF-Ph	5-tetrazoly1
305	2,4-diF-Ph	1-adamantyl
306	4-Cl-Ph	Ph
307	4-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
308	4-Cl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
309	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
310	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
311	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
312	4-Cl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
313	4-Cl-Ph	3-CONHMe-Ph
314	4-Cl-Ph	3-F-Ph
315	4-Cl-Ph	3-C1-Ph
316	4-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph
317	4-Cl-Ph	3-NO2-Ph
318	4-Cl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
319	4-Cl-Ph	3-NHMe-Ph
320	4-Cl-Ph	3-NMe2-Ph
321	4-Cl-Ph	3-NHCOCH3-Ph
322	4-C1-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
323	4-Cl-Ph	3-SO2NHMe-Ph
324	4-Cl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
325	4-C1-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
326	4-C1-Ph	3-OPh-Ph
327	4-C1-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
328	4-C1-Ph	3-SCH3-Ph
329	4-C1-Ph	3-SOCH3-Ph
330	4-Cl-Ph	3-S02CH3-Ph
331	4-C1-Ph	3-OH-Ph
332	4-C1-Ph	3-CH2OH-Ph
333	4-C1-Ph	3-СНОНСН3-Рh
334	4-Cl-Ph	3-COH(CH3)2-Ph
335	4-Cl-Ph	3-CHOHPh-Ph
336	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph

337	4-Cl-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
338	4-Cl-Ph	3-iPr-Ph
339	4-Cl-Ph	3-tBu-Ph
340	4-C1-Ph	3-Ph-Ph
341	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH2Ph-Ph
342	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH2CO2Me-Ph
343	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
344	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
345	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-imidazoly1)-Ph
346	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-imidazoly1)-Ph
347	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-thiazoly1)-Ph
348	4-Cl-Ph	3-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
349	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-pyrazoly1)-Ph
350	4-C1-Ph	3-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
351	4-C1-Ph	3-(5-tetrazoly1)-Ph
352	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
353	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-thienyl)-Ph
354	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-furanyl)-Ph
355	4-C1-Ph	4-CN-Ph
356	4-C1-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
357	4-C1-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
358	4-Cl-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
359	4-Cl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
360	4-Cl-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
361	4-Cl-Ph	4-CONHMe-Ph
362	4-Cl-Ph	4-CONHPh-Ph
363	4-C1-Ph	4-NHCONH2-Ph
364	4-Cl-Ph	4-F-Ph
365	4-Cl-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
366	4-Cl-Ph	4-Br-Ph
367	4-Cl-Ph	4-NO2-Ph
368	4-C1-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
369	4-C1-Ph	4-NHMe-Ph
370	4-C1-Ph	4-NMe2-Ph
371	4-C1-Ph	4-NHCOCH3-Ph

373	4-Cl-Ph	4-SO2NHMe-Ph
374	4-Cl-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
375	4-Cl-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
376	4-Cl-Ph	4-OPh-Ph
377	4-Cl-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
378	4-Cl-Ph	4-SCH3-Ph
379	4-Cl-Ph	4-SOCH3-Ph
380	4-Cl-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
381	4-Cl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
382	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH2OH-Ph
383	4-Cl-Ph	4-CHOHCH3-Ph
384	4-C1-Ph	4-COH(CH3)2-Ph
385	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
386	4-C1-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
387	4-C1-Ph	4-iPr-Ph
388	4-Cl-Ph	4-tBu-Ph
389	4-Cl-Ph	4-Ph-Ph
390	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH2Ph-Ph
391	4-C1-Ph	4-CH2CO2Me-Ph
392	4-C1-Ph	4-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
393	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
394	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
395	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
396	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
397	4-Cl-Ph	4-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
398	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
399	4-C1-Ph	4-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
400	4-Cl-Ph	4-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
401	4-C1-Ph	4-(2-pyridy1)-Ph
402	4-C1-Ph	4-(2-thienyl)-Ph
403	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-furany1)-Ph
404	4-Cl-Ph	2-CN-Ph
405	4-Cl-Ph	2-COCH3-Ph
406	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2Me-Ph
407	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2Et-Ph
408	4-C1-Ph	2-CO2H-Ph
L—————————————————————————————————————		L

409	4-Cl-Ph	2-CONH2-Ph
410	4-Cl-Ph	2-CONHMe-Ph
411	4-C1-Ph	2-F-Ph
412	4-Cl-Ph	2-Cl-Ph
413	4-Cl-Ph	2-Br-Ph
414	4-Cl-Ph	2-N02-Ph
415	4-C1-Ph	2-NH2-Ph
416	4-C1-Ph	2-NHMe-Ph
417	4-Cl-Ph	2-NMe2-Ph
418	4-Cl-Ph	2-NHCOCH3-Ph
419	4-Cl-Ph	2-SO2NH2-Ph
420	4-Cl-Ph	2-SO2NHMe-Ph
421	4-Cl-Ph	2-CF3-Ph
422	4-Cl-Ph	2-OCH3-Ph
423	4-Cl-Ph	2-OPh-Ph
424	4-Cl-Ph	2-OCF3-Ph
425	4-Cl-Ph	2-SCH3-Ph
426	4-Cl-Ph	2-SOCH3-Ph
427	4-Cl-Ph	2-S02CH3-Ph
428	4-Cl-Ph	2-OH-Ph
429	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH2OH-Ph
430	4-C1-Ph	2-CHOHCH3-Ph
431	4-Cl-Ph	2-COH(CH3)2-Ph
432	4-Cl-Ph	2-CHOHPh-Ph
433	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH3-Ph
434	4-Cl-Ph	2-C2H5-Ph
435	4-Cl-Ph	2-iPr-Ph
436	4-Cl-Ph	2-tBu-Ph
437	4-Cl-Ph	2-Ph-Ph
438	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH2Ph-Ph
439	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH2CO2Me-Ph
440	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
441	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
442	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
443	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
444	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-thiazoly1)-Ph

445	4-Cl-Ph	2-(3-pyrazoly1)-Ph
446	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
447	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
448	4-C1-Ph	2-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
449	4-C1-Ph	2-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
450	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-thienyl)-Ph
451	4-C1-Ph	2-(2-furanyl)-Ph
452	4-Cl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
453	4-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
454	4-Cl-Ph	2,6-diF-Ph
455	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
456	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
457	4-C1-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
458	4-Cl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
459	4-Cl-Ph	2,6-diCl-Ph
460	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
461	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
462	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diCF3-Ph
463	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCF3-Ph
464	4-Cl-Ph	5-Cl-2-MeO-Ph
465	4-Cl-Ph	5-C1-2-Me-Ph
466	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-5-Me-Ph
467	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-5-NO2-Ph
468	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
469	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
470	4-Cl-Ph	2-MeO-4-Me-Ph
471	4-Cl-Ph	2-MeO-5-Me-Ph
472	4-C1-Ph	1-naphthyl
473	4-C1-Ph	2-naphthyl
474	4-Cl-Ph	2-thienyl
475	4-C1-Ph	3-thienyl
476	4-Cl-Ph	2-furanyl
477	4-Cl-Ph	3-furanyl
478	4-C1-Ph	2-pyridyl
479	4-Cl-Ph	3-pyridyl
480	4-Cl-Ph	4-pyridyl

481	4-Cl-Ph	2-indolyl
482	4-Cl-Ph	3-indolyl
483	4-Cl-Ph	5-indolyl
484	4-Cl-Ph	6-indolyl
485	4-Cl-Ph	3-indazolyl
486	4-Cl-Ph	5-indazolyl
487	4-Cl-Ph	6-indazolyl
488	4-Cl-Ph	2-imidazolyl
489	4-Cl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
490	4-Cl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
491	4-Cl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
492	4-C1-Ph	2-benzimidazolyl
493	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzimidazolyl
494	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzothiazolyl
495	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzothiazolyl
496	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzoxazoly1
497	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzoxazolyl
498	4-Cl-Ph	1-adamantyl
499	4-Cl-Ph	2-adamantyl
500	4-Cl-Ph	t-Bu
501	2-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
502	2-Cl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
503	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
504	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
505	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
506	2-Cl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
507	2-Cl-Ph	3-F-Ph
508	2-Cl-Ph	3-C1-Ph
509	2-Cl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
510	2-Cl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
511	2-Cl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
512	2-Cl-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
513	2-C1-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
514	2-Cl-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
515	2-Cl-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
516	2-Cl-Ph	3-OH-Ph
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517	2-Cl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
518	2-C1-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
519	2-Cl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
520	2-C1-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
521	2-Cl-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
522	2-C1-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
523	2-C1-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
524	2-C1-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
525	2-Cl-Ph	4-F-Ph
526	2-C1-Ph	4-C1-Ph
527	2-Cl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
528	2-C1-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
529	2-Cl-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
530	2-C1-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
531	2-Cl-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
532	2-Cl-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
533	2-Cl-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
534	2-C1-Ph	4-OH-Ph
535	2-C1-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
536	2-C1-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
537	2-Cl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
538	2-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
539	2-Cl-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
540	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
541	2-C1-Ph	2,4-dicl-Ph
542	2-C1-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
543	2-Cl-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
544	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
545	2-C1-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
546	2-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
547	2-Cl-Ph	2-thienyl
548	2-Cl-Ph	2-furanyl
549	2-Cl-Ph	2-pyridyl
550	2-Cl-Ph	4-pyridyl
551	2-Cl-Ph	2-imidazolyl
552	2-Cl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl

553	2-Cl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
554	2-Cl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
555	2-Cl-Ph	1-adamantyl
556	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
557	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
558	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
559	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
560	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
561	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
562	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-F-Ph
563	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
564	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
565	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
566	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
567	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
568	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
569	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
570	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
571	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OH-Ph
572	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
573	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
574	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
575	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
576	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
577	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
578	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
579	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
580	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-F-Ph
581	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
582	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
583	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
584	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
585	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
586	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
587	2,4-diC1-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
588	2,4-diC1-Ph	4-S02CH3-Ph
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589	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
590	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
591	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
592	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
593	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
594	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
595	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
596	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
597	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
598	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
599	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
600	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
601	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
602	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-thienyl
603	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-furany1
604	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-pyridyl
605	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-pyridyl
606	2,4-diC1-Ph	2-imidazolyl
607	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
608	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
609	2,4-diCl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
610	2,4-diCl-Ph	1-adamantyl
611	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CN-Ph
612	3-OCH3-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
613	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
614	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
615	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
616	3-0CH3-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
617	3-0CH3-Ph	3-F-Ph
618	3-0CH3-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
619	3-0CH3-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
620	3-0CH3-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
621	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
622	3-0CH3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
623	3-0CH3-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
624	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
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626 3-OCH3-Ph 3-OH-Ph 627 3-OCH3-Ph 3-CH3-Ph 628 3-OCH3-Ph 3-CH5-Ph 629 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CN-Ph 630 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CN-Ph 631 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2Me-Ph 631 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2Me-Ph 632 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2Me-Ph 633 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 634 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CNH2-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CI-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dicl-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2-Ph 659 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2-O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2-O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2-O-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	625	3-OCH3-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
628 3-OCH3-Ph 3-C2H5-Ph 629 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CN-Ph 630 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COCH3-Ph 631 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2Me-Ph 632 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 633 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 634 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COMH2-Ph 635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-	626	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OH-Ph
629 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CN-Ph 630 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COCH3-Ph 631 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COZME-Ph 632 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COZME-Ph 633 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COZH-Ph 634 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COZH-Ph 635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CONH2-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SOZNH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 3-OCH3-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3-OCH3-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3-OCH3-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 659 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl	627	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
630 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COCH3-Ph 631 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2Me-Ph 632 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2Me-Ph 633 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 634 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COH2-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-C1-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CP3-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3-CH3-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl	628	3-OCH3-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
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632 3-OCH3-Ph 4-COZET-Ph 633 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 634 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CONH2-Ph 635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diC1-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659	630	3-OCH3-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
633 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CO2H-Ph 634 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CONH2-Ph 635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diC1-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl	631	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
634 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-C1-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH5-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diC1-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diC1-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diC1-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH	632	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
635 3-OCH3-Ph 4-F-Ph 636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-C1-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET3-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph	633	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
636 3-OCH3-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OEt-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2CH3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 657 3-OCH3-Ph <td>634</td> <td>3-OCH3-Ph</td> <td>4-CONH2-Ph</td>	634	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
637 3-OCH3-Ph 4-NH2-Ph 638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2CH3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH5-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph </td <td>635</td> <td>3-OCH3-Ph</td> <td>4-F-Ph</td>	635	3-OCH3-Ph	4-F-Ph
638 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2NH2-Ph 639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	636	3-OCH3-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
639 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CF3-Ph 640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OEt-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	637	3-OCH3-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
640 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCH3-Ph 641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OET-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2CH3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	638	3-OCH3-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
641 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OEt-Ph 642 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OCF3-Ph 643 3-OCH3-Ph 4-SO2CH3-Ph 644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	639	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
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644 3-OCH3-Ph 4-OH-Ph 645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-C2H5-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	642	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
645 3-OCH3-Ph 4-CH3-Ph 646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-C2H5-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-dif-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-dif-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-dicl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-dicl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dicl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-dicl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-dicl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	643	3-OCH3-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
646 3-OCH3-Ph 4-C2H5-Ph 647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-dif-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-dif-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	644	3-0CH3-Ph	4-OH-Ph
647 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diF-Ph 648 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	645	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
648 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diF-Ph 649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diF-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	646	3-OCH3-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
649 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-dif-Ph 650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-dif-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	647	3-0CH3-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
650 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diF-Ph 651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	648	3-0CH3-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
651 3-OCH3-Ph 2,4-diCl-Ph 652 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	649	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
652 3-OCH3-Ph 2,5-diCl-Ph 653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diCl-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	650	3-0CH3-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
653 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-diC1-Ph 654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diC1-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	651	3-OCH3-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
654 3-OCH3-Ph 3,5-diCl-Ph 655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	652	3-OCH3-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
655 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	653	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
656 3-OCH3-Ph 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	654	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
657 3-OCH3-Ph 2-thienyl 658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	655	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
658 3-OCH3-Ph 2-furanyl 659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	656	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
659 3-OCH3-Ph 2-pyridyl	657	3-OCH3-Ph	2-thienyl
	658	3-OCH3-Ph	2-furanyl
660 3-OCH3-Ph 4-pyridyl	659	3-OCH3-Ph	2-pyridyl
	660	3-OCH3-Ph	4-pyridyl

661	3-OCH3-Ph	2-imidazolyl
662	3-OCH3-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
663	3-OCH3-Ph	2-thiazolyl
664	3-OCH3-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
665	3-OCH3-Ph	1-adamanty1
666	2-thienyl	3-CN-Ph
667	2-thienyl	3-COCH3-Ph
668	2-thienyl	3-F-Ph
669	2-thienyl	3-C1-Ph
670	2-thienyl	3-NH2-Ph
671	2-thienyl	3-OCH3-Ph
672	2-thieny1	3-OH-Ph
673	2-thienyl	4-CN-Ph
674	2-thienyl	4-COCH3-Ph
675	2-thienyl	4-F-Ph
676	2-thienyl	4-Cl-Ph
677	2-thienyl	4-NH2-Ph
678	2-thieny1	4-OCH3-Ph
679	2-thienyl	4-OH-Ph
680	2-thienyl	3,4-diF-Ph
681	2-thienyl	3,5-diF-Ph
682	2-thienyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
683	2-thienyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
684	2-thienyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
685	2-thienyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
686	3-thienyl	3-CN-Ph
687	3-thienyl	3-COCH3-Ph
688	3-thienyl	3-F-Ph
689	3-thienyl	3-C1-Ph
690	3-thienyl	3-NH2-Ph
691	3-thienyl	3-OCH3-Ph
692	3-thienyl	3-OH-Ph
693	3-thienyl	4-CN-Ph
694	3-thienyl	4-COCH3-Ph
695	3-thienyl	4-F-Ph
696	3-thienyl	4-C1-Ph

697		
	3-thienyl	4-NH2-Ph
698	3-thienyl	4-OCH3-Ph
699	3-thienyl	4-OH-Ph
700	3-thienyl	3,4-diF-Ph
701	3-thienyl	3,5-diF-Ph
702	3-thienyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
703	3-thienyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
704	3-thienyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
705	3-thienyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
706	2-furanyl	3-CN-Ph
707	2-furanyl	3-COCH3-Ph
708	2-furanyl	3-F-Ph
709	2-furanyl	3-Cl-Ph
710	2-furanyl	3-NH2-Ph
711	2-furanyl	3-OCH3-Ph
712	2-furanyl	3-OH-Ph
713	2-furanyl	4-CN-Ph
714	2-furanyl	4-COCH3-Ph
715	2-furanyl	4-F-Ph
716	2-furanyl	4-Cl-Ph
717	2-furanyl	4-NH2-Ph
718	2-furanyl	4-OCH3-Ph
719	2-furanyl	4-OH-Ph
720	2-furanyl	3,4-diF-Ph
721	2-furanyl	3,5-diF-Ph
722	2-furanyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
723	2-furanyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
724	2-furanyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
725	2-furany1	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
726	3-furanyl	3-CN-Ph
727	3-furanyl	3-COCH3-Ph
728	3-furanyl	3-F-Ph
729	3-furanyl	3-Cl-Ph
730	3-furanyl	3-NH2-Ph
731	3-furanyl	3-OCH3-Ph
732	3-furanyl	3-OH-Ph

733	3-furanyl	4-CN-Ph
734	3-furanyl	4-COCH3-Ph
735	3-furanyl	4-F-Ph
736	3-furanyl	4-C1-Ph
737	3-furanyl	4-NH2-Ph
738	3-furanyl	4-OCH3-Ph
739	3-furany1	4-OH-Ph
740	3-furanyl	3,4-diF-Ph
741	3-furanyl	3,5-diF-Ph
742	3-furanyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
743	3-furany1	3,5-diCl-Ph
744	3-furanyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
745	3-furanyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
746	2-pyridyl	3-CN-Ph
747	2-pyridyl	3-COCH3-Ph
748	2-pyridyl	3-F-Ph
749	2-pyridyl	3-Cl-Ph
750	2-pyridyl	3-NH2-Ph
751	2-pyridyl	3-OCH3-Ph
752	2-pyridyl	3-OH-Ph
753	2-pyridyl	4-CN-Ph
754	2-pyridyl	4-COCH3-Ph
755	2-pyridyl	4-F-Ph
756	2-pyridyl	4-Cl-Ph
757	2-pyridyl	4-NH2-Ph
758	2-pyridyl	4-OCH3-Ph
759	2-pyridyl	4-OH-Ph
760	2-pyridyl	3,4-diF-Ph
761	2-pyridyl	3,5-diF-Ph
762	2-pyridyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
763	2-pyridyl	3,5-diC1-Ph
764	2-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
765	2-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
766	3-pyridyl	3-CN-Ph
767	3-pyridyl	3-COCH3-Ph
768	3-pyridyl	3-F-Ph

769	3-pyridyl	3-C1-Ph
770	3-pyridyl	3-NH2-Ph
771	3-pyridyl	3-OCH3-Ph
772	3-pyridyl	3-OH-Ph
773	3-pyridyl	4-CN-Ph
774	3-pyridyl	4-COCH3-Ph
775	3-pyridyl	4-F-Ph
776	3-pyridyl	4-Cl-Ph
777	3-pyridyl	4-NH2-Ph
778	3-pyridyl	4-OCH3-Ph
779	3-pyridyl	4-OH-Ph
780	3-pyridyl	3,4-diF-Ph
781	3-pyridyl	3,5-diF-Ph
782	3-pyridyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
783	3-pyridyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
784	3-pyridy1	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
785	3-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
786	4-pyridyl	3-CN-Ph
787	4-pyridyl	3-COCH3-Ph
788	4-pyridyl	3-F-Ph
789	4-pyridyl	3-C1-Ph
790	4-pyridyl	3-NH2-Ph
791	4-pyridyl	3-OCH3-Ph
792	4-pyridyl	3-OH-Ph
793	4-pyridyl	4-CN-Ph
794	4-pyridyl	4-COCH3-Ph
795	4-pyridyl	4-F-Ph
796	4-pyridyl	4-Cl-Ph
797	4-pyridyl	4-NH2-Ph
798	4-pyridyl	4-OCH3-Ph
799	4-pyridyl	4-OH-Ph
800	4-pyridyl	3,4-diF-Ph
801	4-pyridyl	3,5-diF-Ph
802	4-pyridyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
803	4-pyridyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
804	4-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph

806 807	3-indolyl	3-CN-Ph
807		2-01/1-11
1 00/	3-indoly1	3-COCH3-Ph
808	3-indolyl	3-F-Ph
809	3-indolyl	3-Cl-Ph
810	3-indolyl	3-NH2-Ph
811	3-indolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
812	3-indolyl	3-OH-Ph
813	3-indolyl	4-CN-Ph
814	3-indolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
815	3-indolyl	4-F-Ph
816	3-indolyl	4-C1-Ph
817	3-indolyl	4-NH2-Ph
818	3-indoly1	4-OCH3-Ph
819	3-indolyl	4-OH-Ph
820	3-indolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
821	3-indolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
822	3-indolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
823	3-indolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
824	3-indolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
825	3-indolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
826	5-indolyl	3-CN-Ph
827	5-indolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
828	5-indolyl	3-F-Ph
829	5-indolyl	3-C1-Ph
830	5-indoly1	3-NH2-Ph
831	5-indolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
832	5-indolyl	3-OH-Ph
833	5-indolyl	4-CN-Ph
834	5-indolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
835	5-indolyl	4-F-Ph
836	5-indolyl	4-C1-Ph
837	5-indolyl	4-NH2-Ph
838	5-indolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
839	5-indolyl	4-OH-Ph
840	5-indolyl	3,4-diF-Ph

841	5-indoly1	3,5-diF-Ph
842	5-indolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
843	5-indolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
844	5-indoly1	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
845	5-indolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
846	5-indazolyl	3-CN-Ph
847	5-indazolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
848	5-indazolyl	3-F-Ph
849	5-indazolyl	3-Cl-Ph
850	5-indazolyl	3-NH2-Ph
851	5-indazolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
852	5-indazolyl	3-OH-Ph
853	5-indazolyl	4-CN-Ph
854	5-indazolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
855	5-indazolyl	4-F-Ph
856	5-indazolyl	4-C1-Ph
857	5-indazolyl	4-NH2-Ph
858	5-indazolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
859	5-indazolyl	4-OH-Ph
860	5-indazolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
861	5-indazolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
862	5-indazolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
863	5-indazolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
864	5-indazolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
865	5-indazolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
866	5-benzimidazolyl	3-CN-Ph
867	5-benzimidazolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
868	5-benzimidazolyl	3-F-Ph
869	5-benzimidazolyl	3-C1-Ph
870	5-benzimidazolyl	3-NH2-Ph
871	5-benzimidazolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
872	5-benzimidazolyl	3-OH-Ph
873	5-benzimidazolyl	4-CN-Ph
874	5-benzimidazolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
875	5-benzimidazolyl	4-F-Ph
876	5-benzimidazolyl	4-C1-Ph

877	5-benzimidazolyl	4-NH2-Ph
878	5-benzimidazolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
879	5-benzimidazolyl	4-OH-Ph
880	5-benzimidazolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
881	5-benzimidazolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
882	5-benzimidazolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
883	5-benzimidazolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
884	5-benzimidazolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
885	5-benzimidazolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
886	5-benzothiazolyl	3-CN-Ph
887	5-benzothiazolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
888	5-benzothiazolyl	3-F-Ph
889	5-benzothiazolyl	3-C1-Ph
890	5-benzothiazolyl	3-NH2-Ph
891	5-benzothiazolyl	3-0CH3-Ph
892	5-benzothiazolyl	3-OH-Ph
893	5-benzothiazolyl	4-CN-Ph
894	5-benzothiazolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
895	5-benzothiazolyl	4-F-Ph
896	5-benzothiazolyl	4-Cl-Ph
897	5-benzothiazolyl	4-NH2-Ph
898	5-benzothiazolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
899	5-benzothiazolyl	4-OH-Ph
900	5-benzothiazolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
901	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
902	5-benzothiazolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
903	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
904	5-benzothiazolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
905	5-benzothiazolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
906	5-benzoxazolyl	3-CN-Ph
907	5-benzoxazolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
908	5-benzoxazolyl	3-F-Ph
909	5-benzoxazolyl	3-C1-Ph
910	5-benzoxazolyl	3-NH2-Ph
911	5-benzoxazolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
912	5-benzoxazoly1	

913	5-benzoxazolyl	4-CN-Ph
914	5-benzoxazolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
915	5-benzoxazolyl	4-F-Ph
916	5-benzoxazolyl	4-C1-Ph
917	5-benzoxazolyl	4-NH2-Ph
918	5-benzoxazolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
919	5-benzoxazolyl	4-OH-Ph
920	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
921	5-benzoxazolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
922	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
923	5-benzoxazolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
924	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
925	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
926	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
927	4-F-Ph	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
928	4-F-Ph	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
929	4-F-Ph	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
930	4-F-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
931	4-F-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
932	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
933	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
934	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
935	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
		

		y1)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		Arl = 2 - [mor buot Tu-T-AT-
		CO]-Ph
937	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
938	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Cl-Ph
939	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
940	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-F-Ph
941	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Cl-Ph
942	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
943	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CF3-Ph
944	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CF3-Ph
945	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
946	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
,		yl)-4-CH3O-Ph
947	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
948	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-6-CH3O-Ph
949	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3-Ph
950	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
951	4-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
952	4-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-F-Ph

953	4-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
954	4-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
955	4-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-3-CF3-Ph
956	4-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
957	4-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3O-Ph
958	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		yl)-Ph
959	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-yl)-Ph
960	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
961	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-y1)-
		Ph
962	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph
963	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
964	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
965	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
966	4-F-Ph	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
967	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
968	2-F-Ph	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
969	2-F-Ph	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
970	2-F-Ph	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph

971	2-F-Ph	3-(1-(2-
9/1	2 1 111	methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
972	2-F-Ph	3-(1-(2-
972	2 1 111	cyanoethyl) tetrazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
973	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
973	2 1 111	y1)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
974	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
974	2 1 111	y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
975	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
973	2 1 111	yl)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
976	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
976	2 1 111	y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
977	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
978	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
979	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
980	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
981	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-F-Ph
982	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Cl-Ph
983	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
984	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph
985	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CF3-Ph
986	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
987	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CH3O-Ph

988	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
989	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-6-CH3O-Ph
990	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3-Ph
991	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
992	2-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
993	2-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
994	2-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Cl-Ph
995	2-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
996	2-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazo1-5-
	0 = -1	y1)-3-CF3-Ph
997	2-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	0. 7. 57	y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
998	2-F-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
000	2-F-Ph	y1)-5-CH30-Ph
999	2-F-PN	3,5-bis(morpholin-1- yl)-Ph
1000	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
1000	Z-r-F11	1-y1)-Ph
1001	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
1001	<u> </u>	Ph
1002	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-y1)-
1002		Ph
1003	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph
1004	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
1005	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
L		

1006	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1007	2-F-Ph	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1008	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1009	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1010	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1011	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1012	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1013	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1014	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1015	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1016	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1017	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1018	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1019	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1020	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-C1-Ph
1021	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1022	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-F-Ph

1023	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Cl-Ph
1024	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
1025	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CF3-Ph
1026	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CF3-Ph
1027	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
1028	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
0		yl)-4-CH3O-Ph
1029	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3O-Ph
1030	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-6-CH3O-Ph
1031	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3-Ph
1032	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1033	2,4-diF-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1034	2,4-diF-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-F-Ph
1035	2,4-diF-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-C1-Ph
1036	2,4-diF-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Br-Ph
1037	2,4-diF-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-3-CF3-Ph
1038	2,4-diF-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
1039	2,4-diF-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3O-Ph
1040	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		yl)-Ph

1041	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
	•	1-y1)-Ph
1042	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
	·	Ph
1043	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-yl)-
		Ph
1044	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph
1045	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1046	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1047	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1048	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1049	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1050	4-Cl-Ph	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1051	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1052	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-
	•	cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1053	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1054	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1055	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1056	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	-	yl)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1057	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph

4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
	CO]-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-5-F-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	y1)-5-C1-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-5-Br-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-4-F-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-4-Cl-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-4-Br-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	y1)-5-CF3-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	y1)-4-CF3-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	y1)-4-CH3O-Ph
4-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	y1)-5-CH30-Ph
4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	y1)-6-CH30-Ph
4-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-5-CH3-Ph
4-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	y1)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
4-C1-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
	CO]-Ph
	4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph 4-Cl-Ph

1075	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1076	4-C1-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
1077	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1078	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-3-CF3-Ph
1079	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
1080	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1081	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		yl)-Ph
1082	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-yl)-Ph
1083	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
1084	4-C1-Ph	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-yl)-
		Ph
1085	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph
1086	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1087	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1088	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1089	4-C1-Ph	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1090	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1091	2-Cl-Ph	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1092	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph

1093	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-
1000	2 02 111	cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1094	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-(2-
1094	2 C1 111	methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1005	2-C1-Ph	3-41-12-
1095	Z-CI-PII	_ ,_ ,_
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1096	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1097	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1098	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1099	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
*		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1100	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1101	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1102	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
1103	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1104	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
}		yl)-4-F-Ph
1105	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Cl-Ph
1106	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-Br-Ph
1107	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph
1108	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1100	2 01-111	y1)-4-CF3-Ph
		y1)-4-Cf3-Fii

1109	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
1110	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CH3O-Ph
1111	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1112	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-6-CH3O-Ph
1113	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3-Ph
1114	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1115	2-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1116	2-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-F-Ph
1117	2-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-C1-Ph
1118	2-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Br-Ph
1119	2-Cl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-3-CF3-Ph
1120	2-C1-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1121	2-C1-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH30-Ph
1122	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
	The same state of	yl)-Ph
1123	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1124	2-C1-Ph	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
1125	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(oxazo1-2-y1)-
		Ph
1126	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph

1127	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1128	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1129	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1130	2-Cl-Ph	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1131	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1132	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1133	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1134	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1135	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1136	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1137	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1100	0 4 1:21 21	y1)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1138	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	0 4 71 77 71	y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1139	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1110	0 4 1 01 7	y1)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1140	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
4444	0 4 1 d1 p1	y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1141	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
1110	2 4 4441 74	CO]-Ph
1142	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
4440	0 4 3:03 5	y1)-5-F-Ph
1143	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-C1-Ph

4444	0 4 3407 75	2 /1
1144	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Br-Ph
1145	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-F-Ph
1146	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Cl-Ph
1147	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
1148	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph
1149	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CF3-Ph
1150	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH30-Ph
1151	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CH3O-Ph
1152	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1153	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-6-CH3O-Ph
1154	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3-Ph
1155	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1156	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1157	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1158	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
1159	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1160	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-3-CF3-Ph
1161	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH30-Ph

1162	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1163	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		yl)-Ph
1164	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1165	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
1166	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-yl)-
		Ph
1167	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazo1-3-
		yl)-Ph
1168	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1169	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1170	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1171	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1172	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1173	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1174	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1175	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1176	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1177	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl) tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1178	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph

1179	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1180	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1181	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1182	3-0CH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1183	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1184	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-C1-Ph
1185	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1186	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-F-Ph
1187	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-C1-Ph
1188	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
1189	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph
1190	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CF3-Ph
1191	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH30-Ph
1192	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CH3O-Ph
1193	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH30-Ph
1194	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-6-CH30-Ph
1195	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3-Ph
1196	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3CH2-Ph

1197	3-OCH3-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1198	3-OCH3-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1199	3-OCH3-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
1200	3-OCH3-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1201	3-OCH3-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-3-CF3-Ph
1202	3-OCH3-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
1203	3-OCH3-Ph	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1204	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		yl)-Ph
1205	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1206	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
1207	3-0CH3-Ph	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-y1)-
		Ph
1208	3-0CH3-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph
1209	3-0CH3-Ph	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1210	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1211	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1212	3-0CH3-Ph	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1213	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
1214	2-thienyl	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
{		y1)-Ph
L		

1215	2-thienyl	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1216	2-thienyl	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1217	2-thienyl	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
	•	5-yl)-Ph
1218	2-thienyl	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1219	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1220	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1221	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1222	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1223	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
,		CO]-Ph
1224	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-F-Ph
1225	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-C1-Ph
1226	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Br-Ph
1227	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-F-Ph
1228	2-thienyl	3-(1-methy1tetrazo1-5-
		y1)-4-C1-Ph
1229	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-Br-Ph
1230	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph

1231	2-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CF3-Ph
1232	3-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1233	3-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CH3O-Ph
1234	3-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
}		y1)-5-CH30-Ph
1235	3-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-6-CH3O-Ph
1236	3-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3-Ph
1237	3-thienyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1238	3-thienyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1239	3-thienyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		· y1)-5-F-Ph
1240	3-thienyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-C1-Ph
1241	3-thienyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1242	3-thienyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-3-CF3-Ph
1243	3-thienyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
1244	3-thienyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1045	2 +1-11	y1)-5-CH30-Ph
1245	3-thienyl	3,5-bis(morpholin-1- yl)-Ph
1040	2 +1-11	
1246	3-thienyl	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol- 1-yl)-Ph
1047	2 +h;1	
1247	3-thienyl	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)- Ph
1040	2 +h: on1	3,5-bis(oxazo1-2-y1)-
1248	3-thienyl	3,5-D1s(0xazo1-2-y1)-
		FII

1249	3-thienyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph
1250	3-thienyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1251	2-furanyl	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1252	2-furanyl	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1253	2-furanyl	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1254	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1255	2-furanyl	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		y1)-Ph
1256	2-furanyl	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
1257	2-furanyl	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1258	2-furany1	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5-yl)-Ph
1259	2-furanyl	3-(1-(2-
}		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1260	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1261	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1262	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1263	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1264	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1265	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-F-Ph

1266	2-furany1	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	_	yl)-5-Cl-Ph
1267	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1268	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-F-Ph
1269	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Cl-Ph
1270	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
1271	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph
1272	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CF3-Ph
1273	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1274	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CH30-Ph
1275	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH30-Ph
1276	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	y1)-6-CH30-Ph
1277	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3-Ph
1278	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1279	3-furanyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
1000	2 5	CO]-Ph
1280	3-furanyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-5-F-Ph
1004	2 51	
1281	3-furanyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1000	2 f,	yl)-5-Cl-Ph
1282	3-furanyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-5-Br-Ph
4000	2 f	
1283	3-furanyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-3-CF3-Ph

1284	3-furanyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1285	3-furanyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH30-Ph
1286	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		yl)-Ph
1287	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1288	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
1289	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(oxazo1-2-y1)-
		Ph
1290	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		y1)-Ph
1291	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
1292	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
1000	0	1-y1)-Ph
1293	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1294	2-pyridyl	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1295	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1296	3-pyridyl	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1297	3-pyridyl	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1298	3-pyridyl	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1299	3-pyridyl	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl) tetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1300	3-pyridyl	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph

1301	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1302	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1303	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1304	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1305	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1306	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1307	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Cl-Ph
1308	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1309	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-F-Ph
1310	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-C1-Ph
1311	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
1312	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CF3-Ph
1313	3-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CF3-Ph
1314	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1315	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CH3O-Ph
1316	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1317	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-6-CH3O-Ph
1318	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3-Ph

1319	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1010	- P1	y1)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1320	4-pyridyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1020	1 Plindi	y1)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
}		CO]-Ph
1321	4-pyridyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1021	# byrrdyr	y1)-5-F-Ph
1322	4-pyridyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1022	4 DATTWAT	y1)-5-Cl-Ph
1323	4-pyridyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1020	- PJ	y1)-5-Br-Ph
1324	4-pyridyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1024	- F3	y1)-3-CF3-Ph
1325	4-pyridyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
, 525		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1326	4-pyridyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3O-Ph
1327	4-pyridyl	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		yl)-Ph
1328	4-pyridyl	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1329	4-pyridyl	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
1330	4-pyridyl	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-yl)-
		Ph
1331	4-pyridyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
[[yl)-Ph
1332	4-pyridyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
]		yl)-Ph
1333	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
}		yl)-Ph
1334	3-indolyl	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1335	3-indolyl	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
		

1336	3-indolyl	3-(1-
1000	2	cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1007	3-indolyl	3-(1-(2-
1337	3-indotAT	
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1338	3-indolyl	3-(1-(2-
]		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1339	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1340	3-indoly1	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1341	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1342	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1343	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1344	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
}		yl)-5-F-Ph
1345	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
1346	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1347	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-F-Ph
1348	3-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	_	yl)-4-Cl-Ph
1349	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
	_	y1)-4-Br-Ph
1350	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph
1351	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1331	2 TIMOTAT	_
		y1)-4-CF3-Ph

1352	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1353	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-CH3O-Ph
1354	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1355	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-6-CH3O-Ph
1356	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3-Ph
1357	5-indolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1358	5-indolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1359	5-indolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-F-Ph
1360	5-indolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Cl-Ph
1361	5-indolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-Br-Ph
1362	5-indolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1000	5-indolyl	yl)-3-CF3-Ph
1363	2-IUGOTAT	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5- yl)-2-CH3O-Ph
1004	5-indolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1364	2-IIIQOIYI	y1)-5-CH30-Ph
1365	5-indolyl	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
1305	2 IIIQOIYI	yl)-Ph
1366	5-indolyl	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
1500		1-y1)-Ph
1367	5-indolyl	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
1007		Ph
1368	5-indazolyl	3,5-bis(oxazo1-2-y1)-
	4	Ph
1369	5-indazolyl	3,5-bis(isoxazo1-3-
	-	y1)-Ph

1370	5-indazolyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
1371	5-indazolyl	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1372	5-indazoly1	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1373	5-indazoly1	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1374	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
1375	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(5-methyltetrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1376	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1377	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-
		cyclopropylyltetrazol-
		5-yl)-Ph
1378	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-(2-
		methoxyethyl)tetrazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1379	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-(2-
		cyanoethyl)tetrazol-5-
*		y1)-Ph
1380	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[(CH3)2N-CO]-Ph
1381	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
<u> </u>		y1)-5-[(CH3)NH-CO]-Ph
1382	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1383	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-[COCH3]-Ph
1384	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1385	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-F-Ph
1386	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Cl-Ph

1387	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-Br-Ph
1388	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-F-Ph
1389	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-C1-Ph
1390	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-4-Br-Ph
1391	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CF3-Ph
1392	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CF3-Ph
1393	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
1394	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-4-CH3O-Ph
1395	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-5-CH3O-Ph
1396	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-6-CH3O-Ph
1397	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1000		yl)-5-CH3-Ph
1398	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1000	5-benzothiazolyl	yl)-5-CH3CH2-Ph 4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1399	5-penzotniazolyi	yl)-5-[morpholin-1-yl-
		CO]-Ph
1400	5-benzothiazolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1400	J-Delizotiliazory r	y1)-5-F-Ph
1401	5-benzothiazolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1401	J Selle elle elle elle elle elle elle el	y1)-5-C1-Ph
1402	5-benzothiazolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1402		y1)-5-Br-Ph
1403	5-benzothiazolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
1-700		y1)-3-CF3-Ph
1404	5-benzothiazolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-2-CH3O-Ph
	<u></u>	

1405	5-benzothiazolyl	4-(1-methyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-5-CH3O-Ph
1406	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-bis(morpholin-1-
		y1)-Ph
1407	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-bis(1,2,4-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1408	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-bis(pyrazol-1-yl)-
		Ph
1409	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-bis(oxazol-2-yl)-
		Ph
1410	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-3-
		yl)-Ph
1411	5-benzothiazolyl	3,5-bis(isoxazol-5-
	1	yl)-Ph
1412	5-benzoxazolyl	3,5-bis(1,2,3-triazol-
		1-y1)-Ph
1413	5-benzoxazolyl	3,5-bis(COCH3)-Ph
1414	5-benzoxazolyl	3,5-bis(CH2OH)-Ph
1415	4-F-Ph	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1416	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1417	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methy1-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1418	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methy1-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1419	4-F-Ph	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1420	4-F-Ph	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
1421	4-F-Ph	3-(pyrazol-4-yl)-Ph
1422	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-3-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1423	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1424	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1425	4-F-Ph	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph

1426	4-F-Ph	3-(4-pyridy1)-Ph
1427	4-F-Ph	3-(3-thieny1)-Ph
1428	4-F-Ph	3-(3-furany1)-Ph
1429	4-F-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1430	4-F-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1431	4-F-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1432	4-F-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazo1-4-
		y1)-Ph
1433	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-3-yl)-Ph
1434	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1435	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
1436	4-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1437	4-F-Ph	3-(3-isoxazoly1)-Ph
1438	4-F-Ph	3-(4-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1439	4-F-Ph	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1440	4-F-Ph	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
1441	4-F-Ph	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
1442	4-F-Ph	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
1443	4-F-Ph	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-y1)
1444	4-F-Ph	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)
1445	4-F-Ph	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-yl)
1446	4-F-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
1447	4-F-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
1448	4-F-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methylimidazo1-2-yl

	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)2N-
1449		CO]-Ph
1450	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)NH-
		CO]-Ph
1451	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1452	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph
1453	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1454	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1455	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1456	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-F-Ph
1457	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph
1458	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
1459	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph
1460	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-4-CF3-Ph
1461	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph
1462	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CH3O-Ph
1463	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph
1464	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-6-CH3O-Ph
1465	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph
1466	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1467	4-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-CO]-Ph
1468	4-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1469	4-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1470	4-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1471	4-F-Ph	4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph
1472	4-F-Ph	4-acety1-2-CH3O-Ph
1473	4-F-Ph	4-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
1474	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph

ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph	1475	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
Cyclopropyltetrazol-5- y1)-Ph			ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
Y1)-Ph	1476	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
1477 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-y1)-Ph 1478 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-3-y1)-Ph 1479 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1480 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(pyrazo1-1-y1)-Ph 1481 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1,2,4-triazo1-1-y1)-Ph 1482 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CH20H)-Ph 1483 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-2-y1)-Ph 1484 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-3-y1)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-2-y1)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-3-y1)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CO)-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CO)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-isopropy1-5-(1-methyltetrazo1-5-y1)-			cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
Y1)-Ph			y1)-Ph
1478	1477	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-
3-y1)-Ph 1479 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1480 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(pyrazo1-1-y1)-Ph 1481 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1,2,4-triazo1-1-y1)-Ph 1482 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph 1483 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-2-y1)-Ph 1484 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-3-y1)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-2-y1)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-3-y1)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isopropy1)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropy1-5-(1-methy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-			y1)-Ph
1479	1478	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
1480 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-yl)-Ph 1481 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-Ph 1482 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CH2OH)-Ph 1483 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-yl)-Ph 1484 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-yl)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-		•	3-y1)-Ph
1480 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(pyrazo1-1-y1)-Ph 1481 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1,2,4-triazo1-1-y1)-Ph 1482 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph 1483 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-2-y1)-Ph 1484 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-3-y1)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-2-y1)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-3-y1)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropy1-5-(1-methyltetrazo1-5-y1)-	1479	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
Y1)-Ph			5-y1)-Ph
1481 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-Ph 1482 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CH2OH)-Ph 1483 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-yl)-Ph 1484 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-yl)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1480	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(pyrazol-1-
triazol-1-yl)-Ph 1482			
1482 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CH2OH)-Ph 1483 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-yl)-Ph 1484 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-yl)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1481	4-F-Ph	
1483 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-yl)-Ph 1484 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-yl)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-			
Y1)-Ph	1482	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
1484 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-yl)-Ph 1485 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1483	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-
Y1)-Ph			<u>-</u> '
1485 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1486 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isopropyl)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1484	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-
Y1)-Ph			
1486 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(cc)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1485	4-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-
y1)-Ph 1487 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CN-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5- (isopropy1)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CO-4- morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropy1-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)-			
1487 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1486	4-F-Ph	
1488 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-			
1489 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5- (isopropyl)-Ph 1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4- morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1487	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-CN-Ph
(isopropyl)-Ph 1490	1488	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph
1490 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1489	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-
1491 4-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-			(isopropyl)-Ph
morpholine) -Ph 1492 4-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)-	1490	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph
1492	1491	4-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CO-4-
methyltetrazol-5-yl)-			morpholine)-Ph
	1492	4-F-Ph	3-isopropy1-5-(1-
Ph			methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
]			Ph

1493	4-F-Ph	3-SO2NH2-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1494	4-F-Ph	3,5-di(OMe)-Ph
1495	4-F-Ph	3,4,5-tri(OMe)-Ph
1496	2-F-Ph	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1497	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methy1-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1498	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1499	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1500	2-F-Ph	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1501	2-F-Ph	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
1502	2-F-Ph	3-(pyrazol-4-yl)-Ph
1503	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methy1-3-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1504	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1505	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1506	2-F-Ph	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph
1507	2-F-Ph	3-(4-pyridyl)-Ph
1508	2-F-Ph	3-(3-thienyl)-Ph
1509	2-F-Ph	3-(3-furany1)-Ph
1510	2-F-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1511	2-F-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1512	2-F-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		y1)-Ph
1513	2-F-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
		y1)-Ph
1514	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
	·	triazo1-3-y1)-Ph

1515	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1516	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
1517	2-F-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1518	2-F-Ph	3-(3-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1519	2-F-Ph	3-(4-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1520	2-F-Ph	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1521	2-F-Ph	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
1522	2-F-Ph	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
1523	2-F - Ph	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
1524	2-F-Ph	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-y1)
1525	2-F-Ph	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)
1526	2-F-Ph	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-yl)
1527	2-F-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
1528	2-F-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
1529	2-F-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methylimidazol-2-yl
1530	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[(CH3)2N-
		CO]-Ph
1531	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[(CH3)NH-
		CO]-Ph
1532	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1533	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-CO]-Ph
1534	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1535	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1536	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1537	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-F-Ph
1538	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph

1540 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph 1541 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph 1542 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-4-CH30-Ph 1543 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-4-CH30-Ph 1544 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph 1545 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph 1546 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph 1547 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph 1548 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph 1549 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-F-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-C1-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-C1-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-	1500	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
1541 2-F-Ph	1539		
1542	1540		_
CH3O-Ph 1543 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-4-CH3O-Ph 1544 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1545 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1546 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1547 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1548 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-1-yl-CO]-Ph 1549 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-F-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-F-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	1541	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph
1543 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-4-CH30-Ph 1544 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph 1545 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-6-CH30-Ph 1546 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1547 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1548 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1548 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-1-yl-CO]-Ph 1549 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CL-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-ph <tr< th=""><th>1542</th><th>2-F-Ph</th><th>2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-2-</th></tr<>	1542	2-F-Ph	2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-2-
1544 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CH3O-Ph 1545 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CH3O-Ph 1546 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CH3-Ph 1547 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CH3-Ph 1548 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CH3-Ph 1549 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-[morpholin-1-y1-CO]-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-F-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1-methy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1-cyclopropy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(cyclopropy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-3-y1)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-3-y1)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-5-y1)-Ph			CH3O-Ph
1545 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-6-CH3O-Ph 1546 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CH3-Ph 1547 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1548 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-[morpholin-1-y1-CO]-Ph 1549 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-F-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-Br-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1-methy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1-cyclopropy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-3-y1)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-3-y1)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-15-y1)-Ph 1561 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-15-y1)-Ph 1561 3-acety1-5-(ioxazo1-1	1543	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-4-CH3O-Ph
1546 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph 1547 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph 1548 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-1-yl-CO]-Ph 1549 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-F-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-15-yl)-Ph 1561 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-15-yl)-Ph 1561 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-15-yl)-Ph 1561 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-15	1544	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
1547	1545	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-6-CH3O-Ph
1548 2-F-Ph	1546	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph
1-y1-c0j-Ph 1549 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-F-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-C1-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acety1-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-y1)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-y1)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(oxazol-2-y1)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazol-3-y1)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazol-5-y1)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazol-5-y1)-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazol-5-y1)-Ph	1547	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1549 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-F-Ph 1550 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-1-5-yl)-Ph 1561 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-1-5-yl)-Ph 1561 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-1-5-yl)-Ph 1561 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-1-5-yl	1548	2-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
1550 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph 1551 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-1-5-yl)-Ph 1561 3-acet			1-y1-C0]-Ph
1551 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph 1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-	1549	2-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1552 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph 1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1- ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1- cyclopropyltetrazol-5- yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2- yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph	1550	2-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1553 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph 1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-	1551	2-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1554 2-F-Ph 4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph 1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-	1552	2-F-Ph	4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph
1555 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph	1553	2-F-Ph	4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph
methyltetrazol-5-yl) - Ph	1554	2-F-Ph	4-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph
Ph	1555	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
1556 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-			methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1- cyclopropyltetrazol-5- yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2- yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol- 3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol- 5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-			Ph
1557 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(1-cyclopropyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-	1556	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
cyclopropyltetrazol-5- yl)-Ph		<u></u>	ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
y1)-Ph	1557	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(1-
1558 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-yl)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-			cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
y1)-Ph 1559 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazol- 3-y1)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(isoxazol- 5-y1)-Ph 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(pyrazol-1-			yl)-Ph
1559 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-3-yl)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-	1558	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-
3-y1)-Ph 1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol- 5-y1)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-			yl)-Ph
1560 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-	1559	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
5-yl)-Ph 1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-			3-y1)-Ph
1561 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-	1560	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
			5-yl)-Ph
yl)-Ph	1561	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-
			yl)-Ph

1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph	1562	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1,2,4-
1564 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-2-y1)-Ph 1565 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(furan-3-y1)-Ph 1566 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-2-y1)-Ph 1567 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(thien-3-y1)-Ph 1568 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph 1569 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acety1-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropy1-5-(1-methy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methy1tetrazo1-5-y1)-Ph			triazol-1-yl)-Ph
y1)-Ph	1563	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
1565 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-yl)-Ph 1566 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1567 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1568 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO)-Ph 1569 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-so2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-so2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph	1564	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(furan-2-
1566 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1567 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1568 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1569 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 1574			yl)-Ph
1566 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-yl)-Ph 1567 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1568 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1569 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(sognopyl)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(sognh2)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-sognh2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph	1565	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(furan-3-
1567 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1568 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1569 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 1574			yl)-Ph
1567 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-yl)-Ph 1568 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1569 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5- (isopropyl)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph	1566	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-
Y1)-Ph			
1568 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph 1569 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph	1567	2-F-Ph	_
1569 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph 1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5- (isopropyl)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4- morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph			
1570 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5- (isopropyl)-Ph 1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4- morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph	1568	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-CN-Ph
(isopropyl)-Ph 1571	1569	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph
1571 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph 1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4- morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph	1570	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-
1572 2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph			(isopropyl)-Ph
morpholine)-Ph 1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph	1571	2-F-Ph	3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph
1573 2-F-Ph 3-isopropyl-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph	1572	2-F-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(CO-4-
methyltetrazol-5-y1)- Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-y1)- Ph			morpholine)-Ph
Ph 1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1- methyltetrazol-5-yl)- Ph	1573	2-F-Ph	3-isopropyl-5-(1-
1574 2-F-Ph 3-SO2NH2-5-(1-methyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph			methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
methyltetrazol-5-y1)- Ph			
Ph	1574	2-F-Ph	
1575 2-F-Ph 3,5-di(OMe)-Ph			
	1575		
1576 2-F-Ph 3,4,5-tri(OMe)-Ph	1576	2-F-Ph	3,4,5-tri(OMe)-Ph
1577 2,4-diF-Ph 3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph	1577	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1578 2,4-diF-Ph 3-(1-methyl-2-	1578	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-2-
imidazolyl)-Ph			imidazolyl)-Ph
1579 2,4-dif-Ph 3-(1-methyl-4-	1579	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
imidazolyl)-Ph		*	imidazolyl)-Ph
1580 2,4-dif-Ph 3-(1-methyl-5-	1580	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-5-
imidazolyl)-Ph			
1581 2,4-diF-Ph 3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph	1581	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1582 2,4-diF-Ph 3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph	1582	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph

1583	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(pyrazol-4-yl)-Ph
1584	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methy1-3-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1585	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1586	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1587	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph
1588	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(4-pyridyl)-Ph
1589	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(3-thienyl)-Ph
1590	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(3-furanyl)-Ph
1591	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1592	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1593	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1594	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1595	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-3-y1)-Ph
1596	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1597	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
1598	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1599	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(3-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1600	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(4-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1601	2,4-diF-Ph	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1602	2,4-diF-Ph	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
1603	2,4-diF-Ph	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
1604	2,4-diF-Ph	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
1605	2,4-diF-Ph	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-yl)

1606	2,4-diF-Ph	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)
1607	2,4-diF-Ph	CO-NH-(isoxazo1-3-y1)
1608	2,4-diF-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
1609	2,4-diF-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
1610	2,4-diF-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methylimidazol-2-yl
1611	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)2N-
		CO]-Ph
1612	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)NH-
		CO]-Ph
1613	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1614	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph
1615	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1616	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1617	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1618	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-4-F-Ph
1619	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph
1620	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
1621	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph
1622	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-4-CF3-Ph
1623	2,4-diF-Ph	2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-2-
		CH3O-Ph
1624	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-4-CH30-Ph
1625	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph
1626	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-6-CH30-Ph
1627	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph
1628	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1629	2,4-diF-Ph	4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph
1630	2,4-diF-Ph	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1631	2,4-diF-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
L	L	

1632	2,4-diF-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1633	2,4-diF-Ph	4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph
1634	2,4-diF-Ph	4-acetyl-2-CH30-Ph
1635	2,4-diF-Ph	4-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph
1636	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1637	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
		ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
1638	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1639	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-
		yl)-Ph
1640	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
		3-yl)-Ph
1641	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1642	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1643	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1,2,4-
		triazol-1-yl)-Ph
1644	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
1645	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(furan-2-
		yl)-Ph
1646	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-
		y1)-Ph
1647	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-
		y1)-Ph
1648	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-
		y1)-Ph
1649	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph
1650	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph
1651	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acetyl-5-
		(isopropyl)-Ph
L		

1652	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph
1653	2,4-diF-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CO-4-
		morpholine)-Ph
1654	2,4-diF-Ph	3-isopropyl-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1655	2,4-diF-Ph	3-SO2NH2-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1656	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-di(OMe)-Ph
1657	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4,5-tri(OMe)-Ph
1658	4-Cl-Ph	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1659	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1660	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1661	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1662	4-Cl-Ph	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1663	4-Cl-Ph	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
1664	4-Cl-Ph	3-(pyrazol-4-yl)-Ph
1665	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methy1-3-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1666	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1667	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methy1-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1668	4-C1-Ph	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph
1669	4-Cl-Ph	3-(4-pyridyl)-Ph
1670	4-Cl-Ph	3-(3-thienyl)-Ph
1671	4-Cl-Ph	3-(3-furanyl)-Ph
1672	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1673	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph

1674	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
10/4	4-CT-5H	
		yl)-Ph
1675	4-C1-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1676	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-3-yl)-Ph
1677	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
].		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1678	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
1679	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1680	4-Cl-Ph	3-(3-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1681	4-C1-Ph	3-(4-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1682	4-C1-Ph	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1683	4-C1-Ph	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
1684	4-Cl-Ph	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
1685	4-Cl-Ph	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
1686	4-Cl-Ph	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-y1)
1687	4-Cl-Ph	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)
1688	4-Cl-Ph	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-yl)
1689	4-Cl-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
1690	4-Cl-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
1691	4-Cl-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methylimidazol-2-yl
1692	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)2N-
		CO]-Ph
1693	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)NH-
		CO]-Ph
1694	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1695	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph

1696	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1697	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1698	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1699	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-4-F-Ph
1700	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-4-C1-Ph
1701	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
1702	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-CF3-Ph
1703	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph
1704	4-C1-Ph	2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-2- CH3O-Ph
1705	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CH30-Ph
1706	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph
1707	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-6-CH30-Ph
1708	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph
1709	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1710	4-Cl-Ph	4-acety1-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph
1711	4-Cl-Ph	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1712	4-Cl-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1713	4-Cl-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1714	4-Cl-Ph	4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph
1715	4-Cl-Ph	4-acetyl-2-CH30-Ph
1716	4-Cl-Ph	4-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph
1717	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1718	4-C1-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
		ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
1719	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1-
		cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1720	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-
		yl)-Ph
<u></u>		<u> </u>

1721	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
	•	3-yl)-Ph
1722	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1723	4-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-
		y1)-Ph
1724	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(1,2,4-
		triazol-1-yl)-Ph
1725	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
1726	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-
		yl)-Ph
1727	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-
		y1)-Ph
1728	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-
		yl)-Ph
1729	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-
		yl)-Ph
1730	4-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph
1731	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CC)-Ph
1732	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-
		(isopropyl)-Ph
1733	4-C1-Ph	3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph
1734	4-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CO-4-
1		morpholine)-Ph
1735	4-Cl-Ph	3-isopropyl-5-(1-
1		methyltetrazol-5-y1)-
}		Ph
1736	4-Cl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1737	4-C1-Ph	3,5-di(OMe)-Ph
1738	4-Cl-Ph	3,4,5-tri(OMe)-Ph
1739	2-Cl-Ph	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1740	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph

1741	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1742	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methy1-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1743	2-Cl-Ph	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1744	2-Cl-Ph	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
1745	2-Cl-Ph	3-(pyrazol-4-yl)-Ph
1746	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-3-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1747	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1748	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1749	2-Cl-Ph	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph
1750	2-Cl-Ph	3-(4-pyridy1)-Ph
1751	2-C1-Ph	3-(3-thienyl)-Ph
1752	2-Cl-Ph	3-(3-furany1)-Ph
1753	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1754	2-C1-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		y1)-Ph
1755	2-C1-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1756	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1757	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-3-yl)-Ph
1758	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1759	2-C1-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
1760	2-Cl-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1761	2-Cl-Ph	3-(3-isoxazoly1)-Ph
1762	2-C1-Ph	3-(4-isoxazoly1)-Ph

1763	2-C1-Ph	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1764	2-C1-Ph	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
1765	2-C1-Ph	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
1766	2-Cl-Ph	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
1767	2-C1-Ph	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-y1)
1768	2-Cl-Ph	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)
1769	2-Cl-Ph	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-yl)
1770	2-Cl-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
1771	2-Cl-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
1772	2-Cl-Ph	5-acetyl-4-
		methylimidazol-2-yl
1773	2-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[(CH3)2N-
		CO]-Ph
1774	2-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[(CH3)NH-
		CO]-Ph
1775	2-C1-Ph	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1776	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-CO]-Ph
1777	2-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1778	2-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-C1-Ph
1779	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1780	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-4-F-Ph
1781	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph
1782	2-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
1783	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph
1784	2-Cl-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph
1785	2-C1-Ph	2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-2-
,		CH3O-Ph
1786	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CH3O-Ph
1787	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph
1788	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-6-CH30-Ph

1789	2-Cl-Ph	3-acety1-5-CH3-Ph
1790	2-C1-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1791	2-C1-Ph	4-acety1-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-CO]-Ph
1792	2-Cl-Ph	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1793	2-C1-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1794	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-acety1-5-Br-Ph
1795	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph
1796	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-acety1-2-CH3O-Ph
1797	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
1798	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1799	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
1800	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1801	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-
		yl)-Ph
1802	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
		3-yl)-Ph
1803	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(isoxazo1-
		5-yl)-Ph
1804	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1805	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(1,2,4-
	<u> </u>	triazol-1-yl)-Ph
1806	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
1807	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(furan-2-
		y1)-Ph
1808	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-
		yl)-Ph
1809	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(thien-2-
		y1)-Ph

1810	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-
		yl)-Ph
1811	2,4-diC1-Ph	3-acety1-5-CN-Ph
1812	2,4-diC1-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph
1813	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acety1-5-
		(isopropyl)-Ph
1814	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph
1815	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-acety1-5-(CO-4-
		morpholine)-Ph
1816	2,4-diC1-Ph	3-isopropyl-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1817	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-y1)-
		Ph
1818	2,4-diC1-Ph	3,5-di(OMe)-Ph
1819	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4,5-tri(OMe)-Ph
1820	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1821	3-0CH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1822	3-0CH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1823	3-0CH3-Ph	3-(1-methy1-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1824	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1825	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
1826	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(pyrazol-4-y1)-Ph
1827	3-0CH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-3-
		pyrazoly1)-Ph
1828	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1829	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methy1-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1830	3-0CH3-Ph	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph
1831	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(4-pyridyl)-Ph

1832	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(3-thienyl)-Ph
1833	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(3-furanyl)-Ph
1834	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1835	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1836	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1837	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1838	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
-		triazol-3-yl)-Ph
1839	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1840	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
1841	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1842	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(3-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1843	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(4-isoxazoly1)-Ph
1844	3-OCH3-Ph	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1845	3-OCH3-Ph	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
1846	3-OCH3-Ph	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
1847	3-OCH3-Ph	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
1848	3-OCH3-Ph	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-y1)
1849	3-OCH3-Ph	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)
1850	3-OCH3-Ph	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-y1)
1851	3-OCH3-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
1852	3-OCH3-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
1853	3-OCH3-Ph	5-acety1-4-
		methylimidazol-2-yl

1854	3-0CH3-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)2N-
1054	5 000	CO]-Ph
1855	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)NH-
1055		CO]-Ph
1856	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1857	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acety1-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-C0]-Ph
1858	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1859	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1860	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1861	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-4-F-Ph
1862	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph
1863	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
1864	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph
1865	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph
1866	3-OCH3-Ph	2-F-Ph 3-acety1-2-
1		CH3O-Ph
1867	3-0CH3-Ph	3-acetyl-4-CH3O-Ph
1868	3-0CH3-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph
1869	3-0CH3-Ph	3-acetyl-6-CH3O-Ph
1870	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph
1871	3-OCH3-Ph	3-acety1-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1872	3-OCH3-Ph	4-acety1-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-C0]-Ph
1873	3-OCH3-Ph	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1874	3-OCH3-Ph	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1875	2-thienyl	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1876	2-thienyl	4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph
1877	2-thienyl	4-acety1-2-CH30-Ph
1878	2-thienyl	4-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
1879	2-thienyl	3-acety1-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph

1880	2-thienyl	3-acety1-5-(1-
		ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
1881	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
		yl)-Ph
1882	2-thienyl	3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-
		yl)-Ph
1883	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
		3-y1)-Ph
1884	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
1885	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1886	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(1,2,4-
		triazol-1-yl)-Ph
1887	2-thienyl	3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
1888	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-
		yl)-Ph
1889	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-
		yl)-Ph
1890	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-
		yl)-Ph
1891	2-thieny1	3-acety1-5-(thien-3-
		yl)-Ph
1892	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph
1893	2-thienyl	3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph
1894	2-thienyl	3-acety1-5-
		(isopropyl)-Ph
1895	3-thienyl	3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph
1896	3-thienyl	3-acety1-5-(CO-4-
		morpholine)-Ph
1897	3-thienyl	3-isopropyl-5-(1-
į		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
1		Ph
L		

1898	3-thienyl	3-SO2NH2-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1899	3-thienyl	3,5-di(OMe)-Ph
1900	3-thienyl	3,4,5-tri(OMe)-Ph
1901	2-furanyl	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1902	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1903	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1904	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1905	2-furanyl	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1906	2-furanyl	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
1907	2-furanyl	3-(pyrazol-4-yl)-Ph
1908	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-3-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1909	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1910	2-furany1	3-(1-methyl-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1911	2-furanyl	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph
1912	2-furanyl	3-(4-pyridy1)-Ph
1913	2-furanyl	3-(3-thieny1)-Ph
1914	2-furanyl	3-(3-furany1)-Ph
1915	2-furanyl	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
}		yl)-Ph
1916	2-furanyl	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1917	2-furanyl	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		y1)-Ph
1918	2-furanyl	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1919	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-3-yl)-Ph

1920	2-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1921	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
1922	3-furanyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
1923	3-furany1	3-(3-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1924	3-furanyl	3-(4-isoxazoly1)-Ph
1925	3-furanyl	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
1926	3-furanyl	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
1927	3-furanyl	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
1928	3-furanyl	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
1929	3-furanyl	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-y1)
1930	3-furanyl	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)
1931	3-furanyl	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-yl)
1932	3-furanyl	5-acety1-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
1933	3-furanyl	5-acety1-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
1934	3-furanyl	5-acetyl-4-
		methylimidazol-2-yl
1935	3-furanyl	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)2N-
		CO]-Ph
1936	3-furanyl	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)NH-
1007	2 6	CO]-Ph
1937	3-furanyl	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
1938	3-furanyl	3-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph
1939	3-furanyl	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1940	3-furanyl	3-acety1-5-C1-Ph
1941	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1942	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-4-F-Ph
1943	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph

1944	. 2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
1945	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph
1946	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph
1947	2-pyridyl	2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-2-
1047	_ P77_	CH3O-Ph
1948	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-4-CH3O-Ph
1949	2-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
1950	2-pyridyl	3-acety1-6-CH30-Ph
1951	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph
1952	2-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph
1953	2-pyridyl	4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph
1954	2-pyridyl	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
1955	2-pyridyl	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
1956	2-pyridyl	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
1957	2-pyridyl	4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph
1958	2-pyridyl	4-acetyl-2-CH30-Ph
1959	2-pyridyl	4-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
1960	2-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
1961	3-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-(1-
		ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
1962	3-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-(1-
		cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
1963	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(oxazol-2-
		yl)-Ph
1964	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
100=		3-y1)-Ph
1965	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
1000	2	5-y1)-Ph
1966	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-
		y1)-Ph

1967	3-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-(1,2,4-
		triazol-1-yl)-Ph
1968	3-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
1969	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-
		yl)-Ph
1970	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-
		yl)-Ph
1971	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-
		yl)-Ph
1972	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-
		yl)-Ph
1973	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-CN-Ph
1974	3-pyridyl	3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph
1975	3-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-
		(isopropyl)-Ph
1976	3-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph
1977	3-pyridyl	3-acety1-5-(CO-4-
		morpholine)-Ph
1978	3-pyridyl	3-isopropyl-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-y1)-
		Ph
1979	3-pyridyl	3-SO2NH2-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-y1)-
		Ph
1980	3-pyridyl	3,5-di(OMe)-Ph
1981	4-pyridyl	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
1982	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyl-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1983	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyl-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1984	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyl-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
1985	4-pyridyl	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
1986	4-pyridyl	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
1987	4-pyridyl	3-(pyrazol-4-yl)-Ph

1988	. 4-pyridyl	3-(1-methy1-3-
1555		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1989	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methy1-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1990	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methy1-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
1991	4-pyridyl	3-(3-pyridy1)-Ph
1992	4-pyridyl	3-(4-pyridy1)-Ph
1993	4-pyridyl	3-(3-thieny1)-Ph
1994	4-pyridyl	3-(3-furany1)-Ph
1995	4-pyridyl	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		y1)-Ph
1996	4-pyridyl	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1997	4-pyridyl	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
1998	4-pyridyl	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
1999	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-3-yl)-Ph
2000	4-pyridyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
2001	3-indoly1	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-4-yl)-Ph
2002	3-indoly1	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
2003	3-indoly1	3-(3-isoxazolyl)-Ph
2004	3-indolyl	3-(4-isoxazolyl)-Ph
2005	3-indoly1	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
2006	3-indoly1	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
2007	3-indolyl	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
2008	3-indoly1	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
2009	3-indoly1	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
		3-y1)
2010	3-indolyl	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-yl)

2011	3-indolyl	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-y1)
2012	3-indolyl	5-acety1-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
2013	3-indolyl	5-acetyl-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
2014	3-indolyl	5-acetyl-4-
		methylimidazol-2-yl
2015	3-indolyl	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)2N-
		CO]-Ph
2016	3-indolyl	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)NH-
		CO]-Ph
2017	3-indolyl	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
2018	3-indolyl	3-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-CO]-Ph
2019	3-indolyl	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
2020	3-indolyl	3-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
2021	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
2022	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-4-F-Ph
2023	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph
2024	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
2025	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph
2026	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph
2027	5-indolyl	2-F-Ph 3-acety1-2-
		CH3O-Ph
2028	5-indolyl	3-acety1-4-CH30-Ph
2029	5-indolyl	3-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
2030	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-6-CH3O-Ph
2031	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-5-CH3-Ph
2032	5-indolyl	3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph
2033	5-indolyl	4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-C0]-Ph
2034	5-indolyl	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
2035	5-indolyl	4-acety1-5-C1-Ph
2036	5-indolyl	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph

2037	5-indolyl	4-acety1-3-CF3-Ph
2038	5-indolyl	4-acetyl-2-CH30-Ph
2039	5-indolyl	4-acetyl-5-CH30-Ph
2040	5-indolyl	3-acety1-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
2041	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		ethyltetrazol-5-yl)-Ph
2042	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		cyclopropyltetrazol-5-
		y1)-Ph
2043	5-indazolyl	3-acety1-5-(oxazo1-2-
	}	yl)-Ph
2044	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(isoxazol-
		3-y1)-Ph
2045	5-indazolyl	3-acety1-5-(isoxazol-
		5-y1)-Ph
2046	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(pyrazol-1-
		y1)-Ph
2047	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(1,2,4-
		triazol-1-yl)-Ph
2048	5-indazolyl	3-acety1-5-(CH2OH)-Ph
2049	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(furan-2-
		yl)-Ph
2050	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(furan-3-
		yl)-Ph
2051	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(thien-2-
		y1)-Ph
2052	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(thien-3-
		yl)-Ph
2053	5-indazolyl	3-acety1-5-CN-Ph
2054	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(CC)-Ph
2055	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-
		(isopropyl)-Ph
2056	5-indazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(SO2NH2)-Ph

2057	5-indazolyl	3-acety1-5-(CO-4-
		morpholine)-Ph
2058	5-indazolyl	3-isopropy1-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
2059	5-indazolyl	3-SO2NH2-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph
2060	5-indazolyl	3,5-di(OMe)-Ph
2061	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(imidazol-4-yl)-Ph
2062	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methy1-2-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
2063	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyl-4-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
2064	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyl-5-
		imidazolyl)-Ph
2065	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(thiazol-4-yl)-Ph
2066	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(thiazol-5-yl)-Ph
2067	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(pyrazol-4-y1)-Ph
2068	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyl-3-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
2069	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyl-4-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
2070	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyl-5-
		pyrazolyl)-Ph
2071	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(3-pyridyl)-Ph
2072	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(4-pyridyl)-Ph
2073	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(3-thienyl)-Ph
2074	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(3-furanyl)-Ph
2075	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1,2,4-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph
2076	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1,2,4-triazol-4-
		yl)-Ph
2077	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1,2,3-triazol-1-
		yl)-Ph

2078	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1,2,3-triazol-4-
2070		yl)-Ph
2079	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
		triazol-3-yl)-Ph
2080	5-benzimidazolyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,4-
	_	triazol-5-yl)-Ph
2081	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
	_	triazol-4-yl)-Ph
2082	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(1-methyl-1,2,3-
		triazol-5-yl)-Ph
2083	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(3-isoxazolyl)-Ph
2084	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(4-isoxazolyl)-Ph
2085	5-benzothiazolyl	3-(5-isoxazolyl)-Ph
2086	5-benzothiazolyl	1-methyl-5-pyrazolyl
2087	5-benzothiazolyl	1-ethyl-5-pyrazolyl
2088	5-benzothiazolyl	[1,3,4]-oxadiazol-2-yl
2089	5-benzothiazolyl	CO-NH-(2-ethylpyrazol-
	1	3-y1)
2090	5-benzothiazolyl	CO-NH-(thiazol-2-y1)
2091	5-benzothiazolyl	CO-NH-(isoxazol-3-y1)
2092	5-benzothiazolyl	5-acetyl-4-
		methylthiazol-2-yl
2093	5-benzothiazolyl	5-acetyl-4-
		methyloxazol-2-yl
2094	5-benzothiazolyl	5-acetyl-4-
_		methylimidazol-2-yl
2095	5-benzothiazolyl	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)2N-
		CO]-Ph
2096	5-benzothiazolyl	3-acety1-5-[(CH3)NH-
		CO]-Ph
2097	5-benzothiazolyl	3-acety1-5-[H2N-CO]-Ph
2098	5-benzothiazolyl	3-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-y1-C0]-Ph
2099	5-benzothiazolyl	3-acetyl-5-F-Ph
2100	5-benzothiazolyl	3-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph

2101	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
2102	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acety1-4-F-Ph
2103	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-4-Cl-Ph
2104	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-4-Br-Ph
2105	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-5-CF3-Ph
2106	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-4-CF3-Ph
2107	5-benzoxazolyl	2-F-Ph 3-acetyl-2-
		CH3O-Ph
2108	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-4-CH3O-Ph
2109	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-5-CH3O-Ph
2110	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-6-CH3O-Ph
2111	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acety1-5-CH3-Ph
2112	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-5-CH3CH2-Ph
2113	5-benzoxazolyl	4-acetyl-5-[morpholin-
		1-yl-CO]-Ph
2114	5-benzoxazolyl	4-acetyl-5-F-Ph
2115	5-benzoxazolyl	4-acetyl-5-Cl-Ph
2116	5-benzoxazolyl	4-acetyl-5-Br-Ph
2117	5-benzoxazolyl	4-acetyl-3-CF3-Ph
2118	5-benzoxazolyl	4-acetyl-2-CH3O-Ph
2119	5-benzoxazolyl	4-acety1-5-CH30-Ph
2120	5-benzoxazolyl	3-acetyl-5-(1-
		methyltetrazol-5-yl)-
		Ph

TABLE 6*

5

$$F \longrightarrow HN \stackrel{\text{In}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}}}{\stackrel{\text{In}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$$

Ph

4	Ph	СН2ОН
5	Ph	OH
б	Ph	NH2
7	Ph	CO2Me
8	Ph	CO2Et
9	Ph	CONH2
10	Ph	NHPh
11	Ph	NHMe
12	Ph	OMe
13	Ph	C(O)(2-imidazolyl)
14	Ph	C(O)(4-imidazolyl)
15	Ph	C(O)(2-thiazoly1)
16	Ph	C(O)(4-thiazolyl)
17	Ph	C(O)(2-oxazoly1)
18	Ph	C(O)(4-oxazolyl)
19	Ph	C(O)(3-pyrazolyl)
20	Ph	C(O)(4-pyrazolyl)
21	Ph	C(O)(5-tetrazolyl)
22	Ph	C(0)(2-pyridyl)
23	Ph	C(O)(3-pyridyl)
24	Ph	C(0)(4-pyridyl)
25	Ph	C(O)(2-thienyl)
26	Ph	C(O)(3-thienyl)
27	Ph	C(O)(2-furanyl)
28	Ph	C(0)(3-furanyl)
29	Ph	2-thienyl
30	Ph	3-thienyl
31	Ph	2-furanyl
32	Ph	3-furanyl
33	Ph	2-pyridyl
34	Ph	3-pyridyl
35	Ph	4-pyridyl
36	Ph	1-imidazolyl
37	Ph	2-imidazolyl
38	Ph	4-imidazolyl
39	Ph	1-pyrazolyl

40	Ph	3-pyrazolyl
41	Ph	4-pyrazolyl
42	Ph	2-thiazoly1
43	Ph	4-thiazolyl
44	Ph	5-tetrazolyl
45	Ph	2-oxazolyl
46	Ph	4-oxazolyl
47	Ph	C(O)N(2-imidazoly1)
48	Ph	C(O)N(4-imidazolyl)
49	Ph	C(O)N(2-thiazolyl)
50	Ph	C(O)N(4-thiazolyl)
51	Ph	C(O)N(2-oxazolyl)
52	Ph	C(O)N(4-oxazolyl)
53	Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrazolyl)
54	Ph	C(O)N(4-pyrazolyl)
55	Ph	C(O)N(2-pyridyl)
56	Ph	C(0)N(3-pyridy1)
57	Ph	C(O)N(4-pyridy1)
58	Ph	C(O)N(2-thienyl)
59	Ph	C(O)N(3-thienyl)
60	Ph	C(O)N(2-furanyl)
61	Ph	C(O)N(3-furanyl)
62	Ph	C(O)N(2-pyrrolyl)
63	Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrrolyl)
64	Ph	CH2(1-imidazolyl)
65	Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,3-triazoly1))
66	Ph	CH2(2-(1,2,3-triazolyl))
67	Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,4-triazolyl))
68	Ph	CH2(1-pyrazolyl)
69	3-CN-Ph	CN
70	3-CN-Ph	F
71	3-CN-Ph	Cl
72	3-CN-Ph	CH2OH
73	3-CN-Ph	OH
74	3-CN-Ph	NH2
75	3-CN-Ph	CO2Me

76	3-CN-Ph	CO2Et
77	3-CN-Ph	CONH2
78	3-CN-Ph	NHPh
79	3-CN-Ph	NHMe
80	3-CN-Ph	OMe
81	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(2-imidazolyl)
82	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(4-imidazolyl)
83	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(2-thiazoly1)
84	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(4-thiazolyl)
85	3-CN-Ph	C(0)(2-oxazolyl)
86	3-CN-Ph	C(0)(4-oxazoly1)
87	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(3-pyrazolyl)
88	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(4-pyrazolyl)
89	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(5-tetrazolyl)
90	3-CN-Ph	C(0)(2-pyridyl)
91	3-CN-Ph	C(0)(3-pyridyl)
92	3-CN-Ph	C(0)(4-pyridy1)
93	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(2-thienyl)
94	3-CN-Ph	C(O)(3-thienyl)
95	3-CN-Ph	C(0)(2-furany1)
96	3-CN-Ph	C(0)(3-furany1)
97	3-CN-Ph	2-thienyl
98	3-CN-Ph	3-thienyl
99	3-CN-Ph	2-furanyl
100	3-CN-Ph	3-furanyl
101	3-CN-Ph	2-pyridyl
102	3-CN-Ph	3-pyridyl
103	3-CN-Ph	4-pyridyl
104	3-CN-Ph	1-imidazolyl
105	3-CN-Ph	2-imidazolyl
106	3-CN-Ph	4-imidazolyl
107	3-CN-Ph	1-pyrazolyl
108	3-CN-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
109	3-CN-Ph	4-pyrazolyl
110	3-CN-Ph	2-thiazolyl
111	3-CN-Ph	4-thiazolyl

112	3-CN-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
113	3-CN-Ph	2-oxazolyl
114	3-CN-Ph	4-oxazolyl
115	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(2-imidazolyl)
116	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(4-imidazolyl)
117	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(2-thiazolyl)
118	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(4-thiazolyl)
119	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(2-oxazolyl)
120	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(4-oxazolyl)
121	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrazolyl)
122	3-CN-Ph	C(0)N(4-pyrazolyl)
123	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(2-pyridyl)
124	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyridyl)
125	3-CN-Ph	C(0)N(4-pyridyl)
126	3-CN-Ph	C(0)N(2-thienyl)
127	3-CN-Ph	C(0)N(3-thienyl)
128	3-CN-Ph	C(0)N(2-furany1)
129	3-CN-Ph	C(0)N(3-furany1)
130	3-CN-Ph	C(0)N(2-pyrrolyl)
131	3-CN-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrrolyl)
132	3-CN-Ph	CH2(1-imidazolyl)
133	3-CN-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,3-triazolyl))
134	3-CN-Ph	CH2(2-(1,2,3-triazoly1))
135	3-CN-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,4-triazolyl))
136	3-CN-Ph	CH2(1-pyrazoly1)
137	3-OMe-Ph	CN
138	3-OMe-Ph	F
139	3-OMe-Ph	Cl .
140	3-OMe-Ph	CH2OH
141	3-OMe-Ph	ОН
142	3-OMe-Ph	NH2
143	3-OMe-Ph	CO2Me
144	3-OMe-Ph	CO2Et
145	3-OMe-Ph	CONH2
146	3-OMe-Ph	NHPh
147	3-OMe-Ph	NHMe

148	3-OMe-Ph	OMe
149	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)(2-imidazoly1)
150	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)(4-imidazolyl)
151	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)(2-thiazolyl)
152	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)(4-thiazolyl)
153	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(2-oxazoly1)
154	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(4-oxazoly1)
155	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)(3-pyrazoly1)
156	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)(4-pyrazolyl)
157	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)(5-tetrazolyl)
158	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(2-pyridyl)
159	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(3-pyridy1)
160	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(4-pyridyl)
161	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(2-thienyl)
162	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(3-thienyl)
163	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(2-furany1)
164	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)(3-furanyl)
165	3-OMe-Ph	2-thienyl
166	3-OMe-Ph	3-thienyl
167	3-OMe-Ph	2-furanyl
168	3-OMe-Ph	3-furanyl
169	3-OMe-Ph	2-pyridyl
170	3-OMe-Ph	3-pyridyl
171	3-OMe-Ph	4-pyridyl
172	3-OMe-Ph	1-imidazolyl
173	3-OMe-Ph	2-imidazolyl
174	3-OMe-Ph	4-imidazolyl
175	3-OMe-Ph	1-pyrazolyl
176	3-OMe-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
177	3-OMe-Ph	4-pyrazolyl
178	3-OMe-Ph	2-thiazolyl
179	3-OMe-Ph	4-thiazolyl
180	3-OMe-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
181	3-OMe-Ph	2-oxazolyl
182	3-OMe-Ph	4-oxazolyl
183	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)N(2-imidazolyl)

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184	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(4-imidazolyl)
185	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(2-thiazolyl)
186	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)N(4-thiazolyl)
187	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(2-oxazolyl)
188	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(4-oxazolyl)
189	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrazolyl)
190	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)N(4-pyrazolyl)
191	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(2-pyridyl)
192	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyridyl)
193	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(4-pyridyl)
194	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(2-thienyl)
195	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(3-thienyl)
196	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)N(2-furany1)
197	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)N(3-furany1)
198	3-OMe-Ph	C(O)N(2-pyrroly1)
199	3-OMe-Ph	C(0)N(3-pyrroly1)
200	3-OMe-Ph	CH2(1-imidazoly1)
201	3-OMe-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,3-triazoly1))
202	3-OMe-Ph	CH2(2-(1,2,3-triazolyl))
203	3-OMe-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,4-triazolyl))
204	3-OMe-Ph	CH2(1-pyrazolyl)
205	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CN
206	3-C(O)Me-Ph	F
207	3-C(O)Me-Ph	Cl
208	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CH2OH
209	3-C(O)Me-Ph	OH
210	3-C(O)Me-Ph	NH2
211	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CO2Me
212	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CO2Et
213	3-C(0)Me-Ph	CONH2
214	3-C(O)Me-Ph	NHPh
215	3-C(0)Me-Ph	NHMe
216	3-C(0)Me-Ph	OMe
217	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(2-imidazolyl)
218	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(4-imidazoly1)
219	3-C(0)Me-Ph	C(0)(2-thiazoly1)
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220	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)(4-thiazolyl)
221	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(2-oxazolyl)
222	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0) (4-oxazoly1)
223	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)(3-pyrazolyl)
224	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)(4-pyrazoly1)
225	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)(5-tetrazolyl)
226	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(2-pyridy1)
227	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(3-pyridyl)
228	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(4-pyridy1)
229	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(2-thieny1)
230	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(3-thieny1)
231	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(2-furanyl)
232	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)(3-furany1)
233	3-C(O)Me-Ph	2-thienyl
234	3-C(O)Me-Ph	3-thienyl
235	3-C(O)Me-Ph	2-furanyl
236	3-C(O)Me-Ph	3-furanyl
237	3-C(O)Me-Ph	2-pyridyl
238	3-C(O)Me-Ph	3-pyridyl
239	3-C(O)Me-Ph	4-pyridyl
240	3-C(O)Me-Ph	1-imidazolyl
241	3-C(O)Me-Ph	2-imidazolyl
242	3-C(O)Me-Ph	4-imidazolyl
243	3-C(O)Me-Ph	1-pyrazolyl
244	3-C(O)Me-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
245	3-C(O)Me-Ph	4-pyrazolyl
246	3-C(O)Me-Ph	2-thiazolyl
247	3-C(O)Me-Ph	4-thiazolyl
248	3-C(O)Me-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
249	3-C(O)Me-Ph	2-oxazolyl
250	3-C(O)Me-Ph	4-oxazolyl
251	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(2-imidazolyl)
252	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(4-imidazolyl)
253	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)N(2-thiazolyl)
254	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)N(4-thiazolyl)
255	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)N(2-oxazolyl)
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256	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(4-oxazolyl)
257	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)N(3-pyrazolyl)
258	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(4-pyrazolyl)
259	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(2-pyridyl)
260	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyridyl)
261	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(4-pyridyl)
262	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(2-thienyl)
263	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(3-thienyl)
264	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(0)N(2-furany1)
265	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(3-furanyl)
266	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(2-pyrrolyl)
267	3-C(O)Me-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrrolyl)
268	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CH2(1-imidazolyl)
269	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,3-triazoly1))
270	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CH2(2-(1,2,3-triazoly1))
271	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,4-triazoly1))
272	3-C(O)Me-Ph	CH2(1-pyrazolyl)
273	4-F-Ph	CN
274	4-F-Ph	F
275	4-F-Ph	Cl
276	4-F-Ph	CH2OH
277	4-F-Ph	ОН
278	4-F-Ph	NH2
279	4-F-Ph	CO2Me
280	4-F-Ph	CO2Et
281	4-F-Ph	CONH2
282	4-F-Ph	NHPh
283	4-F-Ph	NHMe
284	4-F-Ph	OMe
285	4-F-Ph	C(0)(2-imidazoly1)
286	4-F-Ph	C(O)(4-imidazolyl)
287	4-F-Ph	C(0)(2-thiazolyl)
288	4-F-Ph	C(0)(4-thiazoly1)
289	4-F-Ph	C(0)(2-oxazoly1)
290	4-F-Ph	C(0)(4-oxazoly1)
291	4-F-Ph	C(0)(3-pyrazoly1)
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292	4-F-Ph	C(O)(4-pyrazolyl)
293	4-F-Ph	C(O)(5-tetrazolyl)
294	4-F-Ph	C(O)(2-pyridyl)
295	4-F-Ph	C(0)(3-pyridy1)
296	4-F-Ph	C(0)(4-pyridy1)
297	4-F-Ph	C(O)(2-thienyl)
298	4-F-Ph	C(O)(3-thienyl)
299	4-F-Ph	C(0)(2-furany1)
300	4-F-Ph	C(0)(3-furanyl)
301	4-F-Ph	2-thienyl
302	4-F-Ph	3-thienyl
303	4-F-Ph	2-furanyl
304	4-F-Ph	3-furanyl
305	4-F-Ph	2-pyridy1
306	4-F-Ph	3-pyridyl
307	4-F-Ph	4-pyridyl
308	4-F-Ph	1-imidazolyl
309	4-F-Ph	2-imidazolyl
310	4-F-Ph	4-imidazolyl
311	4-F-Ph	1-pyrazolyl
312	4-F-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
313	4-F-Ph	4-pyrazolyl
314	4-F-Ph	2-thiazolyl
315	4-F-Ph	4-thiazolyl
316	4-F-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
317	4-F-Ph	2-oxazolyl
318	4-F-Ph	4-oxazolyl
319	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(2-imidazolyl)
320	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(4-imidazolyl)
321	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(2-thiazolyl)
322	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(4-thiazolyl)
323	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(2-oxazolyl)
324	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(4-oxazolyl)
325	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrazolyl)
326	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(4-pyrazolyl)
327	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(2-pyridyl)

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328	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyridyl)
329	4-F-Ph	C(0)N(4-pyridyl)
330	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(2-thienyl)
331	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(3-thienyl)
332	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(2-furanyl)
333	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(3-furanyl)
334	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(2-pyrrolyl)
335	4-F-Ph	C(O)N(3-pyrrolyl)
336	4-F-Ph	CH2(1-imidazolyl)
337	4-F-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,3-triazolyl))
338	4-F-Ph	CH2(2-(1,2,3-triazolyl))
339	4-F-Ph	CH2(1-(1,2,4-triazolyl))
340	4-F-Ph	CH2(1-pyrazolyl)

Table 7.

$$G \xrightarrow{N} O \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{N} R_3$$

$$R_1 \xrightarrow{OH} 21b \xrightarrow{H} H$$

R1 = a) H, b) methyl, c) ethyl, d) n-propyl, e) allyl, f) n-butyl, g) n-pentyl, and h) n-hexyl.

Entry	G	R3
1	4-F-Ph	Ph
2	4-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph
3	4-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
4	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
5	4-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
6	4-F-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
7	4-F-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
8	4-F-Ph	3-CONHMe-Ph
9	4-F-Ph	3-F-Ph
10	4-F-Ph	3-C1-Ph
11	4-F-Ph	3-Br-Ph
12	4-F-Ph	3-NO2-Ph
13	4-F-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
14	4-F-Ph	3-NHMe-Ph
15	4-F-Ph	3-NMe2-Ph
16	4-F-Ph	3-NHCOCH3-Ph
17	4-F-Ph	3-S02NH2-Ph
18	4-F-Ph	3-SO2NHMe-Ph
19	4-F-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
20	4-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
21	4-F-Ph	3-OPh-Ph
22	4-F-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
23	4-F-Ph	3-SCH3-Ph
24	4-F-Ph	3-SOCH3-Ph
25	4-F-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
26	4-F-Ph	3-OH-Ph
27	4-F-Ph	3-CH2OH-Ph
28	4-F-Ph	3-СНОНСН3-Рh
29	4-F-Ph	3-COH(CH3)2-Ph
30	4-F-Ph	3-CHOHPh-Ph
31	4-F-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
32	4-F-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph

33	4-F-Ph	3-iPr-Ph
34	4-F-Ph	3-tBu-Ph
35	4-F-Ph	3-Ph-Ph
36	4-F-Ph	3-CH2Ph-Ph
37	4-F-Ph	3-CH2CO2Me-Ph
38	4-F-Ph	3-(1-piperidiny1)-Ph
39	4-F-Ph	3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
40	4-F-Ph	3-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
41	4-F-Ph	3-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
42	4-F-Ph	3-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
43	4-F-Ph	3-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
44	4-F-Ph	3-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
45	4-F-Ph	3-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
46	4-F-Ph	3-(5-tetrazoly1)-Ph
47	4-F-Ph	3-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
48	4-F-Ph	3-(2-thienyl)-Ph
49	4-F-Ph	3-(2-furanyl)-Ph
50	4-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph
51	4-F-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
52	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
53	4-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
54	4-F-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
55	4-F-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
56	4-F-Ph	4-CONHMe-Ph
57	4-F-Ph	4-CONHPh-Ph
58	4-F-Ph	4-NHCONH2-Ph
59	4-F-Ph	4-F-Ph
60	4-F-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
61	4-F-Ph	4-Br-Ph
62	4-F-Ph	4-NO2-Ph
63	4-F-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
64	4-F-Ph	4-NHMe-Ph
65	4-F-Ph	4-NMe2-Ph
66	4-F-Ph	4-NHCOCH3-Ph
67	4-F-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
68	4-F-Ph	4-SO2NHMe-Ph

70	4-F-Ph	
<u> </u>	- T T TT	4-OCH3-Ph
71	4-F-Ph	4-OPh-Ph
72	4-F-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
73	4-F-Ph	4-SCH3-Ph
74	4-F-Ph	4-SOCH3-Ph
75	4-F-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
76	4-F-Ph	4-OH-Ph
77	4-F-Ph	4-CH2OH-Ph
78	4-F-Ph	4-CHOHCH3-Ph
79	4-F-Ph	4-COH(CH3)2-Ph
80	4-F-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
81	4-F-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
82	4-F-Ph	4-iPr-Ph
83	4-F-Ph	4-tBu-Ph
84	4-F-Ph	4-Ph-Ph
85	4-F-Ph	4-CH2Ph-Ph
86	4-F-Ph	4-CH2CO2Me-Ph
87	4-F-Ph	4-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
88	4-F-Ph	4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
89	4-F-Ph	4-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
90	4-F-Ph	4-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
91	4-F-Ph	4-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
92	4-F-Ph	4-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
93	4-F-Ph	4-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
94	4-F-Ph	4-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
95	4-F-Ph	4-(5-tetrazoly1)-Ph
96	4-F-Ph	4-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
97	4-F-Ph	4-(2-thienyl)-Ph
98	4-F-Ph	4-(2-furanyl)-Ph
99	4-F-Ph	2-CN-Ph
100	4-F-Ph	2-COCH3-Ph
101	4-F-Ph	2-CO2Me-Ph
102	4-F-Ph	2-CO2Et-Ph
103	4-F-Ph	2-CO2H-Ph
104	4-F-Ph	2-CONH2-Ph

105	4-F-Ph	2-CONHMe-Ph
106	4-F-Ph	2-F-Ph
107	4-F-Ph	2-Cl-Ph
108	4-F-Ph	2-Br-Ph
109	4-F-Ph	2-NO2-Ph
110	4-F-Ph	2-NH2-Ph
111	4-F-Ph	2-NHMe-Ph
112	4-F-Ph	2-NMe2-Ph
113	4-F-Ph	2-NHCOCH3-Ph
114	4-F-Ph	2-SO2NH2-Ph
115	4-F-Ph	2-SO2NHMe-Ph
116	4-F-Ph	2-CF3-Ph
117	4-F-Ph	2-OCH3-Ph
118	4-F-Ph	2-OPh-Ph
119	4-F-Ph	2-OCF3-Ph
120	4-F-Ph	2-SCH3-Ph
121	4-F-Ph	2-SOCH3-Ph
122	4-F-Ph	2-S02CH3-Ph
123	4-F-Ph	2-OH-Ph
124	4-F-Ph	2-CH2OH-Ph
125	4-F-Ph	2-CHOHCH3-Ph
126	4-F-Ph	2-COH(CH3)2-Ph
127	4-F-Ph	2-CHOHPh-Ph
128	4-F-Ph	2-CH3-Ph
129	4-F-Ph	2-C2H5-Ph
130	4-F-Ph	2-iPr-Ph
131	4-F-Ph	2-tBu-Ph
132	4-F-Ph	2-Ph-Ph
133	4-F-Ph	2-CH2Ph-Ph
134	4-F-Ph	2-CH2CO2Me-Ph
135	4-F-Ph	2-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
136	4-F-Ph	2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
137	4-F-Ph	2-(2-imidazoly1)-Ph
138	4-F-Ph	2-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
139	4-F-Ph	2-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
140	4-F-Ph	2-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph

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141	4-F-Ph	2-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
142	4-F-Ph	2-(1-tetrazoly1)-Ph
143	4-F-Ph	2-(5-tetrazoly1)-Ph
144	4-F-Ph	2-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
145	4-F-Ph	2-(2-thienyl)-Ph
146	4-F-Ph	2-(2-furanyl)-Ph
147	4-F-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
148	4-F-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
149	4-F-Ph	2,6-diF-Ph
150	4-F-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
151	4-F-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
152	4-F-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
153	4-F-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
154	4-F-Ph	2,6-diCl-Ph
155	4-F-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
156	4-F-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
157	4-F-Ph	3,4-diCF3-Ph
158	4-F-Ph	3,5-diCF3-Ph
159	4-F-Ph	5-C1-2-MeO-Ph
160	4-F-Ph	5-Cl-2-Me-Ph
161	4-F-Ph	2-F-5-Me-Ph
162	4-F-Ph	2-F-5-NO2-Ph
163	4-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
164	4-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
165	4-F-Ph	2-MeO-4-Me-Ph
166	4-F-Ph	2-MeO-5-Me-Ph
167	4-F-Ph	1-naphthyl
168	4-F-Ph	2-naphthy1
169	4-F-Ph	2-thienyl
170	4-F-Ph	3-thienyl
171	4-F-Ph	2-furanyl
172	4-F-Ph	3-furanyl
173	4-F-Ph	2-pyridyl
174	4-F-Ph	3-pyridyl
175	4-F-Ph	4-pyridyl
176	4-F-Ph	2-indoly1

177	4-F-Ph	3-indolyl
178	4-F-Ph	5-indoly1
179	4-F-Ph	6-indolyl
180	4-F-Ph	3-indazolyl
181	4-F-Ph	5-indazolyl
182	4-F-Ph	6-indazolyl
183	4-F-Ph	2-imidazolyl
184	4-F-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
185	4-F-Ph	2-thiazolyl
186	4-F-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
187	4-F-Ph	2-benzimidazolyl
188	4-F-Ph	5-benzimidazolyl
189	4-F-Ph	2-benzothiazolyl
190	4-F-Ph	5-benzothiazolyl
191	4-F-Ph	2-benzoxazolyl
192	4-F-Ph	5-benzoxazolyl
193	4-F-Ph	1-adamantyl
194	4-F-Ph	2-adamanty1
195	4-F-Ph	t-Bu
196	2-F-Ph	3-CN-Ph
197	2-F-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
198	2-F-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
199	2-F-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
200	2-F-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
201	2-F-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
202	2-F-Ph	3-F-Ph
203	2-F-Ph	3-C1-Ph
204	2-F-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
205	2-F-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
206	2-F-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
207	2-F-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
208	2-F-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
209	2-F-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
210	2-F-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
211	2-F-Ph	3-OH-Ph
212	2-F-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
		

213	2-F-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
214	2-F-Ph	4-CN-Ph
215	2-F-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
216	2-F-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
217	2-F-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
218	2-F-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
219	2-F-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
220	2-F-Ph	4-F-Ph
221	2-F-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
222	2-F-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
223	2-F-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
224	2-F-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
225	2-F-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
226	2-F-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
227	2-F-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
228	2-F-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
229	2-F-Ph	4-OH-Ph
230	2-F-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
231	2-F-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
232	2-F-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
233	2-F-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
234	2-F-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
235	2-F-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
236	2-F-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
237	2-F-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
238	2-F-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
239	2-F-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
240	2-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
241	2-F-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
242	2-F-Ph	2-thienyl
243	2-F-Ph	2-furanyl
244	2-F-Ph	2-pyridyl
245	2-F-Ph	4-pyridyl
246	2-F-Ph	2-imidazolyl
247	2-F-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
248	2-F-Ph	2-thiazolyl
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249	2-F-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
250	2-F-Ph	1-adamantyl
251	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CN-Ph
252	2,4-diF-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
253	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
254	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
255	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
256	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
257	2,4-diF-Ph	3-F-Ph
258	2,4-diF-Ph	3-C1-Ph
259	2,4-diF-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
260	2,4-diF-Ph	3-S02NH2-Ph
261	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
262	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
263	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
264	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
265	2,4-diF-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
266	2,4-diF-Ph	3-OH-Ph
267	2,4-diF-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
268	2,4-diF-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
269	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CN-Ph
270	2,4-diF-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
271	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
272	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
273	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
274	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
275	2,4-diF-Ph	4-F-Ph
276	2,4-diF-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
277	2,4-diF-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
278	2,4-diF-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
279	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
280	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
281	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
282	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
283	2,4-diF-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
284	2,4-diF-Ph	4-OH-Ph

285	2,4-diF-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
286	2,4-diF-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
287	2,4-diF-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
288	2,4-diF-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
289	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
290	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
291	2,4-diF-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
292	2,4-diF-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
293	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
294	2,4-diF-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
295	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
296	2,4-diF-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
297	2,4-diF-Ph	2-thienyl
298	2,4-diF-Ph	2-furanyl
299	2,4-diF-Ph	2-pyridyl
300	2,4-diF-Ph	4-pyridyl
301	2,4-diF-Ph	2-imidazolyl
302	2,4-diF-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
303	2,4-diF-Ph	2-thiazolyl
304	2,4-diF-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
305	2,4-diF-Ph	1-adamantyl
306	4-C1-Ph	Ph
307	4-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
308	4-Cl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
309	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
310	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
311	4-Cl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
312	4-Cl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
313	4-Cl-Ph	3-CONHMe-Ph
314	4-Cl-Ph	3-F-Ph
315	4-Cl-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
316	4-Cl-Ph	3-Br-Ph
317	4-Cl-Ph	3-NO2-Ph
318	4-Cl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
319	4-Cl-Ph	3-NHMe-Ph
320	4-Cl-Ph	3-NMe2-Ph
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321	4-Cl-Ph	3-NHCOCH3-Ph
322	4-Cl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
323	4-C1-Ph	3-SO2NHMe-Ph
324	4-Cl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
325	4-C1-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
326	4-Cl-Ph	3-OPh-Ph
327	4-C1-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
328	4-C1-Ph	3-SCH3-Ph
329	4-Cl-Ph	3-SOCH3-Ph
330	4-C1-Ph	3-S02CH3-Ph
331	4-Cl-Ph	3-OH-Ph
332	4-C1-Ph	3-CH2OH-Ph
333	4-C1-Ph	3-СНОНСН3-Рh
334	4-Cl-Ph	3-COH(CH3)2-Ph
335	4-Cl-Ph	3-CHOHPh-Ph
336	4-C1-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
337	4-C1-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
338	4-C1-Ph	3-iPr-Ph
339	4-Cl-Ph	3-tBu-Ph
340	4-Cl-Ph	3-Ph-Ph
341	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH2Ph-Ph
342	4-Cl-Ph	3-CH2CO2Me-Ph
343	4-C1-Ph	3-(1-piperidiny1)-Ph
344	4-C1-Ph	3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
345	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
346	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
347	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
348	4-Cl-Ph	3-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
349	4-C1-Ph	3-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
350	4-Cl-Ph	3-(1-tetrazoly1)-Ph
351	4-Cl-Ph	3-(5-tetrazolyl)-Ph
352	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-pyridy1)-Ph
353	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-thienyl)-Ph
354	4-Cl-Ph	3-(2-furanyl)-Ph
355	4-Cl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
356	4-Cl-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph

357	4-C1-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
358	4-Cl-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
359	4-Cl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
360	4-C1-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
361	4-C1-Ph	4-CONHMe-Ph
362	4-C1-Ph	4-CONHPh-Ph
363	4-Cl-Ph	4-NHCONH2-Ph
364	4-C1-Ph	4-F-Ph
365	4-C1-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
366	4-C1-Ph	4-Br-Ph
367	4-Cl-Ph	4-NO2-Ph
368	4-Cl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
369	4-Cl-Ph	4-NHMe-Ph
370	4-Cl-Ph	4-NMe2-Ph
371	4-C1-Ph	4-NHCOCH3-Ph
372	4-Cl-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
373	4-Cl-Ph	4-SO2NHMe-Ph
374	4-Cl-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
375	4-Cl-Ph	4-0CH3-Ph
376	4-Cl-Ph	4-OPh-Ph
377	4-Cl-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
378	4-Cl-Ph	4-SCH3-Ph
379	4-Cl-Ph	4-SOCH3-Ph
380	4-Cl-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
381	4-Cl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
382	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH2OH-Ph
383	4-Cl-Ph	4-CHOHCH3-Ph
384	4-Cl-Ph	4-COH(CH3)2-Ph
385	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
386	4-Cl-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
387	4-Cl-Ph	4-iPr-Ph
388	4-Cl-Ph	4-tBu-Ph
389	4-Cl-Ph	4-Ph-Ph
390	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH2Ph-Ph
391	4-Cl-Ph	4-CH2CO2Me-Ph
392	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph

393	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
394	4-C1-Ph	4-(2-imidazolyl)-Ph
395	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-imidazolyl)-Ph
396	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
397	4-Cl-Ph	4-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
398	4-C1-Ph	4-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
399	4-Cl-Ph	4-(1-tetrazolyl)-Ph
400	4-C1-Ph	4-(5-tetrazoly1)-Ph
401	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
402	4-Cl-Ph	4-(2-thienyl)-Ph
403	4-C1-Ph	4-(2-furanyl)-Ph
404	4-C1-Ph	2-CN-Ph
405	4-C1-Ph	2-COCH3-Ph
406	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2Me-Ph
407	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2Et-Ph
408	4-Cl-Ph	2-CO2H-Ph
409	4-Cl-Ph	2-CONH2-Ph
410	4-Cl-Ph	2-CONHMe-Ph
411	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-Ph
412	4-Cl-Ph	2-Cl-Ph
413	4-C1-Ph	2-Br-Ph
414	4-Cl-Ph	2-NO2-Ph
415	4-Cl-Ph	2-NH2-Ph
416	4-Cl-Ph	2-NHMe-Ph
417	4-Cl-Ph	2-NMe2-Ph
418	4-Cl-Ph	2-NHCOCH3-Ph
419	4-Cl-Ph	2-SO2NH2-Ph
420	4-Cl-Ph	2-SO2NHMe-Ph
421	4-Cl-Ph	2-CF3-Ph
422	4-Cl-Ph	2-OCH3-Ph
423	4-Cl-Ph	2-OPh-Ph
424	4-Cl-Ph	2-OCF3-Ph
425	4-Cl-Ph	2-SCH3-Ph
426	4-Cl-Ph	2-SOCH3-Ph
427	4-C1-Ph	2-SO2CH3-Ph
428	4-C1-Ph	2-OH-Ph

429	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH2OH-Ph
430	4-C1-Ph	2-CHOHCH3-Ph
431	4-C1-Ph	2-COH(CH3)2-Ph
432	4-Cl-Ph	2-CHOHPh-Ph
433	4-Cl-Ph	2-CH3-Ph
434	4-C1-Ph	2-C2H5-Ph
435	4-Cl-Ph	2-iPr-Ph
436	4-C1-Ph	2-tBu-Ph
437	4-Cl-Ph	2-Ph-Ph
438	4-C1-Ph	2-CH2Ph-Ph
439	4-C1-Ph	2-CH2CO2Me-Ph
440	4-C1-Ph	2-(1-piperidinyl)-Ph
441	4-C1-Ph	2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-Ph
442	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-imidazoly1)-Ph
443	4-C1-Ph	2-(1-imidazoly1)-Ph
444	4-C1-Ph	2-(2-thiazolyl)-Ph
445	4-Cl-Ph	2-(3-pyrazolyl)-Ph
446	4-C1-Ph	2-(1-pyrazolyl)-Ph
447	4-Cl-Ph	2-(1-tetrazoly1)-Ph
448	4-Cl-Ph	2-(5-tetrazoly1)-Ph
449	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-pyridyl)-Ph
450	4-Cl-Ph	2-(2-thienyl)-Ph
451	4-C1-Ph	2-(2-furanyl)-Ph
452	4-Cl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
453	4-Cl-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
454	4-C1-Ph	2,6-diF-Ph
455	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
456	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
457	4-Cl-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
458	4-Cl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
459	4-Cl-Ph	2,6-diCl-Ph
460	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
461	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
462	4-Cl-Ph	3,4-diCF3-Ph
463	4-Cl-Ph	3,5-diCF3-Ph
464	4-C1-Ph	5-C1-2-MeO-Ph

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465	4-Cl-Ph	5-Cl-2-Me-Ph
466	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-5-Me-Ph
467	4-Cl-Ph	2-F-5-NO2-Ph
468	4-C1-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
469	4-C1-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
470	4-Cl-Ph	2-MeO-4-Me-Ph
471	4-C1-Ph	2-MeO-5-Me-Ph
472	4-Cl-Ph	1-naphthyl
473	4-C1-Ph	2-naphthyl
474	4-Cl-Ph	2-thienyl
475	4-Cl-Ph	3-thienyl
476	4-Cl-Ph	2-furanyl
477	4-C1-Ph	3-furanyl
478	4-Cl-Ph	2-pyridyl
479	4-C1-Ph	3-pyridyl
480	4-C1-Ph	4-pyridyl
481	4-C1-Ph	2-indolyl
482	4-C1-Ph	3-indolyl
483	4-Cl-Ph	5-indolyl
484	4-C1-Ph	6-indolyl
485	4-Cl-Ph	3-indazolyl
486	4-Cl-Ph	5-indazolyl
487	4-Cl-Ph	6-indazolyl
488	4-Cl-Ph	2-imidazolyl
489	4-C1-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
490	4-Cl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
491	4-Cl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
492	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzimidazolyl
493	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzimidazolyl
494	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzothiazolyl
495	4-Cl-Ph	5-benzothiazolyl
496	4-Cl-Ph	2-benzoxazolyl
497	4-C1-Ph	5-benzoxazolyl
498	4-Cl-Ph	1-adamantyl
499	4-Cl-Ph	2-adamantyl
500	4-Cl-Ph	t-Bu
L	L	<u> </u>

501	2-Cl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
502	2-C1-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
503	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
504	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
505	2-Cl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
506	2-Cl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
507	2-C1-Ph	3-F-Ph
508	2-Cl-Ph	3-C1-Ph
509	2-Cl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
510	2-C1-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
511	2-C1-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
512	2-Cl-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
513	2-C1-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
514	2-Cl-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
515	2-Cl-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
516	2-C1-Ph	3-OH-Ph
517	2-Cl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
518	2-C1-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
519	2-Cl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
520	2-C1-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
521	2-Cl-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
522	2-C1-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
523	2-Cl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
524	2-C1-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
525	2-Cl-Ph	4-F-Ph
526	2-Cl-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
527	2-Cl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
528	2-Cl-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
529	2-Cl-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
530	2-Cl-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
531	2-Cl-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
532	2-Cl-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
533	2-Cl-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
534	2-Cl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
535	2-C1-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
536	2-C1-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
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537	2-C1-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
538	2-C1-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
539	2-C1-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
540	2-C1-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
541	2-Cl-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
542	2-Cl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
543	2-C1-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
544	2-C1-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
545	2-C1-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
546	2-Cl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
547	2-C1-Ph	2-thienyl
548	2-Cl-Ph	2-furanyl
549	2-Cl-Ph	2-pyridyl
550	2-C1-Ph	4-pyridyl
551	2-C1-Ph	2-imidazolyl
552	2-Cl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
553	2-Cl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
554	2-C1-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
555	2-Cl-Ph	1-adamantyl
556	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CN-Ph
557	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
558	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
559	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
560	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
561	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
562	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-F-Ph
563	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
564	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
565	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
566	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
567	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
568	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
569	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
570	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
571	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-OH-Ph
572	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
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573	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
574	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CN-Ph
575	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
576	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
577	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
578	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
579	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
580	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-F-Ph
581	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-C1-Ph
582	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
583	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
584	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
585	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
586	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
587	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
588	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
589	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-OH-Ph
590	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
591	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
592	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
593	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
594	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
595	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
596	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
597	2,4-diCl-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
598	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
599	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
600	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
601	2,4-diCl-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
602	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-thienyl
603	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-furany1
604	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-pyridyl
605	2,4-diCl-Ph	4-pyridyl
606	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-imidazolyl
607	2,4-diCl-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
608	2,4-diCl-Ph	2-thiazolyl
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609	2,4-diCl-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
610	2,4-diCl-Ph	1-adamantyl
611	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CN-Ph
612	3-OCH3-Ph	3-COCH3-Ph
613	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2Me-Ph
614	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2Et-Ph
615	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CO2H-Ph
616	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CONH2-Ph
617	3-OCH3-Ph	3-F-Ph
618	3-OCH3-Ph	3-Cl-Ph
619	3-OCH3-Ph	3-NH2-Ph
620	3-OCH3-Ph	3-SO2NH2-Ph
621	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CF3-Ph
622	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OCH3-Ph
623	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OEt-Ph
624	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OCF3-Ph
625	3-OCH3-Ph	3-SO2CH3-Ph
626	3-OCH3-Ph	3-OH-Ph
627	3-OCH3-Ph	3-CH3-Ph
628	3-OCH3-Ph	3-C2H5-Ph
629	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CN-Ph
630	3-OCH3-Ph	4-COCH3-Ph
631	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2Me-Ph
632	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2Et-Ph
633	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CO2H-Ph
634	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CONH2-Ph
635	3-OCH3-Ph	4-F-Ph
636	3-OCH3-Ph	4-Cl-Ph
637	3-OCH3-Ph	4-NH2-Ph
638	3-OCH3-Ph	4-SO2NH2-Ph
639	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CF3-Ph
640	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OCH3-Ph
641	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OEt-Ph
642	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OCF3-Ph
643	3-OCH3-Ph	4-SO2CH3-Ph
644	3-OCH3-Ph	4-OH-Ph

645	3-OCH3-Ph	4-CH3-Ph
646	3-OCH3-Ph	4-C2H5-Ph
647	3-OCH3-Ph	2,4-diF-Ph
648	3-OCH3-Ph	2,5-diF-Ph
649	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-diF-Ph
650	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-diF-Ph
651	3-OCH3-Ph	2,4-diCl-Ph
652	3-OCH3-Ph	2,5-diCl-Ph
653	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-diCl-Ph
654	3-OCH3-Ph	3,5-diCl-Ph
655	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
656	3-OCH3-Ph	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
657	3-OCH3-Ph	2-thienyl
658	3-OCH3-Ph	2-furanyl
659	3-OCH3-Ph	2-pyridyl
660	3-OCH3-Ph	4-pyridyl
661	3-OCH3-Ph	2-imidazoly1
662	3-OCH3-Ph	3-pyrazolyl
663	3-OCH3-Ph	2-thiazolyl
664	3-OCH3-Ph	5-tetrazolyl
665	3-OCH3-Ph	1-adamantyl
666	2-thienyl	3-CN-Ph
667	2-thienyl	3-COCH3-Ph
668	2-thienyl	3-F-Ph
669	2-thienyl	3-Cl-Ph
670	2-thienyl	3-NH2-Ph
671	2-thienyl	3-OCH3-Ph
672	2-thienyl	3-OH-Ph
673	2-thienyl	4-CN-Ph
674	2-thienyl	4-COCH3-Ph
675	2-thienyl	4-F-Ph
676	2-thienyl	4-Cl-Ph
677	2-thienyl	4-NH2-Ph
678	2-thienyl	4-OCH3-Ph
679	2-thienyl	4-OH-Ph
680	2-thienyl	3,4-diF-Ph
L	L	

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681	2-thienyl	3,5-diF-Ph
682	2-thienyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
683	2-thienyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
684	2-thienyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
685	2-thieny1	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
686	3-thienyl	3-CN-Ph
687	3-thienyl	3-COCH3-Ph
688	3-thienyl	3-F-Ph
689	3-thienyl	3-C1-Ph
690	3-thienyl	3-NH2-Ph
691	3-thienyl	3-OCH3-Ph
692	3-thieny1	3-OH-Ph
693	3-thieny1	4-CN-Ph
694	3-thienyl	4-COCH3-Ph
695	3-thienyl	4-F-Ph
696	3-thienyl	4-Cl-Ph
697	3-thienyl	4-NH2-Ph
698	3-thienyl	4-OCH3-Ph
699	3-thienyl	4-OH-Ph
700	3-thieny1	3,4-diF-Ph
701	3-thienyl	3,5-diF-Ph
702	3-thieny1	3,4-diCl-Ph
703	3-thienyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
704	3-thieny1	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
705	3-thienyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
706	2-furanyl	3-CN-Ph
707	2-furany1	3-COCH3-Ph
708	2-furany1	3-F-Ph
709	2-furany1	3-Cl-Ph
710	2-furany1	3-NH2-Ph
711	2-furany1	3-OCH3-Ph
712	2-furany1	3-OH-Ph
713	2-furany1	4-CN-Ph
714	2-furany1	4-COCH3-Ph
715	2-furany1	4-F-Ph
716	2-furany1	4-Cl-Ph
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717	2-furanyl	4-NH2-Ph
718	2-furanyl	4-0CH3-Ph
719	2-furanyl	4-OH-Ph
720	2-furanyl	3,4-diF-Ph
721	2-furanyl	3,5-diF-Ph
722	2-furany1	3,4-diCl-Ph
723	2-furanyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
724	2-furanyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
725	2-furany1	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
726	3-furanyl	3-CN-Ph
727	3-furanyl	3-COCH3-Ph
728	3-furanyl	3-F-Ph
729	3-furanyl	3-C1-Ph
730	3-furanyl	3-NH2-Ph
731	3-furanyl	3-OCH3-Ph
732	3-furanyl	3-OH-Ph
733	3-furanyl	4-CN-Ph
734	3-furanyl	4-COCH3-Ph
735	3-furanyl	4-F-Ph
736	3-furanyl	4-Cl-Ph
737	3-furanyl	4-NH2-Ph
738	3-furanyl	4-OCH3-Ph
739	3-furanyl	4-OH-Ph
740	3-furanyl	3,4-diF-Ph
741	3-furanyl	3,5-diF-Ph
742	3-furanyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
743	3-furanyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
744	3-furanyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
745	3-furanyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
746	2-pyridyl	3-CN-Ph
747	2-pyridyl	3-COCH3-Ph
748	2-pyridyl	3-F-Ph
749	2-pyridyl	3-Cl-Ph
750	2-pyridyl	3-NH2-Ph
751	2-pyridyl	3-OCH3-Ph
752	2-pyridyl	3-OH-Ph

754 2-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 755 2-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 756 2-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 757 2-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 757 2-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 758 2-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 759 2-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 759 2-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 760 2-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 761 2-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 762 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 763 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 764 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 765 2-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-OCH3-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,5-OCH3-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-OCH3-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 788 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	753	2-pyridyl	4-CN-Ph
756	754	2-pyridyl	4-COCH3-Ph
757 2-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 758 2-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 759 2-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 760 2-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 761 2-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 762 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 763 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 764 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 765 2-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-CH-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-CH-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-CH-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 787 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 787 4-OCH3-Ph 788 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 789 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph	755	2-pyridyl	4-F-Ph
758 2-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 759 2-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 760 2-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 761 2-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 762 2-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 763 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 764 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 765 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-CH2-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH3-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph	756	2-pyridyl	4-Cl-Ph
759 2-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 760 2-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 761 2-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 762 2-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 763 2-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 764 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 765 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-F-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-CCH3-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph	757	2-pyridyl	4-NH2-Ph
760 2-pyridyl 3,4-dif-ph 761 2-pyridyl 3,5-dif-ph 762 2-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-ph 763 2-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-ph 764 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-ph 765 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CD-ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-CI-ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-ph 773 3-pyridyl 3-OH-ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-CN-ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-CI-ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-DYRIGYL 3-CN-Ph 787 4-DYRIGYL 3-COCH3-Ph	758	2-pyridyl	4-OCH3-Ph
761	759	2-pyridyl	4-OH-Ph
762 2-pyridyl 3,4-dicl-Ph 763 2-pyridyl 3,5-dicl-Ph 764 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 765 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-F-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-C1-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph	760	2-pyridyl	3,4-diF-Ph
763	761	2-pyridyl	3,5-diF-Ph
764 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 765 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-F-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-C1-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	762	2-pyridyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
765 2-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 766 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-F-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-C1-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH3-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-dic1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,4-dic1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	763	2-pyridyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
766 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-F-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-C1-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-NH2-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-dic1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,4-dic1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	764	2-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
767 3-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph 768 3-pyridyl 3-F-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-C1-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-NH2-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	765	2-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
768 3-pyridyl 3-F-Ph 769 3-pyridyl 3-Cl-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-NH2-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-Cl-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	766	3-pyridyl	3-CN-Ph
769 3-pyridyl 3-NH2-Ph 770 3-pyridyl 3-NH2-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,5-dic1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	767	3-pyridyl	3-COCH3-Ph
770 3-pyridyl 3-NH2-Ph 771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-dic1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2C-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	768	3-pyridyl	3-F-Ph
771 3-pyridyl 3-OCH3-Ph 772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	769	3-pyridyl	3-C1-Ph
772 3-pyridyl 3-OH-Ph 773 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	770	3-pyridyl	3-NH2-Ph
773 3-pyridyl 4-CN-Ph 774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	771	3-pyridyl	3-OCH3-Ph
774 3-pyridyl 4-COCH3-Ph 775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	772	3-pyridyl	3-OH-Ph
775 3-pyridyl 4-F-Ph 776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	773	3-pyridyl	4-CN-Ph
776 3-pyridyl 4-C1-Ph 777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diC1-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	774	3-pyridyl	4-COCH3-Ph
777 3-pyridyl 4-NH2-Ph 778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	775	3-pyridyl	4-F-Ph
778 3-pyridyl 4-OCH3-Ph 779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	776	3-pyridyl	4-C1-Ph
779 3-pyridyl 4-OH-Ph 780 3-pyridyl 3,4-diF-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	777	3-pyridyl	4-NH2-Ph
780 3-pyridyl 3,4-dif-Ph 781 3-pyridyl 3,5-dif-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	778	3-pyridyl	4-OCH3-Ph
781 3-pyridyl 3,5-diF-Ph 782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	779	3-pyridyl	4-OH-Ph
782 3-pyridyl 3,4-diCl-Ph 783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diCl-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	780	3-pyridyl	3,4-diF-Ph
783 3-pyridyl 3,5-diC1-Ph 784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	781	3-pyridyl	3,5-diF-Ph
784 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2O-Ph 785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	782	3-pyridyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
785 3-pyridyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph 786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	783	3-pyridyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
786 4-pyridyl 3-CN-Ph 787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	784	3-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
787 4-pyridyl 3-COCH3-Ph	785	3-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
	786	4-pyridyl	3-CN-Ph
788 4-pyridyl 3-F-Ph	787	4-pyridyl	3-COCH3-Ph
	788	4-pyridyl	3-F-Ph

789	4-pyridyl	3-C1-Ph
790	4-pyridyl	3-NH2-Ph
791	4-pyridyl	3-OCH3-Ph
792	4-pyridyl	3-OH-Ph
793	4-pyridyl	4-CN-Ph
794	4-pyridyl	4-COCH3-Ph
795	4-pyridyl	4-F-Ph
796	4-pyridyl	4-Cl-Ph
797	4-pyridyl	4-NH2-Ph
798	4-pyridyl	4-OCH3-Ph
799	4-pyridyl	4-OH-Ph
800	4-pyridyl	3,4-diF-Ph
801	4-pyridyl	3,5-diF-Ph
802	4-pyridyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
803	4-pyridyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
804	4-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
805	4-pyridyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
806	3-indolyl	3-CN-Ph
807	3-indolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
808	3-indolyl	3-F-Ph
809	3-indolyl	3-Cl-Ph
810	3-indolyl	3-NH2-Ph
811	3-indolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
812	3-indolyl	3-OH-Ph
813	3-indoly1	4-CN-Ph
814	3-indoly1	4-COCH3-Ph
815	3-indolyl	4-F-Ph
816	3-indolyl	4-Cl-Ph
817	3-indolyl	4-NH2-Ph
818	3-indolyl	4-0CH3-Ph
819	3-indolyl	4-OH-Ph
820	3-indolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
821	3-indolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
822	3-indolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
823	3-indolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
824	3-indolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph

826 5-indolyl 3-CN-Ph 827 5-indolyl 3-COCH3-I 828 5-indolyl 3-F-Ph 829 5-indolyl 3-C1-Ph 830 5-indolyl 3-NH2-Pl 831 5-indolyl 3-OCH3-Pl 832 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 835 5-indolyl 4-C1-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-P 837 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-P 838 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-P 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-P 841 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-P 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diC1-P 843 5-indolyl 3,4-diC1-P 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 848 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-P <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			
827 5-indolyl 3-COCH3-I 828 5-indolyl 3-F-Ph 829 5-indolyl 3-C1-Ph 830 5-indolyl 3-NH2-Pi 831 5-indolyl 3-OCH3-P 832 5-indolyl 3-OH-Ph 833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-CH2-Ph 835 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 838 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 839 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-Ph 841 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 843 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 845 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 848 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 855 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 857 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 858 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 859 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph	825	3-indoly1	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
828 5-indolyl 3-F-Ph 829 5-indolyl 3-Cl-Ph 830 5-indolyl 3-NH2-Ph 831 5-indolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 832 5-indolyl 3-OH-Ph 833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-CCH3-Ph 835 5-indolyl 4-Cl-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-Cl-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-Ph 838 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 839 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-Ph 841 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-Ph 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 843 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-CCH3-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-CCH3-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 855 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 857 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 858 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 859 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph	826	5-indolyl	3-CN-Ph
829 5-indolyl 3-Cl-Ph 830 5-indolyl 3-NH2-Ph 831 5-indolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 832 5-indolyl 3-OH-Ph 833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-COCH3-Ph 835 5-indolyl 4-Cl-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-Cl-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-NH2-Ph 838 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 839 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-Ph 841 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-Ph 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 843 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 848 5-indazolyl 3-CCH3-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-CCH3-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 855 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 857 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 858 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 859 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph	827	5-indolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
830 5-indolyl 3-NH2-PR 831 5-indolyl 3-OCH3-P 832 5-indolyl 3-OH-Ph 833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-COCH3-P 835 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-NH2-PR 838 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 839 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-Ph 841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-Ph 842 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-Ph 843 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 845 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-Ph 848 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 857 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 858 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 859 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph	828	5-indolyl	3-F-Ph
831 5-indolyl 3-OCH3-P 832 5-indolyl 3-OH-Ph 833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-COCH3-P 835 5-indolyl 4-COCH3-P 836 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-NH2-PP 838 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 839 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-P 841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-P 842 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-P 843 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-C1-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Pl 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 855 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph	829	5-indolyl	3-Cl-Ph
832 5-indolyl 3-OH-Ph 833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 835 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 838 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-F 841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-F 842 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl-F 843 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O-F 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O-F 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O-F 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 848 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 849 5-indazolyl 3-CH-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph	830	5-indolyl	3-NH2-Ph
833 5-indolyl 4-CN-Ph 834 5-indolyl 4-COCH3-F 835 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-NH2-Ph 838 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-Ph 839 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-F 841 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-F 842 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-F 843 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-F 844 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl- 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O- 846 5-indazolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2C 847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 855 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 857 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 858 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F	831	5-indolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
834 5-indolyl 4-COCH3-H 835 5-indolyl 4-F-Ph 836 5-indolyl 4-Cl-Ph 837 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-P 838 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 839 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-H 840 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-H 841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-H 842 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl-H 843 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O-H2O-H2O-H2O-H2O-H2O-H2O-H2O-H2O-H2O-	832	5-indolyl	3-OH-Ph
835	833	5-indolyl	4-CN-Ph
836	834	5-indolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
837 5-indolyl 4-NH2-PH 838 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-PH 839 5-indolyl 4-OH-PH 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-H 841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-H 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 843 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl- 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O- 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O- 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-PH 847 5-indazolyl 3-CN-PH 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-PH 849 5-indazolyl 3-F-PH 850 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-PH 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-PH 852 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-PH 853 5-indazolyl 3-OH-PH 854 5-indazolyl 4-CN-PH 855 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-FH 856 5-indazolyl 4-F-PH	835	5-indolyl	4-F-Ph
838 5-indolyl 4-OCH3-P 839 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-F 841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-F 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 843 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl- 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O- 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-Cl-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Pl 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Pl 852 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Pl 853 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 855 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 857 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph	836	5-indolyl	4-Cl-Ph
839 5-indolyl 4-OH-Ph 840 5-indolyl 3,4-dif-B 841 5-indolyl 3,5-dif-B 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl-B 843 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl-B 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O-B 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2C	837	5-indolyl	4-NH2-Ph
840 5-indolyl 3,4-diF-R 841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-R 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl-R 843 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl-R 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O-R 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2C	838	5-indolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
841 5-indolyl 3,5-diF-F 842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 843 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl- 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O- 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2O- 846 5-indolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-Cl-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	839	5-indolyl	4-OH-Ph
842 5-indolyl 3,4-diCl- 843 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl- 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O- 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2G 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	840	5-indolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
843 5-indolyl 3,5-diCl- 844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O- 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2C	841	5-indolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
844 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2O- 845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2G 846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	842	5-indolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
845 5-indolyl 3,4-OCH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2CH2C	843	5-indolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
846 5-indazolyl 3-CN-Ph 847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-C1-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	844	5-indolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
847 5-indazolyl 3-COCH3-F 848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-Cl-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	845	5-indolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
848 5-indazolyl 3-F-Ph 849 5-indazolyl 3-Cl-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph		5-indazolyl	3-CN-Ph
849 5-indazolyl 3-Cl-Ph 850 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	847	5-indazolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
850 5-indazolyl 3-NH2-Ph 851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Ph 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	848	5-indazolyl	3-F-Ph
851 5-indazolyl 3-OCH3-Pl 852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	849	5-indazolyl	3-Cl-Ph
852 5-indazolyl 3-OH-Ph 853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	850	5-indazolyl	3-NH2-Ph
853 5-indazolyl 4-CN-Ph 854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	851	5-indazolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
854 5-indazolyl 4-COCH3-F 855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	852	5-indazolyl	3-OH-Ph
855 5-indazolyl 4-F-Ph 856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	853	5-indazolyl	4-CN-Ph
856 5-indazolyl 4-Cl-Ph	854	5-indazolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
	855	5-indazolyl	4-F-Ph
857 5-indazolyl 4-NH2-Dh	856	5-indazolyl	4-Cl-Ph
	857	5-indazolyl	4-NH2-Ph
858 5-indazolyl 4-OCH3-Pl	858	5-indazolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
859 5-indazolyl 4-OH-Ph	859	5-indazolyl	4-OH-Ph
860 5-indazolyl 3,4-dif-F	860	5-indazolyl	3,4-diF-Ph

861	5-indazolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
862	5-indazolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
863	5-indazolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
864	5-indazolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
865	5-indazolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
	5-Indazoryr 5-	3-CN-Ph
866		3 - CIN - PII
	benzimidazolyl	2 GOGIL2 Pla
867	5-	3-COCH3-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
868	5-	3-F-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
869	5-	3-Cl-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
870	5-	3-NH2-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
871	5-	3-OCH3-Ph
}	benzimidazolyl	
872	5-	3-OH-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
873	5-	4-CN-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
874	5-	4-COCH3-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
875	5-	4-F-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
876	5-	4-C1-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
877	5-	4-NH2-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
878	5-	4-OCH3-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
879	5-	4-OH-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
880	5-	3,4-diF-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
881	5-	3,5-diF-Ph
001	benzimidazolyl	3,3 411 111
	Delizillitdazoryi	

882	5-	3,4-diCl-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
883	5-	3,5-diCl-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
884	5-	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
885	5-	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
	benzimidazolyl	
886	5-	3-CN-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
887	5-	3-COCH3-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
888	5-	3-F-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
889	5-	3-Cl-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
890	5-	3-NH2-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
891	5-	3-OCH3-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
892	5-	3-OH-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
893	5-	4-CN-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
894	5-	4-COCH3-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
895	5-	4-F-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
896	5-	4-Cl-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
897	5-	4-NH2-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
898	5-	4-OCH3-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
899	5-	4-OH-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	

900	5-	3,4-diF-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
901	5-	3,5-diF-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
902	5-	3,4-diCl-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
903	5-	3,5-diCl-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
904	5-	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
905	5-	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph
	benzothiazolyl	
906	5-benzoxazolyl	3-CN-Ph
907	5-benzoxazolyl	3-COCH3-Ph
908	5-benzoxazolyl	3-F-Ph
909	5-benzoxazolyl	3-C1-Ph
910	5-benzoxazolyl	3-NH2-Ph
911	5-benzoxazolyl	3-OCH3-Ph
912	5-benzoxazolyl	3-OH-Ph
913	5-benzoxazolyl	4-CN-Ph
914	5-benzoxazolyl	4-COCH3-Ph
915	5-benzoxazolyl	4-F-Ph
916	5-benzoxazolyl	4-Cl-Ph
917	5-benzoxazolyl	4-NH2-Ph
918	5-benzoxazolyl	4-OCH3-Ph
919	5-benzoxazolyl	4-OH-Ph
920	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-diF-Ph
921	5-benzoxazolyl	3,5-diF-Ph
922	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-diCl-Ph
923	5-benzoxazolyl	3,5-diCl-Ph
924	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-OCH2O-Ph
925	5-benzoxazolyl	3,4-OCH2CH2O-Ph

<u>Utility</u>

The utility of the compounds in accordance with the present invention as modulators of chemokine receptor activity may be demonstrated by methodology known in the

art, such as the assays for CCR-2 and CCR-3 ligand binding, as disclosed by Ponath et al., J. Exp. Med., 183, 2437-2448 (1996) and Uguccioni et al., J. Clin. Invest., 100, 1137-1143 (1997). Cell lines for expressing the receptor of 5 interest include those naturally expressing the chemokine receptor, such as EOL-3 or THP-1, those induced to express the chemokine receptor by the addition of chemical or protein agents, such as HL-60 or AML14.3D10 cells treated with, for example, butyric acid with interleukin-5 present, 10 or a cell engineered to express a recombinant chemokine receptor, such as CHO or HEK-293. Finally, blood or tissue cells, for example human peripheral blood eosinophils, isolated using methods as described by Hansel et al., J. Immunol. Methods, 145, 105-110 (1991), can be utilized in 15 such assays. In particular, the compound of the present invention have activity in binding to the CCR-3 receptor in the aforementioned assays. As used herein, "activity" is intended to mean a compound demonstrating an IC50 of 10 μM or lower in concentration when measured in the 20 aforementioned assays. Such a result is indicative of the intrinsic activity of the compounds as modulators of chemokine receptor activity. A general binding protocol is described below.

25 <u>CCR3-Receptor Binding Protocol</u>

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Millipore filter plates (#MABVN1250) are treated with 5 μ g/ml protamine in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2, for ten minutes at room temperature. Plates are washed three times with phosphate buffered saline and incubated with phosphate buffered saline for thirty minutes at room temperature. For binding, 50 μ l of binding buffer (0.5% bovine serum albumen, 20 mM HEPES buffer and 5 mM magnesium chloride in RPMI 1640 media) with or without a test concentration of a compound present at a known concentration is combined with 50 μ l of 125-I labeled human eotaxin (to give a final concentration of 150 μ M

radioligand) and 50 μ l of cell suspension in binding buffer containing $5x10^5$ total cells. Cells used for such binding assays can include cell lines transfected with a gene expressing CCR3 such as that described by Daugherty et al. (1996), isolated human eosinophils such as described by 5 Hansel et al. (1991) or the AML14.3D10 cell line after differentiation with butyric acid as described by Tiffany et al. (1998). The mixture of compound, cells and radioligand are incubated at room temperature for thirty 10 minutes. Plates are placed onto a vacuum manifold, vacuum applied, and plates washed three times with binding buffer with 0.5M NaCl added. The plastic skirt is removed from the plate, the plate allowed to air dry, the wells punch out and CPM counted. The percent inhibition of binding is 15 calculated using the total count obtained in the absence of any competing compound or chemokine ligand and the background binding determined by addition of 100 nM eotaxin in place of the test compound.

20 The utility of the compounds in accordance with the present invention as inhibitors of the migration of eosinophils or cell lines expressing the chemokine receptors may be demonstrated by methodology known in the art, such as the chemotaxis assay disclosed by Bacon et 25 al., Brit. J. Pharmacol., 95, 966-974 (1988). particular, the compound of the present invention have activity in inhibition of the migration of eosinophils in the aforementioned assays. As used herein, "activity" is intended to mean a compound demonstrating an IC50 of 10 µM 30 or lower in concentration when measured in the aforementioned assays. Such a result is indicative of the intrinsic activity of the compounds as modulators of chemokine receptor activity. A human eosinophil chemotaxis assay protocol is described below.

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Human Eosinophil Chemotaxis Assay

Neuroprobe MBA96 96-well chemotaxis chambers with Neuroprobe polyvinylpyrrolidone-free polycarbonate PFD5 5micron filters in place are warmed in a 37°C incubator prior to assay. Freshly isolated human eosinophils, isolated according to a method such as that described by Hansel et 5 al. (1991), are suspended in RPMI 1640 with 0.1% bovine serum albumin at 1 x 10^6 cells/ml and warmed in a 37° C incubator prior to assay. A 20 nM solution of human eotaxin in RPMI 1640 with 0.1% bovine serum albumin is warmed in a 37°C incubator prior to assay. The eosinophil 10 suspension and the 20 nM eotaxin solution are each mixed 1:1 with prewarmed RPMI 1640 with 0.1% bovine serum albumin with or without a dilution of a test compound that is at two fold the desired final concentration. These mixtures are warmed in a 37°C incubator prior to assay. The filter 15 is separated from the prewarmed Neuroprobe chemotaxis chamber and the eotaxin/compound mixture is placed into a Polyfiltronics MPC 96 well plate that has been placed in the bottom part of the Neuro Probe chemotaxis chamber. The approximate volume is 370 microliters and there should be a 20 positive meniscus after dispensing. The filter is replaced above the 96 well plate, the rubber gasket is attached to the bottom of the upper chamber, and the chamber assembled. A 200 μl volume of the cell suspension/compound mixture is added to the appropriate wells of the upper chamber. 25 upper chamber is covered with a plate sealer, and the assembled unit placed in a 37°C incubator for 45 minutes. After incubation, the plate sealer is removed and all remaining cell suspension is aspirated off. The chamber is disassembled and, while holding the filter by the sides at 30 a 90-degree angle, unmigrated cells are washed away using a gentle stream of phosphate buffered saline dispensed from a squirt bottle and then the filter wiped with a rubber tipped squeegee. The filter is allowed to completely dry and immersed completely in Wright Giemsa stain for 30-45 35 seconds. The filter is rinsed with distilled water for 7

minutes, rinsed once with water briefly, and allowed to dry. Migrated cells are enumerated by microscopy.

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Mammalian chemokine receptors provide a target for interfering with or promoting immune cell function in a mammal, such as a human. Compounds that inhibit or promote chemokine receptor function are particularly useful for modulating immune cell function for therapeutic purposes. Accordingly, the present invention is directed to compounds which are useful in the prevention and/or treatment of a wide variety of inflammatory, infectious, and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, infection by pathogenic microbes (which, by definition, includes viruses), as well as autoimmune pathologies such as the rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis.

For example, an instant compound which inhibits one or more functions of a mammalian chemokine receptor (e.g., a human chemokine receptor) may be administered to inhibit (i.e., reduce or prevent) inflammation or infectious disease. As a result, one or more inflammatory process, such as leukocyte emigration, adhesion, chemotaxis, exocytosis (e.g., of enzymes, histamine) or inflammatory mediator release, is inhibited. For example, eosinophilic infiltration to inflammatory sites (e.g., in asthma or allergic rhinitis) can be inhibited according to the present method. In particular, the compound of the following examples has activity in blocking the migration of cells expressing the CCR-3 receptor using the appropriate chemokines in the aforementioned assays. used herein, "activity" is intended to mean a compound demonstrating an IC50 of 10 μM or lower in concentration when measured in the aforementioned assays. Such a result is also indicative of the intrinsic activity of the compounds as modulators of chemokine receptor activity.

Similarly, an instant compound which promotes one or more functions of the mammalian chemokine receptor (e.g., a human chemokine) as administered to stimulate (induce or enhance) an immune or inflammatory response, such as

leukocyte emigration, adhesion, chemotaxis, exocytosis (e.g., of enzymes, histamine) or inflammatory mediator release, resulting in the beneficial stimulation of inflammatory processes. For example, eosinophils can be recruited to combat parasitic infections. In addition, treatment of the aforementioned inflammatory, allergic and autoimmune diseases can also be contemplated for an instant compound which promotes one or more functions of the mammalian chemokine receptor if one contemplates the delivery of sufficient compound to cause the loss of receptor expression on cells through the induction of chemokine receptor internalization or the delivery of compound in a manner that results in the misdirection of the migration of cells.

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In addition to primates, such as humans, a variety of other mammals can be treated according to the method of the present invention. For instance, mammals, including but not limited to, cows, sheep, goats, horses, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, rats or other bovine, ovine, equine, canine, feline, rodent or murine species can be treated. However, the method can also be practiced in other species, such as avian species. The subject treated in the methods above is a mammal, male or female, in whom modulation of chemokine receptor activity is desired. "Modulation" as used herein is intended to encompass antagonism, agonism, partial antagonism and/or partial agonism.

Diseases or conditions of human or other species which can be treated with inhibitors of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not limited to: inflammatory or allergic diseases and conditions, including respiratory allergic diseases such as asthma, allergic rhinitis, hypersensitivity lung diseases, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, eosinophilic cellulitis (e.g., Well's syndrome), eosinophilic pneumonias (e.g., Loeffler's syndrome, chronic eosinophilic pneumonia), eosinophilic fasciitis (e.g., Shulman's syndrome), delayed-type hypersensitivity, interstitial lung diseases (ILD) (e.g., idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, or ILD associated with

rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, ankylosing spondylitis, systemic sclerosis, Sjogren's syndrome, polymyositis or dermatomyositis); systemic anaphylaxis or hypersensitivity responses, drug allergies (e.g., to penicillin, cephalosporins), eosinophilia-myalgia 5 syndrome due to the ingestion of contaminated tryptophan, insect sting allergies; autoimmune diseases, such as rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, myasthenia gravis, 10 juvenile onset diabetes; glomerulonephritis, autoimmune thyroiditis, Behcet's disease; graft rejection (e.g., in transplantation), including allograft rejection or graftversus-host disease; inflammatory bowel diseases, such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis; spondyloarthropathies; scleroderma; psoriasis (including T-15 cell mediated psoriasis) and inflammatory dermatoses such as an dermatitis, eczema, atopic dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, urticaria; vasculitis (e.g., necrotizing, cutaneous, and hypersensitivity vasculitis); 20 eosinophilic myositis, eosinophilic fasciitis; cancers with leukocyte infiltration of the skin or organs. Other diseases or conditions in which undesirable inflammatory responses are to be inhibited can be treated, including, but not limited to, reperfusion injury, atherosclerosis, 25 certain hematologic malignancies, cytokine-induced toxicity (e.g., septic shock, endotoxic shock), polymyositis, dermatomyositis. Infectious diseases or conditions of human or other species which can be treated with inhibitors of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not 30 limited to, HIV.

Diseases or conditions of humans or other species which can be treated with promoters of chemokine receptor function, include, but are not limited to: immunosuppression, such as that in individuals with immunodeficiency syndromes such as AIDS or other viral infections, individuals undergoing radiation therapy, chemotherapy, therapy for autoimmune disease or drug therapy (e.g., corticosteroid therapy), which causes

immunosuppression; immunosuppression due to congenital deficiency in receptor function or other causes; and infections diseases, such as parasitic diseases, including, but not limited to helminth infections, such as nematodes 5 (round worms); (Trichuriasis, Enterobiasis, Ascariasis, Hookworm, Strongyloidiasis, Trichinosis, filariasis); trematodes (flukes) (Schistosomiasis, Clonorchiasis), cestodes (tape worms) (Echinococcosis, Taeniasis saginata, Cysticercosis); visceral worms, visceral larva migraines 10 (e.g., Toxocara), eosinophilic gastroenteritis (e.g., Anisaki sp., Phocanema sp.), cutaneous larva migraines (Ancylostona braziliense, Ancylostoma caninum). compounds of the present invention are accordingly useful in the prevention and treatment of a wide variety of 15 inflammatory, infectious and immunoregulatory disorders and In addition, treatment of the aforementioned inflammatory, allergic and autoimmune diseases can also be contemplated for promoters of chemokine receptor function if one contemplates the delivery of sufficient compound to 20 cause the loss of receptor expression on cells through the induction of chemokine receptor internalization or delivery of compound in a manner that results in the misdirection of the migration of cells.

In another aspect, the instant invention may be
used to evaluate the putative specific agonists or
antagonists of a G protein coupled receptor. The present
invention is directed to the use of these compounds in the
preparation and execution of screening assays for compounds
that modulate the activity of chemokine receptors.

Furthermore, the compounds of this invention are useful in establishing or determining the binding site of other compounds to chemokine receptors, e.g., by competitive inhibition or as a reference in an assay to compare its known activity to a compound with an unknown activity.

When developing new assays or protocols, compounds according to the present invention could be used to test their effectiveness. Specifically, such compounds may be provided in a commercial kit, for example, for use in

pharmaceutical research involving the aforementioned diseases. The compounds of the instant invention are also useful for the evaluation of putative specific modulators of the chemokine receptors. In addition, one could utilize compounds of this invention to examine the specificity of G protein coupled receptors that are not thought to be chemokine receptors, either by serving as examples of compounds which do not bind or as structural variants of compounds active on these receptors which may help define specific sites of interaction.

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Combined therapy to prevent and treat inflammatory, infectious and immunoregulatory disorders and diseases, including asthma and allergic diseases, as well as autoimmune pathologies such as rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis, and those pathologies noted above is illustrated by the combination of the compounds of this invention and other compounds which are known for such utilities. For example, in the treatment or prevention of inflammation, the present compounds may be used in conjunction with an anti-inflammatory or analgesic agent such as an opiate agonist, a lipoxygenase inhibitor, a cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor, an interleukin inhibitor, such as an interleukin-1 inhibitor, a tumor necrosis factor inhibitor, an NMDA antagonist, an inhibitor or nitric oxide or an inhibitor of the synthesis of nitric oxide, a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agent, a phosphodiesterase inhibitor, or a cytokine-suppressing anti-inflammatory agent, for example with a compound such as acetaminophen, aspirin, codeine, fentaynl, ibuprofen, indomethacin, ketorolac, morphine, naproxen, phenacetin, piroxicam, a steroidal analgesic, sufentanyl, sunlindac, interferon alpha and the like. Similarly, the instant compounds may be administered with a pain reliever; a potentiator such as caffeine, an H2-antagonist, simethicone, aluminum or magnesium hydroxide; a decongestant such as phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pseudophedrine, oxymetazoline, ephinephrine, naphazoline, xylometazoline, propylhexedrine, or levodesoxy-ephedrine; and antitussive such as codeine,

hydrocodone, caramiphen, carbetapentane, or dextramethorphan; a diuretic; and a sedating or nonsedating antihistamine. Likewise, compounds of the present invention may be used in combination with other drugs that 5 are used in the treatment/prevention/suppression or amelioration of the diseases or conditions for which compound of the present invention are useful. Such other drugs may be administered, by a route and in an amount commonly used therefore, contemporaneously or sequentially 10 with a compound of the present invention. When a compound of the present invention is used contemporaneously with one or more other drugs, a pharmaceutical composition containing such other drugs in addition to the compound of the present invention is preferred. Accordingly, the 15 pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention include those that also contain one or more other active ingredients, in addition to a compound of the present invention. Examples of other active ingredients that may be combined with a compound of the present invention, 20 either administered separately or in the same pharmaceutical compositions, include, but are not limited to: (a) integrin antagonists such as those for selecting, ICAMs and VLA-4; (b) steroids such as beclomethasone, methylprednisolone, betamethasone, prednisone, 25 dexamethasone, and hydrocortisone; (c) immunosuppressants such as cyclosporin, tacrolimus, rapamycin and other FK-506 type immunosuppressants; (d) antihistamines (H1-histamine antagonists) such as bromopheniramine, chlorpheniramine, dexchlorpheniramine, triprolidine, clemastine, 30 diphenhydramine, diphenylpyraline, tripelennamine, hydroxyzine, methdilazine, promethazine, trimeprazine, azatadine, cyproheptadine, antazoline, pheniramine pyrilamine, astemizole, terfenadine, loratadine, cetirizine, fexofenadine, descarboethoxyloratadine, and the like; (e) non-steroidal anti-asthmatics such as b2-agonists 35 (terbutaline, metaproterenol, fenoterol, isoetharine, albuteral, bitolterol, and pirbuterol), theophylline, cromolyn sodium, atropine, ipratropium bromide, leukotriene

antagonists (zafirlukast, montelukast, pranlukast, iralukast, pobilukast, SKB-102,203), leukotriene biosynthesis inhibitors (zileuton, BAY-1005); (f) nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents (NSAIDs) such as propionic acid derivatives (alminoprofen, benxaprofen, 5 bucloxic acid, carprofen, fenbufen, fenoprofen, fluprofen, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indoprofen, ketoprofen, miroprofen, naproxen, oxaprozin, pirprofen, pranoprofen, suprofen, tiaprofenic acid, and tioxaprofen), acetic acid 10 derivatives (indomethacin, acemetacin, alclofenac, clidanac, diclofenac, fenclofenac, fenclozic acid, fentiazac, furofenac, ibufenac, isoxepac, oxpinac, sulindac, tiopinac, tolmetin, zidometacin, and zomepirac), fenamic acid derivatives (flufenamic acid, meclofenamic acid, mefenamic acid, niflumic acid and tolfenamic acid), 15 biphenylcarboxylic acid derivatives (diflunisal and flufenisal), oxicams (isoxicam, piroxicam, sudoxicam and tenoxican), salicylates (acetyl salicylic acid, sulfasalazine) and the pyrazolones (apazone, bezpiperylon, feprazone, mofebutazone, oxyphenbutazone, phenylbutazone); 20 (g) cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) inhibitors; (h) inhibitors of phosphodiesterase type IV (PDE-IV); (I) other antagonists of the chemokine receptors; (j) cholesterol lowering agents such as HMG-COA reductase inhibitors (lovastatin, 25 simvastatin and pravastatin, fluvastatin, atorvsatatin, and other statins), sequestrants (cholestyramine and colestipol), nicotonic acid, fenofibric acid derivatives (gemfibrozil, clofibrat, fenofibrate and benzafibrate), and probucol; (k) anti-diabetic agents such as insulin, sulfonylureas, biguanides (metformin), a-glucosidase 30 inhibitors (acarbose) and glitazones (troglitazone ad pioglitazone); (1) preparations of interferons (interferon alpha-2a, interferon-2B, interferon alpha-N3, interferon beta-1a, interferon beta-1b, interferon gamma-1b); (m) antiviral compounds such as efavirenz, nevirapine, 35 indinavir, ganciclovir, lamivudine, famciclovir, and zalcitabine; (o) other compound such as 5-aminosalicylic acid an prodrugs thereof, antimetabolites such as

azathioprine and 6-mercaptopurine, and cytotoxic cancer chemotherapeutic agents. The weight ratio of the compound of the present invention to the second active ingredient may be varied and will depend upon the effective doses of each ingredient. Generally, an effective dose of each will be used. Thus, for example, when a compound of the present invention is combined with an NSAID the weight ratio of the compound of the present invention to the NSAID will generally range from about 1000:1 to about 1:1000, preferably about 200:1 to about 1:200. Combinations of a compound of the present invention and other active ingredients will generally also be within the aforementioned range, but in each case, an effective dose of each active ingredient should be used.

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The compounds are administered to a mammal in a therapeutically effective amount. By "therapeutically effective amount" it is meant an amount of a compound of Formula I that, when administered alone or in combination with an additional therapeutic agent to a mammal, is effective to prevent or ameliorate the thromboembolic disease condition or the progression of the disease.

Dosage and Formulation

administered in such oral dosage forms as tablets, capsules (each of which includes sustained release or timed release formulations), pills, powders, granules, elixirs, tinctures, suspensions, syrups, and emulsions. They may also be administered in intravenous (bolus or infusion), intraperitoneal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular form, all using dosage forms well known to those of ordinary skill in the pharmaceutical arts. They can be administered alone, but generally will be administered with a pharmaceutical carrier selected on the basis of the chosen route of administration and standard pharmaceutical practice.

The dosage regimen for the compounds of the present invention will, of course, vary depending upon known factors, such as the pharmacodynamic characteristics of the

particular agent and its mode and route of administration; the species, age, sex, health, medical condition, and weight of the recipient; the nature and extent of the symptoms; the kind of concurrent treatment; the frequency of treatment; the route of administration, the renal and hepatic function of the patient, and the effect desired. A physician or veterinarian can determine and prescribe the effective amount of the drug required to prevent, counter, or arrest the progress of the thromboembolic disorder.

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By way of general guidance, the daily oral dosage of each active ingredient, when used for the indicated effects, will range between about 0.001 to 1000 mg/kg of body weight, preferably between about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg of body weight per day, and most preferably between about 1.0 to 20 mg/kg/day. Intravenously, the most preferred doses will range from about 1 to about 10 mg/kg/minute during a constant rate infusion. Compounds of this invention may be administered in a single daily dose, or the total daily dosage may be administered in divided doses of two, three, or four times daily.

Compounds of this invention can be administered in intranasal form via topical use of suitable intranasal vehicles, or via transdermal routes, using transdermal skin patches. When administered in the form of a transdermal delivery system, the dosage administration will, of course, be continuous rather than intermittent throughout the dosage regimen.

The compounds are typically administered in admixture with suitable pharmaceutical diluents, excipients, or carriers (collectively referred to herein as pharmaceutical carriers) suitably selected with respect to the intended form of administration, that is, oral tablets, capsules, elixirs, syrups and the like, and consistent with conventional pharmaceutical practices.

For instance, for oral administration in the form of a tablet or capsule, the active drug component can be combined with an oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable, inert carrier such as lactose, starch, sucrose,

glucose, methyl callulose, magnesium stearate, dicalcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, mannitol, sorbitol and the like; for oral administration in liquid form, the oral drug components can be combined with any oral, non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable inert carrier such as ethanol, 5 glycerol, water, and the like. Moreover, when desired or necessary, suitable binders, lubricants, disintegrating agents, and coloring agents can also be incorporated into Suitable binders include starch, gelatin, the mixture. natural sugars such as glucose or beta-lactose, corn 10 sweeteners, natural and synthetic gums such as acacia, tragacanth, or sodium alginate, carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, waxes, and the like. Lubricants used in these dosage forms include sodium oleate, sodium stearate, magnesium stearate, sodium benzoate, sodium 15 acetate, sodium chloride, and the like. Disintegrators include, without limitation, starch, methyl cellulose, agar, bentonite, xanthan gum, and the like.

The compounds of the present invention can also be administered in the form of liposome delivery systems, such as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles, and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine, or phosphatidylcholines.

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Compounds of the present invention may also be coupled 25 with soluble polymers as targetable drug carriers. polymers can include polyvinylpyrrolidone, pyran copolymer, polyhydroxypropylmethacrylamide-phenol, polyhydroxyethylaspartamidephenol, or polyethyleneoxidepolylysine substituted with palmitoyl residues. 30 Furthermore, the compounds of the present invention may be coupled to a class of biodegradable polymers useful in achieving controlled release of a drug, for example, polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, copolymers of polylactic and polyglycolic acid, polyepsilon caprolactone, 35 polyhydroxy butyric acid, polyorthoesters, polyacetals, polydihydropyrans, polycyanoacylates, and crosslinked or amphipathic block copolymers of hydrogels.

Dosage forms (pharmaceutical compositions) suitable for administration may contain from about 1 milligram to about 100 milligrams of active ingredient per dosage unit. In these pharmaceutical compositions the active ingredient will ordinarily be present in an amount of about 0.5-95% by weight based on the total weight of the composition.

Gelatin capsules may contain the active ingredient and powdered carriers, such as lactose, starch, cellulose derivatives, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, and the like. Similar diluents can be used to make compressed tablets. Both tablets and capsules can be manufactured as sustained release products to provide for continuous release of medication over a period of hours. Compressed tablets can be sugar coated or film coated to mask any unpleasant taste and protect the tablet from the atmosphere, or enteric coated for selective disintegration in the gastrointestinal tract.

Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can contain coloring and flavoring to increase patient acceptance.

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In general, water, a suitable oil, saline, aqueous dextrose (glucose), and related sugar solutions and glycols such as propylene glycol or polyethylene glycols are suitable carriers for parenteral solutions. Solutions for parenteral administration preferably contain a water soluble salt of the active ingredient, suitable stabilizing agents, and if necessary, buffer substances. Antioxidizing agents such as sodium bisulfite, sodium sulfite, or ascorbic acid, either alone or combined, are suitable stabilizing agents. Also used are citric acid and its salts and sodium EDTA. In addition, parenteral solutions can contain preservatives, such as benzalkonium chloride, methyl- or propyl-paraben, and chlorobutanol.

Suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, a standard reference text in this field.

Representative useful pharmaceutical dosage-forms for administration of the compounds of this invention can be illustrated as follows:

Capsules

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A large number of unit capsules can be prepared by filling standard two-piece hard gelatin capsules each with 100 milligrams of powdered active ingredient, 150 milligrams of lactose, 50 milligrams of cellulose, and 6 milligrams magnesium stearate.

Soft Gelatin Capsules

A mixture of active ingredient in a digestable oil such as soybean oil, cottonseed oil or olive oil may be prepared and injected by means of a positive displacement pump into gelatin to form soft gelatin capsules containing 100 milligrams of the active ingredient. The capsules should be washed and dried.

<u>Tablets</u>

Tablets may be prepared by conventional procedures so that the dosage unit is 100 milligrams of active ingredient, 0.2 milligrams of colloidal silicon dioxide, 5 milligrams of magnesium stearate, 275 milligrams of microcrystalline cellulose, 11 milligrams of starch and 98.8 milligrams of lactose. Appropriate coatings may be applied to increase palatability or delay absorption.

<u>Injectable</u>

A parenteral composition suitable for administration by injection may be prepared by stirring 1.5% by weight of active ingredient in 10% by volume propylene glycol and water. The solution should be made isotonic with sodium chloride and sterilized.

Suspension

An aqueous suspension can be prepared for oral administration so that each 5 mL contain 100 mg of finely divided active ingredient, 200 mg of sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, 5 mg of sodium benzoate, 1.0 g of sorbitol solution, U.S.P., and 0.025 mL of vanillin.

Where the compounds of this invention are combined with other anticoagulant agents, for example, a daily

dosage may be about 0.1 to 100 milligrams of the compound of Formula I and about 1 to 7.5 milligrams of the second anticoagulant, per kilogram of patient body weight. For a tablet dosage form, the compounds of this invention generally may be present in an amount of about 5 to 10 milligrams per dosage unit, and the second anti-coagulant in an amount of about 1 to 5 milligrams per dosage unit.

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Where two or more of the foregoing second therapeutic agents are administered with the compound of Formula I, generally the amount of each component in a typical daily dosage and typical dosage form may be reduced relative to the usual dosage of the agent when administered alone, in view of the additive or synergistic effect of the therapeutic agents when administered in combination.

Particularly when provided as a single dosage unit, the potential exists for a chemical interaction between the combined active ingredients. For this reason, when the compound of Formula I and a second therapeutic agent are combined in a single dosage unit they are formulated such that although the active ingredients are combined in a single dosage unit, the physical contact between the active ingredients is minimized (that is, reduced). For example, one active ingredient may be enteric coated. By enteric coating one of the active ingredients, it is possible not only to minimize the contact between the combined active ingredients, but also, it is possible to control the release of one of these components in the gastrointestinal tract such that one of these components is not released in the stomach but rather is released in the intestines. of the active ingredients may also be coated with a material which effects a sustained-release throughout the gastrointestinal tract and also serves to minimize physical contact between the combined active ingredients. Furthermore, the sustained-released component can be additionally enteric coated such that the release of this component occurs only in the intestine. Still another approach would involve the formulation of a combination product in which the one component is coated with a

sustained and/or enteric release polymer, and the other component is also coated with a polymer such as a low-viscosity grade of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) or other appropriate materials as known in the art, in order to further separate the active components. The polymer coating serves to form an additional barrier to interaction with the other component.

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These as well as other ways of minimizing contact between the components of combination products of the present invention, whether administered in a single dosage form or administered in separate forms but at the same time by the same manner, will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, once armed with the present disclosure.

As will be appreciated by one of skill in the art, numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein.

What is Claimed is:

1. A compound of formula (I):

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or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

10 M is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} ;

Q is selected from CH₂, CHR⁵, CHR¹³, CR¹³R¹³, and CR⁵R¹³;

J and L are independently selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^6 , CR^6R^6 and CR^5R^6 ;

K is selected from CHR^5 and CR^5R^6 ;

Z is selected from O and S;

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E is $-(CHR^7)-(CHR^9)_v-(CR^{11}R^{12})-;$

- R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;
- R^a, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^c$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c$,

 $(CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

- R^{b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{C} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 10 alternatively, R^2 and R^3 join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- R³ is selected from a (CR³'R³")_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R¹⁵ and a (CR³'R³")_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵;
 - R^{3} ' and R^{3} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^4 is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_qC(0)R^{4b}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)NR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)OR^{4b}$, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;

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- R^{4a} and R^{4a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;

R^{4c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$;

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- alternatively, R^4 joins with R^7 , R^9 , or R^{11} to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- 10 R^5 is selected from a $(CR^5'R^{5''})_t-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16} and a $(CR^5'R^{5''})_t-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;
- 15 R^{5} ' and R^{5} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(O)R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}S(O)_2R^{6b}$, and $(CH_2)_tDHenyl$ substituted with 0-25 3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6a} and R^{6a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

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 R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

 R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;

- 5 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- with the proviso that when any of J, or L is CR⁶R⁶ and R⁶ is cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom, the other R⁶ is not cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom;
- R^7 at each occurrence, is selected from H or alternatively R^7 joins with R^4 to form a 5, 6, or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with $0-3R^a$;
- R⁹ at each occurrence, is selected from H or alternatively
 20 R⁹ joins with R⁴ to form a 5, 6, or 7 membered
 piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle
 substituted with 0-3R^a;
- R¹¹ and R¹² join to form a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl or a heterocycle selected from pyrrolidine, tetrahydrofuran, piperidine and tetrahydropyran;
- R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_w CF_3$, $(CH_2)_q NR^{13a}R^{13a}, (CH_2)_q OH, (CH_2)_q OR^{13b}, (CH_2)_q SH, \\ (CH_2)_q SR^{13b}, (CH_2)_w C(0) OH, (CH_2)_w C(0) R^{13b}, \\ (CH_2)_w C(0) NR^{13a}R^{13a}, (CH_2)_q NR^{13d}C(0) R^{13a}, \\ (CH_2)_w C(0) OR^{13b}, (CH_2)_q OC(0) R^{13b}, (CH_2)_w S(0)_p R^{13b}, \\ (CH_2)_w S(0)_2 NR^{13a}R^{13a}, (CH_2)_q NR^{13d}S(0)_2 R^{13b}, and (CH_2)_w \\ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c};$

 R^{13a} and $R^{13a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;

- R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
- R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;
- R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, 20 $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, 25 $(CHR')_{r}OC(O)(CHR')_{r}R^{15b}$, $(CHR')_{r}C(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNHC (=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rS(0)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(0)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C2-8 alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C2-8 alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR')rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered 30 heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{15e} ;

- 5 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
 - alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
 - R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

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 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

 R^{15g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{15f}$, $C(0)OR^{15h}$, and SO_2R^{15h} ;

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- R^{15h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- 10 R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$,
- 15 (CHR')_rC(O) (CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O) NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O) (CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O) O (CHR')_rR^{16d}, (CHR')_rOC(O) (CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(=NR^{16f}) NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{16f}) NR^{16f}R^{16f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rS(O)₂NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)₂(CHR')_rR^{16b}, C₁₋₆
- haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};
- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
 - R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered

heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e};

R^{16d}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

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 R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}R^{16f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

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 R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

v is selected from 1 and 2;

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t is selected from 1 and 2;

w is selected from 0 and 1;

25 r is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;

q is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; and

p is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

- 2. The compound of claim 1, wherein:
- R^4 is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;

 R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$;

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- alternatively, R^4 joins with R^7 , R^9 , or R^{11} to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- \mathbb{R}^1 and \mathbb{R}^2 are independently selected from H and \mathbb{C}_{1-4} alkyl;
- R⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, CN, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(O)R^{6a}$, and $(CH_2)_tphenyl$ substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6a} and $R^{6a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} 20 alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} :
 - R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;
- 30 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{13} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)NR^{13a}R^{13a'}$, $(CH_2)OH$, $(CH_2)OR^{13b}$,

 $(\text{CH}_2)_w \text{C(O)} \, \text{R}^{13\text{b}}, \ \, (\text{CH}_2)_w \text{C(O)} \, \text{NR}^{13\text{a}} \text{R}^{13\text{a}'}, \ \, (\text{CH}_2) \, \text{NR}^{13\text{d}} \text{C(O)} \, \text{R}^{13\text{a}}, \\ (\text{CH}_2)_w \text{S(O)}_2 \text{NR}^{13\text{a}} \text{R}^{13\text{a}'}, \ \, (\text{CH}_2) \, \text{NR}^{13\text{d}} \text{S(O)}_2 \text{R}^{13\text{b}}, \ \, \text{and} \\ (\text{CH}_2)_w \text{-phenyl substituted with 0-3 R}^{13\text{c}};$

- 5 R^{13a} and $R^{13a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
- R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} 10 cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;
- R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - v is selected from 1 and 2;

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q is selected from 1, 2, and 3; and

r is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

- 3. The compound of claims 1-2, wherein:
- R³ is selected from a (CR³'H)_r-carbocyclic residue
 substituted with 0-5 R¹⁵, wherein the carbocyclic
 residue is selected from phenyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl,

 naphthyl, and adamantyl; and a (CR³'H)_r-heterocyclic
 system substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵, wherein the
 heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl,
 thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl,
 benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl,
 benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl,

isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

R⁵ is selected from (CR⁵'H)_t-phenyl substituted with 0-5

R¹⁶; and a (CR⁵'H)_t-heterocyclic system substituted

with 0-3 R¹⁶, wherein the heterocyclic system is

selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl,

indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,

benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,

benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,

indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl,

isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,

1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,

oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl.

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4. The compound of claims 1-3, wherein the compound 20 of formula (I) is:

R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_r OR^{16d}, \\ (CH_2)_r C(O)R^{16b}, (CH_2)_r C(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{16f}C(O)R^{16b}, \\ (CH_2)_r S(O)_p R^{16b}, (CH_2)_r S(O)_2 NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{16f}S(O)_2 R^{16b}, and (CH_2)_r phenyl substituted with <math display="block"> 0-3 R^{16e};$

 R^{16a} and $R^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- 10 R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
- R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.
 - 5. The compound of claims 1-4, wherein:

 R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;

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r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

- 6. The compound of claims 1-5, wherein:
- 25 J is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

K is CHR⁵;

L is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

30

35

 ${
m R}^3$ is a ${
m C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 ${
m R}^{15}$, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a $({
m CR}^3{}'{
m H})_{
m r}$ -heterocyclic system substituted with 0-3 ${
m R}^{15}$, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,

furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, } CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_r OR^{15d}, \\ (CH_2)_r C(O)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_r OC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_r S(O)_p R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r S(O)_2 NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}S(O)_2 R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r phenyl substituted with 0-3 \\ R^{15e}, and a <math>(CH_2)_r 5 6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- 20 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a'}, along with the N to which
 they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms
 selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with
 a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- 30 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} :
- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;

 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1} ,

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F, Br, I, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, (CF_2)_rCF_3, OH, and (CH_2)_rOC_{1-5} alkyl;
           and
 5
     R^{15f}, at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5}
           alkyl.
               The compound of claims 1-3, wherein:
10
     M is CH_2;
     Q is CH2;
15
     J is CH2;
     K is CHR<sup>5</sup>;
     L is CH2;
20
     Z is 0;
     R^1 is H;
25
     R^2 is H;
     \mathbb{R}^3 is a \mathbb{C}_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 \mathbb{R}^{15},
           wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from
           cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl
30
           and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)<sub>r</sub>-heterocyclic system
           substituted with 0-3 R<sup>15</sup>, wherein the heterocyclic
           system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
           furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
          benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
35
          benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,
           indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl,
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isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

5 R⁵ is selected from a CH₂-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue
substituted with 1-5 R¹⁶ and a heterocyclic system
substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic
system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,
indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl,
isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,
1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

 R^{11} and R^{12} join to form cyclopropyl.

- 8. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-7.
- 9. A method for modulation of chemokine receptor activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-7.
- 10. A method for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-7.
- 11. A method for treating or preventing asthma, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claims 1-7.

12. A compound of formula (I):

5 or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

M is absent or selected from $\rm CH_2$, $\rm CHR^5$, $\rm CHR^{13}$, $\rm CR^{13}R^{13}$, and $\rm CR^5R^{13}$;

10

Q is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} ;

J and K are independently selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^6 , CR^6R^6 and CR^5R^6 ;

15

30

L is selected from CHR^5 and CR^5R^6 ;

with the proviso:

when M is absent, J is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , and CR^5R^{13} ;

Z is selected from O and S;

25 E is $-(CR^7R^8) - (CR^9R^{10})_V - (CR^{11}R^{12}) -;$

 R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a ;

 R^a , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$,

 $(CH_2)_rSH, \quad (CH_2)_rSR^c, \quad (CH_2)_rC(O)R^b, \quad (CH_2)_rC(O)NR^bR^b, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b, \quad (CH_2)_rC(O)OR^b, \quad (CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c, \\ (CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b, \quad (CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^b)NR^bR^b, \quad (CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c, \\ (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b, \quad (CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c, \quad \text{and} \quad (CH_2)_r\text{pheny1};$

5

- $R^{\rm b}$, at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R^{c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} 10 cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - alternatively, R^2 and R^3 join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- 15 R^3 is selected from a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R^{15} ' and 0-4 R^{15} and a $(CR^3'R^3'')_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R^{15} ;

20

- R^{3} ' and R^{3} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R⁴ is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_qC(0)R^{4b}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)NR^{4a}R^{4a}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)OR^{4b}$, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;

30

 R^{4a} and $R^{4a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

 R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;

- 5 R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{4a}R^{4a}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- 10 alternatively, R^4 joins with R^7 , R^9 , or R^{11} to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- R⁵ is selected from a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue

 15 substituted with 0-5 R¹⁶ and a (CR⁵'R⁵")_t-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R¹⁶;
- R^{5} and R^{5} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(O)R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{6a}R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}S(O)_2R^{6b}$, and $(CH_2)_tDH$ substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6a} and R^{6a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

 R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

- R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;
 - R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- with the proviso that when any of J, or K is CR⁶R⁶ and R⁶ is cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom, the other R⁶ is not cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom;
- R⁷, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{7c} ;
- R^{7a} and $R^{7a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

 R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

 $R^{7c}, \text{ at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}C(0)R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{7f})NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{7f}R^{7f}$, $(CH_2)_rNH^{7f}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, and $(CH_2)_rDhenyl$ substituted with $0-3$ R^{7e}; }$

5

- R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} ;
 - R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$;
 - R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
- 30 R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8a} ;
 - R^{8a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I,

CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7}fR^{7}f$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};

- $\rm R^{8b}$ is selected from H, $\rm C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $\rm C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, OH, CN, and $(\rm CH_2)_r\mbox{-phenyl};$
- R⁹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO₂, CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)R^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(0)NHR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}S(0)_2R^{9b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} ;
- R^{9a} and $R^{9a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;
- alternatively, R^{9a} and R^{9a}, along with the N to which they

 are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic
 system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{9g},

 O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a
 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

 R^{9b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

- $R^{9c}, \ \, \text{at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{9f}R^{9f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}C(0)R^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{9f}R^{9f}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{9f})NR^{9f}R^{9f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{9f}R^{9f}$, $(CH_2)_rNH^{9f}S(0)_2R^{9b}$, and $(CH_2)_rPhenyl$ substituted with $0-3$ R^{9e};$
- R^{9d}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₆ alkenyl, C₃₋₆ alkynyl, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue

 20 substituted with 0-3 R^{9c}, and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{9c};
- R^{9e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- R^{9f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{9g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{9f}$, $C(0)OR^{9h}$, and SO_2R^{9h} ;

 R^{9h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

- R¹⁰, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{10d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{10d}, \quad (CH_2)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a'}, \quad (CH_2)_rC(0)OH, \\ (CH_2)_rC(0)R^{10b}, \quad (CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{10a}R^{10a'}, \quad (CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)R^{10a}, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)H, \quad (CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{10a}, \quad (CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{10b}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{10b}, \quad (CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{10a}R^{10a'},$
- 10 $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}S(O)_2R^{10b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10c} ;

- R^{10a} and $R^{10a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;
- alternatively, R^{10a} and R^{10a'}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{10g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{10b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;

R^{10c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{1} , C_{1}

- R^{10d}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₆ alkenyl, C₃₋₆ alkynyl, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10c}, and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{10c};
- R^{10e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- R^{10f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{10g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_{r}$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{10f}$, $C(0)OR^{10h}$, and SO_2R^{10h} ;
- 30 R^{10h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - alternatively, R^9 and R^{10} join to form =0, or a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected

from a C_{3-10} carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from O, S, and NR^{10g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

alternatively, when v is 2, R^9 on adjacent carbon atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or R^9 and R^{10} on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond thereby forming a triple bond;

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- R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_2NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}S(0)_2R^{11b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;
- 25 R^{11a} and $R^{11a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
 - alternatively, R^{11a} and R^{11a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms

selected from NR^{11g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

- R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
- 10 R^{11c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}C(O)R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{11f})NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{11f})NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{11f}R^{11f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}S(O)_2R^{11b}$, and $(CH_2)_rDhenyl$ substituted with O-3 R^{11e} ;
- R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;

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- R^{11e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, F_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{2} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{1} , C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} ,
 - R^{11f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

- R^{11g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(O)R^{11f}$, $C(O)OR^{11h}$, and SO_2R^{11h} ;
- R^{11h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{12} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12a} ;
- 10 R^{12a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, F_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{2} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{4} , $C_{$
- or alternatively, R¹¹ and R¹² join to form a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected from C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from O, S, and NR^{11g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
 - wherein at least one of R⁹ and R¹⁰, or R¹¹ and R¹² join to form the cyclic structure, or R⁹ on adjacent carbon atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or R⁹ and R¹⁰ on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond thereby forming a triple bond when v is equal to 2;

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R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_wCF_3$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13a}R^{13a}', (CH_2)_qOH, (CH_2)_qOR^{13b}, (CH_2)_qSH, \\ (CH_2)_qSR^{13b}, (CH_2)_wC(O)OH, (CH_2)_wC(O)R^{13b}, \\ (CH_2)_wC(O)NR^{13a}R^{13a}', (CH_2)_qNR^{13d}C(O)R^{13a}, \\ (CH_2)_wC(O)OR^{13b}, (CH_2)_qOC(O)R^{13b}, (CH_2)_wS(O)_pR^{13b},$

 $(CH_2)_wS(O)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}S(O)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_w$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;

- R^{13a} and $R^{13a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
- R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;
- R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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 R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, 20 $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$, $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(\mathrm{CHR'})_{r}\mathrm{OC}\left(\mathrm{O}\right)\mathrm{NR}^{15\mathrm{a}_{R}15\mathrm{a'}},\ \ (\mathrm{CHR'})_{r}\mathrm{NR}^{15\mathrm{f}_{C}}\left(\mathrm{O}\right)\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CHR'}\right)_{r}\mathrm{R}^{15\mathrm{b}},$ 25 $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNHC (=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C_{2-8} 30 alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR') rphenyl

substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered

heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

- R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} 5 alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_{3-6}$ $_{5}C(O)H$, $(CHR')_{r}S(CHR')_{r}R^{15d}$, $(CHR')_{\alpha}C(O)OH$, $(CHR')_{\alpha}C(O)(CHR')_{\alpha}R^{15b}$, $(CHR')_{r}C(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, 10 $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNHC (=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{2-8} alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C2-8 alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR') rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic 15 system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with $0-2 R^{15e}$;
- R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{15e} ;
- R^{15a} and R^{15a}, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₈ alkenyl, C₃₋₈ alkynyl, a (CH₂)_r-C₃₋₁₀

 25 carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e}, and a (CH₂)_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};
- 30 alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

 R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

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- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- 15 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- 20 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{15g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{15f}$, $C(0)OR^{15i}$, and SO_2R^{15i} ;

25 $R^{15h}, \text{ at each occurrence, is selected from } (CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ $\text{cycloalkyl, } (CHR')_qNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_qSH, (CHR')_rC(O)H,$ $(CHR')_qS(CHR')_rR^{15d}, (CHR')_rC(O)OH,$ $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$ $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b},$ $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d},$ $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}, (CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$ $(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b},$

 $(CHR')_rS(0)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(0)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{1-6}

haloalkyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', $(CHR')_q$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e}, and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e}, with the proviso that the heterocyclic system does not include pyridinyl, piperazinyl, and morpholino;

 R^{15i} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$,

15 (CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}, (CHR')_rSH, (CHR')_rC(O)H, (CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{16d}, (CHR')_rC(O)OH, (CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{16d}, (CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16d},

(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16f}R^{16f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rS(O)₂NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)₂(CHR')_rR^{16b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};

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- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered

heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;

 R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

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R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}R^{16f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

15

 R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

v is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

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t is selected from 1 and 2;

w is selected from 0 and 1;

25 r is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;

q is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; and

p is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

- 13. The compound of claim 12, wherein:
- R^4 is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;

 R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, F_{1} , CN, NO_{2} , $(CF_{2})_{r}CF_{3}$, $(CH_{2})_{r}OC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}OH$, $(CH_{2})_{r}SC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}NR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, and $(CH_{2})_{r}-phenyl$;

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- alternatively, R^4 joins with R^7 , R^9 , or R^{11} to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from H and C_{1-4} alkyl;
- R^6 , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, CN, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(O)R^{6a}$, and $(CH_2)_t$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
- R^{6a} and $R^{6a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} 20 alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;
- 30 R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{13} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)OH$, $(CH_2)OR^{13b}$,

 $(CH_2)_w C(O) R^{13b}, \quad (CH_2)_w C(O) N R^{13a} R^{13a'}, \quad (CH_2) N R^{13d} C(O) R^{13a}, \\ (CH_2)_w S(O)_2 N R^{13a} R^{13a'}, \quad (CH_2) N R^{13d} S(O)_2 R^{13b}, \quad \text{and} \\ (CH_2)_w - \text{phenyl substituted with 0-3 R}^{13c};$

- 5 R^{13a} and $R^{13a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
- R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} 10 cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , E_{1} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{1} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{2} , E_{3} , E_{3
- R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - v is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

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q is selected from 1, 2, and 3; and

r is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

- 25 14. The compound of claims 12-13, wherein:
- R³ is selected from a (CR³'H)_r-carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R¹⁵' and 0-4 R¹⁵, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from phenyl, C₃₋₆

 30 cycloalkyl, naphthyl, and adamantyl; and a (CR³'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoturanyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,

quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

R⁵ is selected from (CR⁵'H)_t-phenyl substituted with 0-5

R¹⁶; and a (CR⁵'H)_t-heterocyclic system substituted

with 0-3 R¹⁶, wherein the heterocyclic system is

selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl,

indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,

benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,

benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,

indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl,

isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,

1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,

oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl.

15. The compound of claims 12-14, wherein the 20 compound of formula (I) is:

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R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, } CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_r OR^{16d}, \\ (CH_2)_r C(O)R^{16b}, (CH_2)_r C(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{16f}C(O)R^{16b}, \\ (CH_2)_r S(O)_p R^{16b}, (CH_2)_r S(O)_2 NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{16f}S(O)_2 R^{16b}, and (CH_2)_r phenyl substituted with \\ 0-3 R^{16e};$

 R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R16e;

5

 R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;

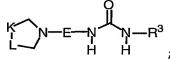
 R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1} , 10 F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and

 R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.

15

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The compound of claims 12-14, wherein the compound formula (I) is:



 R^{16} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, 20

> $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, CF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16a}R^{16a}$, NO_2 , CN, OH, $(CH_2)_rOR^{16d}$,

 $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}C(0)R^{16b}$,

 $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a}$,

(CH₂)_rNR^{16f}S(O)₂R^{16b}, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with 25 $0-3 R^{16e}$;

 ${\rm R}^{16a}$ and ${\rm R}^{16a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, ${\rm C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, and (CH₂)rphenyl substituted with $0-3 R^{16e}$;

 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;

- 5 R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
 - $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{16f}}\xspace$, at each occurrence, is selected from H, and $\ensuremath{\text{C}_{1\text{--}5}}\xspace$ alkyl.
- 15 17. The compound of claims 12-15, wherein:
 - R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;
- E is selected from $-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, and $-CH_2-CH-(CR^{11}R^{12})$;
 - R^{11} and R^{12} join to form a C_{3-10} cycloalkyl selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;
- 25 r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.
 - 18. The compound of claims 12-14 and 16, wherein:
- E is selected from $-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, $-CH_2-CH_2-(CR^{11}R^{12})$, and $-CH_2-CH-(CR^{11}R^{12})$;
 - R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;
- R^{11} and R^{12} join to form a C_{3-10} carbocycle selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl; and

r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

19. The compound of claims 12-15 and 17, wherein:

5

25

J is selected from CH2 and CHR5;

K is selected from CH2 and CHR5;

10 L is CHR^5 ;

R³ is a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R^{15'} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR^{3'}H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-

triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,

oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_r C_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl}, CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_r OR^{15d}, \\ (CH_2)_r C(0)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r C(0)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}C(0)R^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_r OC(0)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}C(0)OR^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_r S(0)_p R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r S(0)_2 NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CH_2)_r NR^{15f}S(0)_2 R^{15b}, (CH_2)_r phenyl substituted with 0-3 \\ R^{15e}, and a <math>(CH_2)_r - 5-6$ membered heterocyclic system

containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;

- R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} :
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which
 they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered

 heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms
 selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with
 a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
 - R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
 - $m R^{15e}$, at each occurrence, is selected from $m C_{1-6}$ alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, (CF₂) $_{r}$ CF₃, OH, and (CH₂) $_{r}$ OC₁₋₅ alkyl; and
- 25 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.
 - 20. The compound of claims 12-14, 16 and 18, wherein:
- 30 K is selected from CH_2 and CHR^5 ;
 - L is CHR⁵;

20

 R^3 is a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R^{15} ' and 0-2 R^{15} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl,

naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, morpholinyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, } CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F,$ $(CH_2)_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_rOR^{15d},$ $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b},$ $(CH_2)_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b},$ $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{15b}, (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'},$ $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rphenyl \text{ substituted with } 0-3$ $R^{15e}, \text{ and a } (CH_2)_r-5-6 \text{ membered heterocyclic system }$ containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15a} and R^{15a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

 $\rm R^{15b},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, $\rm C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $$\rm C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and (CH₂)_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 $\rm R^{15e};$

- 5 R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
 - R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl
 - 21. The compound of claims 12-14, wherein:
- M is absent or selected from CH2;
 - Q is CH2;
- 20 J is CH₂;
 - K is CH2;
 - L is CHR⁵;
- 25

- Z is 0;
- R^1 is H;
- 30 \mathbb{R}^2 is H;
- R³ is a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 R¹⁵' and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR³'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the

heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and

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- R⁵ is selected from a CH₂-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue
 substituted with 1-5 R¹⁶ and a heterocyclic system
 substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic
 system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl,
 furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl,
 benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl,
 benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,
 indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl,
 isoxazolyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl,
 1,2,3-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl,
 oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl.
 - 22. The compound of claims 12-14, wherein:
- 25 E is $-(CH_2) (CR^9R^{10})_{y} (CR^{11}R^{12}) -$;
 - R¹¹ and R¹² join together to form a C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from O, S, and NR^{11g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle.
 - 23. The compound of claim 12-14 and 22, wherein:
- 35 R¹¹ and R¹² join together to form a C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, the carbocycle being selected from cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cylcohexyl, benzocyclopentyl,

and benzocyclohexyl or a heterocycle, the heterocycle being selected from pyrrolidine, tetrahydrofuran, piperidine and tetrahydropyran.

5 24. The compound of claims 12-14 and 22-23, wherein the compound of formula (I) is:

- 10 R^{16} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, CF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16a}R^{16a}$, NO_2 , CN, OH, $(CH_2)_rOR^{16d}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}C(O)R^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{16b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{16a}R^{16a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}S(O)_2R^{16b}$, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
 - R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;

25

 R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and

 R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} alkyl.

25. The compound of claims 12-14 and 22-24, wherein:

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 R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;

r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

10 26. The compound of claims 12-14 and 22-25, wherein:

J is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

K is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

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L is CHR⁵;

- ${\rm R}^3$ is a ${\rm C}_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 ${\rm R}^{15}{}^{\prime}$ and 0-2 R^{15} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected 20 from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, 25 benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 30 1,2,3-triazoly1, tetrazoly1, thiadiazoly1, thiazoly1, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and
- R¹⁵, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6} \text{ cycloalkyl, } CF_3, Cl, Br, I, F,$ $(CH_2)_rNR^{15a}R^{15a'}, NO_2, CN, OH, (CH_2)_rOR^{15d},$ $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{15b}, (CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b},$

 $(CH_2)_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \quad (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b}, \\ (CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{15b}, \quad (CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}, \\ (CH_2)_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2R^{15b}, \quad (CH_2)_rphenyl \text{ substituted with } 0-3 \\ R^{15e}, \text{ and a } (CH_2)_r-5-6 \text{ membered heterocyclic system} \\ containing 1-4 \text{ heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, } \\ substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};$

- R^{15a} and R^{15a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;
 - R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
- 25 R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
- R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, and C_{1-5} 30 alkyl.
 - 27. The compound of claims 12-14 and 22-23, wherein the compound of formula (I) is:

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- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- 15 R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
 - R^{16e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and

- $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{16f}},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, and $\ensuremath{\text{C}_{1-5}}$ alkyl.
- 28. The compound of claims 12-14 and 22-23 and 27, wherein:
 - R^5 is CH_2 phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;

r is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

29. The compound of claims 12-14, 22-23 and 27-28, wherein:

5

K is selected from CH₂ and CHR⁵;

L is CHR⁵;

- 10 \mathbb{R}^3 is a \mathbb{C}_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 1 \mathbb{R}^{15} ' and 0-2 R^{15} , wherein the carbocyclic residue is selected from cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, naphthyl and adamantyl, and a (CR3'H)_r-heterocyclic system substituted with 1 R^{15h} and 0-2 R¹⁵, wherein the 15 heterocyclic system is selected from pyridinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, indazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiophenyl, benzofuranyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, 20 isoindolyl, isothiadiazolyl, isoxazolyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3triazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, and pyrimidinyl; and
- 25 R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, CF_3 , Cl, Br, I, F, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15a}R^{15a}$, NO_2 , CN, OH, $(CH_2)_rOR^{15d}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{15b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{15a}R^{15a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)R^{15b}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}C(O)OR^{15b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{15b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2R^{15b}$, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S,

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substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

 R^{15a} and $R^{15a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

- 5 alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} :
- 15 R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl and phenyl;
 - R^{15e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, OH, and $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl; and
 - ${\bf R^{15f}},$ at each occurrence, is selected from H, and ${\bf C_{1-5}}$ alkyl.
- 30. The compound of claim 12 and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein the compound of formula (I) is selected from:
- 30 N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]urea,
 - N-[1-[(3s)-3-(4-

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fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]N'-[3-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea,

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N-[1-[(3S)-3-[(4-
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-
          N'-[3-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea,
 5
    N-[1-[(3S)-3-[(4-
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-
          N'-[2-methoxy-5-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea,
10
    3 - [[[1 - [(3s) - 3 - [(4 -
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]ami
          no]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzamide,
    3-[[[[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-
15
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]ami
          no]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-benzamide,
    N-(4-acetyl-5-methyl-2-thiazolyl)-N'-[1-[(3S)-3-[(4-acetyl-5-methyl-2-thiazolyl)]]
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-
20
          urea,
    N-[1-[2-[(3S)-3-[(4-
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]ethyl]cyclopropyl]-N'-
          [3-(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-urea,
25
    N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-
          urea,
30
    N-[1-[(3s)-3-[(4-
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-
         N' - [3 - (1 - methyl - 1H - tetrazol - 5 - yl) phenyl] - urea,
    N-[1-[(3S)-3-(4-
35
          fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]-
         N'-[3-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea,
```

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 \begin{tabular}{ll} N-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]- \\ N'-[2-methoxy-5-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)phenyl]-urea, \end{tabular}
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- 5 3-[[[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzamide,
- 3-[[[1-[[(3S)-3-[(410 fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]ami
 no]carbonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-benzamide,
- N-(4-acetyl-5-methyl-2-thiazolyl)-N'-[1-[[(3S)-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperidinyl]methyl]cyclopropyl]urea, and

 - 31. The compound of claim 12 and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein the compound of formula (I) is selected from:
- 25 N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{(2Z)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butenyl}urea,

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- $N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-\{(2E)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butenyl}urea,$
- $N-(3-cyanophenyl)-N'-\{(2Z)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butenyl}urea,$
- N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N'-{(2Z)-4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-35 piperidinyl]-2-butenyl}urea, and
 - N-(3-acetylphenyl)-N'-{4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]-2-butynyl}urea.

32. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound claim 15-31.

- 33. A method for modulation of chemokine receptor activity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 15-31.
- 34. A method for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 15-31.
- 35. A method for treating or preventing asthma, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 15-20 31.
- 36. A method for treating or preventing disorders, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 15-25 31, said disorders being selected from asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, inflammatory bowel diseases, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, bullous pemphigoid, helminthic parasitic infections, allergic colitis, eczema, conjunctivitis, transplantation, familial eosinophilia, eosinophilic cellulitis, eosinophilic pneumonias, eosinophilic fasciitis, eosinophilic gastroenteritis, drug induced eosinophilia, HIV infection, cystic fibrosis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, lymphoma, Hodgkin's disease, and colonic carcinoma.

37. A method of modulating the chemokine receptor CCR-3, comprising administration of an effective amount of a compound of formula (I):

5

or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

10 M is absent or selected from $\mathrm{CH_2}$, $\mathrm{CHR^5}$, $\mathrm{CHR^{13}}$, $\mathrm{CR^{13}R^{13}}$, and $\mathrm{CR^5R^{13}}$;

Q is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , $CR^{13}R^{13}$, and CR^5R^{13} ;

15 J and K are independently selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^6 , CR^6R^6 and CR^5R^6 ;

L is selected from CHR⁵ and CR⁵R⁶;

20 with the proviso:

when M is absent, J is selected from CH_2 , CHR^5 , CHR^{13} , and $\mathrm{CR}^5\mathrm{R}^{13}$;

25 Z is selected from O and S;

E is $-(CR^7R^8)-(CR^9R^{10})_{77}-(CR^{11}R^{12})-$;

R¹ and R² are independently selected from H, C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^a;

Ra, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^c$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^c$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bC(O)R^b$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^b$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^c$, $(CH_2)_rCH(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^b)NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^c$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^bR^b$, $(CH_2)_rNR^bS(O)_2R^c$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

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- R^{b} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} 10 cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R^{c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 15 alternatively, R^2 and R^3 join to form a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- R³ is selected from a (CR³'R³")_r-C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R¹⁵ and a (CR³'R³")_r-5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R¹⁵;
 - R^{3} ' and R^{3} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
 - R⁴ is absent, taken with the nitrogen to which it is attached to form an N-oxide, or selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_qC(O)R^{4b}$, $(CH_2)_qC(O)NR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, $(CH_2)_qC(O)OR^{4b}$, and a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{4c} ;
 - R^{4a} and $R^{4a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

 R^{4b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and phenyl;

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 R^{4c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, Br, I, CN, NO_{2} , $(CF_{2})_{r}CF_{3}$, $(CH_{2})_{r}OC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}OH$, $(CH_{2})_{r}SC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_{2})_{r}NR^{4a}R^{4a'}$, and $(CH_{2})_{r}Phenyl$;

- alternatively, R^4 joins with R^7 , R^9 , or R^{11} to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered piperidinium spirocycle or pyrrolidinium spirocycle substituted with 0-3 R^a ;
- 15 R^5 is selected from a $(CR^5'R^5'')_t-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16} and a $(CR^5'R^5'')_t-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16} ;
- 20 R^{5} ' and R^{5} ", at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- R⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rSH$, $(CH_2)_rSR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}C(O)R^{6a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{6b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{6a}R^{6a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}S(O)_2R^{6b}$, and $(CH_2)_tDH$ substituted with 0-30 3 R^{6c} ;
 - R^{6a} and R^{6a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

 R^{6b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{6c} ;

- 5 R^{6c}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-6}$ 5 alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{6d}R^{6d}$;
- R^{6d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - with the proviso that when any of J, or K is CR⁶R⁶ and R⁶ is cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom, the other R⁶ is not cyano, or bonded to the carbon to which it is attached through a heteroatom;

- R⁷, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{7d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)R^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{7b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_2NR^{7a}R^{7a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{7a}S(0)_2R^{7b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{7c} ;
- 30 R^{7a} and $R^{7a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

 R^{7b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{7e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{7e} ;

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- R^{7d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{7c} ;
- R^{7e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{1} , F, F_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{1} , C_{1} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{4} , C_{5} ,
 - R^{7f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^8 is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{8a} ;

 R^{8a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{7f}R^{7f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

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- alternatively, R^7 and R^8 join to form C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, or =NR^{8b};
- R^{8b} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, OH, CN, and $(CH_2)_r-phenyl;$
- R⁹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2 , CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{9d}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(O)R^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(O)H$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}C(O)NHR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(O)OR^{9a}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(O)R^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_pR^{9b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(O)_2NR^{9a}R^{9a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9a}S(O)_2R^{9b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} ;
- R^{9a} and $R^{9a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

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alternatively, R^{9a} and R^{9a'}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{9g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

 R^{9b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{9e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{9e} ;

- R^{9d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} , and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{9c} ;
- 25 R^{9e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- 30 R^{9f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{9g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{9f}$, $C(0)OR^{9h}$, and SO_2R^{9h} ;

 R^{9h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

- 5 R¹⁰, is selected from H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl, C₂₋₈ alkynyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO₂, CN, $(CH_2)_qOR^{10d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{10d}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)R^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}C(0)H$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{10a}R^{10a'}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10a}S(0)_2R^{10b}$, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10c} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted
- R^{10a} and $R^{10a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;
- alternatively, R^{10a} and R^{10a}, along with the N to which
 they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered
 heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms
 selected from NR^{10g}, O, and S and optionally fused with
 a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
- 30 R^{10b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{10e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{10e} ;

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with $0-3 R^{10c}$;

 $R^{10c}, \ \, \text{at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, NO_2, CN, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}C(0)R^{10a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OC_{1-4}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOC(0)R^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(=NR^{10f})NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_pR^{10b}$, $(CH_2)_rNHC(=NR^{10f})NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rS(0)_2NR^{10f}R^{10f}$, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}S(0)_2R^{10b}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$ substituted with $0-3$ R^{10e}; }$

- R^{10d}, at each occurrence, is selected from C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₆ alkenyl, C₃₋₆ alkynyl, a C₃₋₁₀ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{10c}, and a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S substituted with 0-3 R^{10c};
- R^{10e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{10f}R^{10f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- R^{10f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{10g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, (CH₂)rphenyl, C(O)R^{10f}, C(O)OR^{10h}, and SO₂R^{10h};
- 30 R^{10h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - alternatively, R^9 and R^{10} join to form =0, or a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected

from a C_{3-10} carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from 0, S, and NR^{10g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

alternatively, when v is 2, R⁹ on adjacent carbon atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or R⁹ and R¹⁰ on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond thereby forming a triple bond;

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- R¹¹, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_qSH$, $(CH_2)_qOR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qSR^{11d}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OH$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)R^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)R^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qOC(0)NR^{11a}R^{11a'}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{11a}C(0)NHR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_rC(0)OR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qC(0)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11b}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR^{11a}$, $(CH_2)_qS(0)_pR$
- carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11c} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;
- 25 R^{11a} and $R^{11a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
 - alternatively, R^{11a} and R^{11a'}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms

selected from NR^{11g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

- R^{11b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-2 R^{11e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-6$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} ;
- 10 R^{11c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, C_{1} , R^{11d} , at each occurrence, is selected from methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{11e} , C_{3-6} alkenyl, C_{3-6} alkynyl, and a C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{11c} ;

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- R^{11e} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{11f}R^{11f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
 - R^{11f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

- R^{11g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{11f}$, $C(0)OR^{11h}$, and SO_2R^{11h} ;
- R^{11h} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;
 - R^{12} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, $(CH_2)_qOH$, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_t$ phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{12a} ;
- 10 R^{12a} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO₂, $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{9f}R^{9f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
- or alternatively, R¹¹ and R¹² join to form a cyclic structure wherein the cyclic structure is selected from C₃₋₁₀ carbocycle, a 5-6-membered lactone or lactam, or a 4-6-membered saturated heterocycle containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from 0, S, and NR^{11g} and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;
 - wherein at least one of R⁹ and R¹⁰, or R¹¹ and R¹² join to form the cyclic structure, or R⁹ on adjacent carbon atoms form a bond, thereby forming a double bond, or R⁹ and R¹⁰ on adjacent carbon atoms each form a bond thereby forming a triple bond when v is equal to 2;

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R¹³, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CF_2)_wCF_3$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13a}R^{13a}', (CH_2)_qOH, (CH_2)_qOR^{13b}, (CH_2)_qSH, \\ (CH_2)_qSR^{13b}, (CH_2)_wC(O)OH, (CH_2)_wC(O)R^{13b}, \\ (CH_2)_wC(O)NR^{13a}R^{13a}', (CH_2)_qNR^{13d}C(O)R^{13a}, \\ (CH_2)_wC(O)OR^{13b}, (CH_2)_qOC(O)R^{13b}, (CH_2)_wS(O)_pR^{13b},$

 $(CH_2)_wS(O)_2NR^{13a}R^{13a}$, $(CH_2)_qNR^{13d}S(O)_2R^{13b}$, and $(CH_2)_w$ -phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;

- R^{13a} and $R^{13a'}$, at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
 - R^{13b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{13c} ;
- R^{13c} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C1, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rOH$, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, and $(CH_2)_rNR^{13d}R^{13d}$;
- R^{13d} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

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 R^{15} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, 20 $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO_2 , CN, (CHR') rNR^{15a}R^{15a}', (CHR') rOH, (CHR') rO (CHR') rR^{15d}, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, 25 $(CHR')_rOC(O)NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}C(O)NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{15d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15aR^{15a'}}$, $(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{15f})NR^{15f}R^{15f}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, $(CHR')_rS(O)_2NR^{15a}R^{15a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{15f}S(O)_2(CHR')_rR^{15b}$, C_{1-6} 30 haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', (CHR')rphenyl

substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered

heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e};

- 5 R', at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, and $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl substituted with R^{15e} ;
- R^{15a} and R^{15a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-10 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- alternatively, R^{15a} and R^{15a}, along with the N to which they are attached, join to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-2 heteroatoms selected from NR^{15g}, O, and S and optionally fused with a benzene ring or a 6-membered aromatic heterocycle;

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- R^{15b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-6} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{15e} ;
- R^{15d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ 5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{15e} ;

R^{15e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{15f}R^{15f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;

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 R^{15f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;

 R^{15g} is selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, $(CH_2)_r$ phenyl, $C(0)R^{15f}$, $C(0)OR^{15f}$, and SO_2R^{15f} ;

R¹⁶, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-8} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, Br, I, F, NO₂, CN, $(CHR')_rNR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rOH$,

15 $(CHR')_rO(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rSH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)H$, $(CHR')_rS(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)OH$, $(CHR')_rC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$, $(CHR')_rNR^{16f}C(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(O)O(CHR')_rR^{16d}$, $(CHR')_rOC(O)(CHR')_rR^{16b}$, $(CHR')_rC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16a}R^{16a'}$,

(CHR')_rNHC(=NR^{16f})NR^{16f}R^{16f}, (CHR')_rS(O)_p(CHR')_rR^{16b}, (CHR')_rS(O)₂NR^{16a}R^{16a'}, (CHR')_rNR^{16f}S(O)₂(CHR')_rR^{16b}, C₁₋₆ haloalkyl, C₂₋₈ alkenyl substituted with 0-3 R', C₂₋₈ alkynyl substituted with 0-3 R', and (CHR')_rphenyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e};

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- R^{16a} and R^{16a} , at each occurrence, are selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_r-C_{3-10}$ carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-5 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r-5-10$ membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 R^{16e} ;
- R^{16b} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, a $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ carbocyclic residue

substituted with 0-3 $\rm R^{16e}$, and a $\rm (CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-2 $\rm R^{16e}$;

- 5 R^{16d} , at each occurrence, is selected from C_{3-8} alkenyl, C_{3-8} alkynyl, methyl, CF_3 , C_{2-6} alkyl substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , a $(CH_2)_r$ - C_{3-10} carbocyclic residue substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} , and a $(CH_2)_r$ -5-6 membered heterocyclic system containing 1-4 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, substituted with 0-3 R^{16e} ;
 - R^{16e}, at each occurrence, is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-8} alkenyl, C_{2-8} alkynyl, $(CH_2)_rC_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, Cl, F, Br, I, CN, NO_2 , $(CF_2)_rCF_3$, $(CH_2)_rOC_{1-5}$ alkyl, OH, SH, $(CH_2)_rSC_{1-5}$ alkyl, $(CH_2)_rNR^{16f}R^{16f}$, and $(CH_2)_rphenyl$;
 - R^{16f} , at each occurrence, is selected from H, C_{1-5} alkyl, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, and phenyl;
- 20 v is selected from 0, 1, and 2;

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- t is selected from 1 and 2;
- w is selected from 0 and 1;
- r is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;
 - q is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5; and
- 30 p is selected from 0, 1, and 2.

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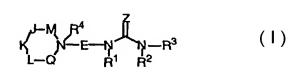
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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



(54) Title: N-UREIDOALKYL-PIPERIDINES AS MODULATORS OF CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR ACTIVITY



(57) Abstract: The present application describes modulators of CCR3 of formula (I), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, useful for the prevention of asthma and other allergic diseases.

Internal Application No PCT/US 01/19745

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C07D A61K A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, BIOSIS, BEILSTEIN Data, CHEM ABS Data

NTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
EP 0 903 349 A (HOFFMANN LA ROCHE)	1-11
Scheme G on page 44 claim 1; examples 2,9,13	1-11
WO 97 24325 A (TAKEDA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES LTD ;KATO KANEYOSHI (JP); YAMAMOTO MITS) 10 July 1997 (1997-07-10) claims; examples 27-2	1-11
EP 0 685 463 A (CHUGAI PHARMACEUTICAL CO LTD) 6 December 1995 (1995-12-06) page 95, line 6; example 59	· 1–11
US 2 993 897 A (US VITAMIN & PHARMACEUTICAL CO) example 2; table	1-11
	EP 0 903 349 A (HOFFMANN LA ROCHE) 24 March 1999 (1999-03-24) *Scheme G on page 44* claim 1; examples 2,9,13 WO 97 24325 A (TAKEDA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES LTD; KATO KANEYOSHI (JP); YAMAMOTO MITS) 10 July 1997 (1997-07-10) claims; examples 27-2 EP 0 685 463 A (CHUGAI PHARMACEUTICAL CO LTD) 6 December 1995 (1995-12-06) page 95, line 6; example 59 US 2 993 897 A (US VITAMIN & PHARMACEUTICAL CO)

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Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in annex.
Special categories of cited documents: A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance E' earlier document but published on or after the international filing date L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means P' document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	 "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "&" document member of the same patent family
7 February 2002 Name and mailing address of the ISA	Date of mailing of the international search report 17/05/2002 Authorized officer
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31–70) 340–2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31–70) 340–3016	Härtinger, S

Internat Application No
PCT/US 01/19745

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT								
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.						
A	DE 26 14 189 A (HOECHST AG) 20 October 1977 (1977-10-20) claim 1; examples 4,5	1-11						

onal application No. PCT/US 01/19745

Box I	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This Inte	rnational Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. χ	Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
2. X	Claims Nos.: 12-37 because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically: see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
з. 🗌	Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Inte	ernational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
	see additional sheet
1.	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. X	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: 1 (part) - 11 (part)
Remark	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1(part)-11(part)

Compounds of the formula I having E in the meaning of a C2 to C3 carbon spacer comprising one ring carbon atom (CR11R12)

2. Claims: 1(part)-37(part)

Compounds of the formula I having E in the meaning of a C2,C3 or C4 carbon alkylene spacer without a ring carbon atom

3. Claims: 12(part)-37(part)

Compounds of the formula I having E in the meaning of a C2 to C4 carbon spacer embracing a ring formed from (CR9R10)v

4. Claims: 12(part)-37(part)

Compounds of the formula I having E in the meaning of a C2 to C4 unsaturated carbon spacer formed from (CR9R10)v

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.1

Although claims 9-11 and claims 32-37 are directed to a method of treatment of the human body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the searched compounds, i.e. that portion of the claims which is considered to be both, sufficiently clear and unitary.

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 12-37

The present claims contain so many possible permutations, alternatives and conditional definitions that a lack of clarity within the meaning of Article 6 PCT arises to such an extent as to render a meaningful search of the claims impossible. In particular, within the eight pages of definition given for the compound of the general formula I according to independent claim 1 and within the seventeen pages of definitions given for the compound of the formula I according to independent claim 12, severe inconsistencies have been found:

i) within each of the said claims;

ii) between the subject-matter claimed in claims1 and claim 12 referring to the very same formula I;

iii) between the said claims and the invention as characterised in the description.

In claim-1, the cyclic moiety containing the variables M, J, K, L and Q, must have six memberes owing to the definitions provided for the said variables on claim page 379. Thus, the cyclic moiety may only represent a piperidine ring. However, certain alternative definitions for the residues R4 (see page 381, line 7), R7 (see page 382, line 16) or R9 (see page 382, line 21) also allow for a five membered pyrrolidinium ring embracing the variables M, J, K, L and Q, and thus, contradict the previously discussed definition. This contradiction is also present between claims 1 and 12. Although according to claim 12 the ring element M may optionally be absent, the constitution of the ring as defined in claim 12 contains further inconsistencies, for instance as to the meaning of same ring with respect to ring element J being CHR6 or CHR13/CR5R6 or CR5R13 (see the provisio on claim page 394, lines13 and 20), and thus the nature of the said ring remains unclear. It is noted that the description can also not clarify this discrepancy, because there are mentioned a large number of examples which neither fall within the scope of claim 1 nor claim 12. In particular, the definitions given for the varibale E in claims 1 and 12 are different to a large extent. It would appear that E as defined on claim page 379 must comprise a ring atom, which is CR11R12 (see defintion given on page 382, lines 24-26). The majority of "illustrative examples of the description" (see page 136), however, do have a simple alkylene bridge in place of the said variable E, thus contradicting claim 1 (see e.g. examples 1-3,5-6, Table 1, etc.). This discrepancy is also evident in claim 12. Although, R11 and R12 may stand for acyclic residues, the condition set out on claim page 405, lines 23-27, require that the bridging spacer E comprises either at least on cyclic structure, or a double or a triple bond. The examples having simple alkylene bridges E, clearly contradict also the definitions given

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

in claim 12.

In view of this inconsistency the scope of the claim for which protection is sought cannot be resonably assessed. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the application which do appear to be consistent with the first claimed invention, i.e. a piperidine containing urea derivative of the formula I according to claim 1, having the spacer E in the meaning of a C2-to C4-bridge, which must comprise a ring carbon atom CR11R12, such as the compound obtained in Part C of the preparation disclosed on page 158.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

In mation on patent family members

Internat Application No
PCT/US 01/19745

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